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Glossary (1/3)

ADB	Asian Development Bank
Administrative Proceedings' Code	Administrative Proceedings' Code of the Republic of Uzbekistan, adopted by virtue of the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. ZRU-462 dated 25 January 2018
AmCham	American Chamber of Commerce and Industry of Uzbekistan
CBU (Regulator)	Central Bank of Uzbekistan
BCU	Basic Calculated Unit
CCI	Chamber of Commerce and Industry of the Republic of Uzbekistan
CFC	Controlled Foreign Corporations
CIS	Commonwealth of Independent States
CIT	Corporate Income Tax
Civil Procedural Code	Civil Procedural Code adopted by virtue of the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. ZRU-460 dated 22 January 2018
СРІ	Consumer Price Index
CPS	Center for Public Services under the Ministry of Justice of Uzbekistan
Economic Courts	Economic courts of the Republic of Karakalpakstan, regions and Tashkent city, as well as inter-district, district (city) economic courts
Economic Procedural Code	Economic Procedural Code of the Republic of Uzbekistan, adopted by virtue of the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. ZRU-461 dated 24 January 2018
FEZ	Free Economic Zones
FTA	Free Trade Agreement
FX	Foreign Exchange

Glossary (2/3)

GDP	Gross Domestic Product	
GNI	Gross National Income	
ICAC	International Commercial Arbitration Court	
JSC	Joint Stock Company	
KPI	Key performance indicator	
Law on Courts	Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On State Courts" (adopted by virtue of the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. 162-II dated 14 December 2000)	
Law on Domestic Arbitration	Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Arbitration Courts" No. ZRU-64 dated 16 October 2006	
Licensing Law	Law "On Licensing of Certain Types of Activities" No. ZRU-71-II dated 25 May 2000	
LexUz	National legislative database of Uzbekistan – LexUz	
Migration Agency	Agency for External Labour Migration of the Republic of Uzbekistan	
MMW	Minimum Monthly Wage	
MFU	Ministry of the Finance of Republic Uzbekistan	
NBU (Commercial bank)	National Bank of Uzbekistan	
New York Convention	Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards 1958	
OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development	
PIT	Personal Income Tax	
Presidential Resolution No. UP-6044	Presidential Resolution "On Measures to Principally Improve Licensing and Authorization Procedures" No. 6044 dated 24 August 2020	
PSA	Production Sharing Agreement	
Presidential Decree No. UP-6034	Presidential Decree No. UP-6034 as of 2 July 2020 "On Additional Measures for the Further Improvement of the State Courts' Operations and Increasing the Efficiency of Justice Administration"	

Glossary (3/3)

scs	The State Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan on Statistics	
SEZ	Special Economic Zone	
Single Public Services Portal	Single Portal of Interactive Public Services of Uzbekistan	
Single Registry	Single State Register of Enterprises and Organizations	
SIZ	Special Industrial zone	
SOE	State-owned enterprise	
ST	Social Tax	
TIAC	Tashkent International Arbitration Centre	
TP	Transfer Pricing	
UAIS	Unified Automated Information System	
UEISFTO	Unified Electronic Information System on Foreign Trade Operations	
USD	United States Dollar	
Uzstandard Agency	Uzbek Agency of Standardization, Metrology and Certification	
UzCSD	Uzbekistan Central Securities Deposit	
UzEX	Uzbek Commodity Exchange	
UzRCE	Uzbekistan Republican Currency Exchange	
UZS	Uzbek Soum	
VAT	Value Added Tax	
WB	World Bank	

Introduction (1/3)

Uzbekistan is going through significant economic, social and political reforms and changes. These reforms are associated with Shavkat Mirziyoyev, who was elected as the President of Uzbekistan in December 2016. The presidential elections proved to be a watershed moment in the development course of the country. The Government of Uzbekistan identified private sector as a key driver of economic development. One of the first measures taken by the new government was the creation of the online "virtual reception halls" of Prime Minister and President. The reception halls have become an important feedback mechanism and means of dialogue with the general public and business society. Similar initiatives have been launched at all levels of the government, including local and regional khokimiyats, local branches of executive power.

In February 2017, the Government of Uzbekistan adopted a mid-term development strategy - the Strategy of Actions for 2017-2021. The Strategy is the first holistic national development roadmap adopted by the Government of Uzbekistan, which focuses on five priority areas:

- Improving public administration and strengthening civil society
- Reforming the judiciary system and ensuring its independence
- Economic liberalisation
- Improving education, healthcare, public infrastructure, and social safety nets
- Safety, inter-ethnic and religious tolerance and promoting friendly and cooperative relationships with other countries

Within the framework of the Strategy implementation, the Government of Uzbekistan initiated a number of key reforms, including:

- The liberalization of the foreign exchange market and the unification of multiple exchange rates;
- Tax and customs reforms;
- Administrative reforms that also included financial decentralization and development of public-private partnerships;
- Reforms in the financial and banking sectors;
- Reforms in the education, medicine and construction sectors;
- Privatisation of state-owned companies (SOE);
- Reforms of the competitive environment in various sectors of the economy;
- And closer regional cooperation with neighbors

In general, thanks to the comprehensive and deep economic reforms, the economy of Uzbekistan has become more dynamic and living standards of population have significantly improved. The reforms have improved investment climate, removed major market distortions and unlocked potential of private entrepreneurship. As a result, Uzbekistan's economy has become much more open and market-oriented economy.

A surge in both domestic and foreign investment and a pickup in domestic consumption boosted real GDP growth from 4.5 percent in 2017 to 5.1 percent in 2018, and further to 5.4 percent in 2019.

This upward trajectory was interrupted by the COVID-19 health crisis in 2020. To mitigate the health, social and economic impact of the pandemic, the Government has taken unprecedented anti-crisis policy measures. They have focused on containing the virus, protecting lives and livelihoods, and keeping the most affected sectors of the economy afloat. These efforts include sizable additional spending on health care and social assistance and financial support to firms in specific sectors. They have been financed by the emergency borrowing from the international financial institutions, such as the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund and the Asian Development Bank. The Government has also reconsidered and sequestered the state budget for 2020.

The pandemic has highlighted the vulnerability of certain groups of population. In response to this, the relevant Government agencies started drafting Poverty Reduction and Employment Strategies. Persistent COVID-19 disruptions at the local and international levels have tempered prospects for a quick recovery in 2021. Nevertheless, international financial institutions project that the 2021 growth prospects of Uzbekistan remain positive. Growth is projected to rise to 5.5-6 percent in 2021, supported by market reforms to address production bottlenecks and liberalize the economy.

The Government projections show that the economic growth is expected to accelerate in the coming years due to the expansion in domestic and foreign investments, higher access to credits, higher domestically driven demand due to wage increases, further price liberalization and higher exports due to better income dynamics in key trading partner countries.

Introduction (2/3)

Sectoral composition of GDP in Uzbekistan has remained more or less stable in the past 5 years. Agriculture is one of the two main sectors, accounting for 25% of GDP in 2019, while the share of manufacturing in GDP was 27%. Starting from 2017, agricultural sector growth has slowed down predominantly due to reduction in area allocated for cotton farming and reforming the cotton farms to textile clusters, falling from 6.1% in 2015 to 2.5% in 2019.

Since 2016, the growth rate of manufacturing sector has outpaced the growth of overall economy with average value of 6.6%. In 2019, main sub-sectors of overall manufacturing industry are metallurgy industry (17.8% share), manufacture of food products (11%), manufacture of motors vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers (10.3%) and textile production (9.3%). Although the mining industry's share (5.87%) in GDP as of 2019 is relatively small, it remains as a key contributor to Uzbekistan's exports. The mining sector has withstood the impact of 2017 currency devaluation well.

One of the fastest growing sectors is tourism and hospitality industry. In just 5 years the number of inbound tourists have almost quadrupled from 1.9 million in 2014 to over 7 million in 2019. However, the tourism sector constitutes a small proportion of the country's GDP.

Uzbekistan has been experiencing a construction boom in recent years. The average growth rate of construction sector was 13.1% over the last 5 years with the peak value of 19% in 2019. In the coming years the construction sector is expected to keep expanding due to higher infrastructure investment, extended credits as a result of financial sector developments and further foreign direct investment.

In recent years inflation has become one of the main problems for the Government of Uzbekistan. After falling to a single digit in 2016, inflation rose to 27.5% and 19.2% in 2018 and 2019. (SCS (2019)) This increase in inflation is explained by the accompanying price liberalization, a significant increase in government spending, and removal of import barriers. At the same time, the country's economy remains highly dependent on imported raw materials and capital. It is expected that within 2020-2024 inflation in the country will decrease in view of the possible higher CBU independence and adoption of inflation-targeting policy. (See the Draft Presidential Decree "On improving the state monetary policy and increasing the effectiveness of measures of the GoU and the CBU to ensure price stability in the economy." https://regulation.gov.uz/oz/document/8473). Still, the reduction in the inflation rate, in the short-run, may be undermined by expected wage increases, further price liberalisation and extended credit to the economy. (IMF (2019), WB (2019))

High unemployment rate remains the most urgent issue hampering economic and social development of the country. It stood around 9.6% in 2019, and it further expanded during the COVID-19 pandemic, leading to the significant deterioration in living standards of the unemployed population. The problems of employment and low wages are also exacerbated by low labor productivity. Therefore, it is expected that ongoing reforms in education system will have a positive impact on increasing labor productivity and fuel economic growth. At the same time, we believe that such reforms will allow the country to decrease development gap with advanced countries while demographic window of opportunity (the so-called demographic dividend) ceases to exist and an aging population leads to much higher dependency ratio starting around 2040.

As Uzbekistan continues to open up to the world economy, its economy will become more susceptible to the global economic events. As an exporter of primary commodities (gold, natural gas, copper and cotton), Uzbekistan's economy has been negatively affected by the ongoing trade tensions between the U.S. and China. Because of the trade war, the international prices for primary commodities have remained or declined further. This may lead to the increased volatility in international markets.

For the past 5 years, the Government of Uzbekistan ran balanced budget. Since 2017, the fiscal deficit has substantially increased and is expected to peak in 2020. Such increase in public deficit is largely attributed to further liberalization of the economy, 2019 tax reforms and sustainment of socially-oriented policy via a large number of state-led programmes and infrastructure investment.

Introduction (3/3)

In 2019, almost half of the state budget revenues (45.8%) came from indirect taxes (VAT, excise tax). Within the indirect taxes, over 76% of proceeds is provided by the VAT. Direct taxes provide additional 29.1% of the state budget revenues. The rest of the revenues are collected from resource and property taxes.

The state budget prioritizes spending on social sectors and social protection of the population. In 2019, the combined expenditures of the state budget for education, health, science, culture, sports and social benefits made up more 54.2% of the total budget expenditures. Expenses for the economy are the second largest expenditure item and are associated with the spending on infrastructure.

The current COVID-19 pandemic has introduced a lot of changes to the state budget for 2020, leading to a significant fiscal deficit. However, social orientation of the budget is expected to remain in the coming years with a number of social programmes, wage increases for civil servants along with further investments in infrastructure. At the same time, the size of the fiscal deficit is expected to fall due to more prudent fiscal policy, revised tax and customs reforms (associated with possible increments in import tariffs) and privatisation of state owned enterprises.

In accordance with the Ministry of Economy, the size of the informal economy in the country in 2018 fluctuated within 40-50% of GDP and well exceeds the average global rate of 17.2%. In addition, in its recent study, UNDP (2019) provides a number of estimates (using different methodologies for informal sector share estimation) showing that the share of the informal economy throughout the last 25 years was fluctuating around 20-52%. In fact, the large informal economy has been inherent in Uzbekistan economic system and there are a number of reasons why it remains rather large.

However, the recent reforms aimed at liberalizing the economy, reducing the state intervention in the economy and tax burden, improving public services and strengthening the rule of law are expected to decrease the size of the shadow economy, create enabling environment for private entrepreneurs and ultimately increase national income.

Republic of Uzbekistan

Geographic location: The territory of the Republic of Uzbekistan mainly lies between the Amudarya and Syrdarya rivers in Central Asia. Uzbekistan is a double landlocked country.

Coordinates: 41-00 northern latitude, 64-00 eastern longitude.

Area: Total – 448,900 sq. km; including land –425,400 sq. km; water – 22,000 sq. km. The territory of the country extends 1,425 km west-to-east, and 930 km north-to-south.

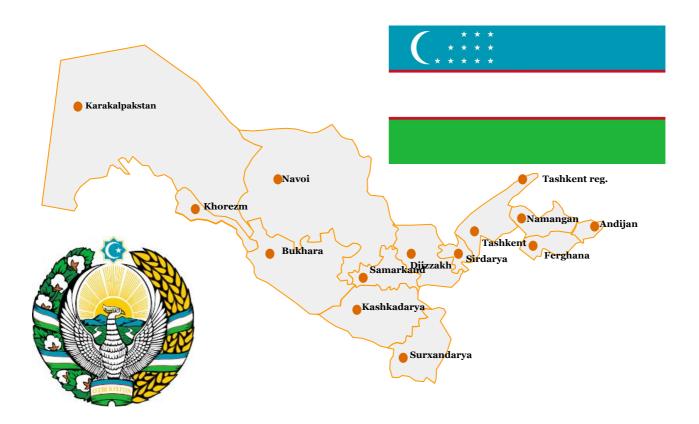
Borders: Total length – 6,221 km. The length of the border with Kazakhstan – 2,203 km, Turkmenistan – 1,621 km., Tajikistan – 1,161 km, Kyrgyzstan – 1,099 km., Afghanistan – 137 km.

Climate. The climate is sharply continental. Average temperature in January falls as low as -6° C, while average temperature in July reaches as high as $+32^{\circ}$ C. Average annual precipitation ranges between 120-200 mm in the valleys, and 1 000 mm in the mountainous regions. The amount of precipitation is insignificant, thus, agriculture largely depends on irrigation. The largest rivers are Amudarya and Syrdarya. Total length of Amudarya is 1 437 km, and of Syrdarya -2 137 km, respectively. There are several major artificial lakes such as Chardara and Charvaq water reservoirs.

Natural resources. Uzbekistan is endowed well with natural resources. The country has major production and mineral potential, unique agricultural resources, significant amount of semi-finished materials generated in the processing, and advanced infrastructure.

Extraction of minerals is based on rich deposits of precious, non-ferrous and rare metals, as well as hydrocarbon fuel – oil, natural gas and gas condensate, brown and half-coking coal, shales, and uranium ore.

Uzbekistan ranks especially high in proven reserves of the natural resources such as gold, uranium, copper,natural gas, tungsten, potassium salts, phosphorite and kaolin clay reserves. For example, Uzbekistan ranks 16th in the world in gold reserves and 9th in gold mining; 16th in natural gas production; 11th in copper reserves; 10th in uranium mining.



Macroeconomic Indicators

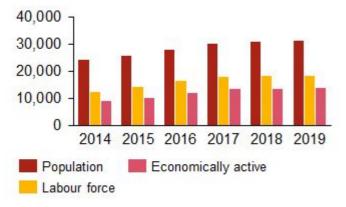
Table 0.1 Macroeconomic Indicators								
Indicator	2010	2012	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
GDP, UZS billion	74,042.0	120,242.0	177,153.9	210,183.1	242,495.5	302,536.8	406,648.5	511,838.1
including:								
Manufacturing, UZS billion	12,997.3	20,462.7	32,136.7	38,466.6	45,397.9	59,570.4	95,803.9	139,812.8
Agriculture, UZS billion	21,251.3	36,954.6	53,613.2	64,680.3	74,779.0	90,983.9	113,660.7	130,599.9
Construction, UZS billion	3,760.6	5,601.4	9,098.2	11,382.6	13,148.0	15,228.6	22,101.1	29,891.5
Transportation and communications, UZS billion	7,337.8	11,911.0	17,003.8	19,158.2	21,113.0	25,305.5	30,616.0	35,824.0
Trade, accommodation and catering services, UZS billion	5,982.7	8,956.2	13,836.3	16,145.3	18,755.4	21,540.6	26,747.9	32,191.5
Other, UZS billion	13,248.7	22,039.3	33,085.3	40,203.2	46,870.7	55,115.8	72,143.1	97,037.7
Net taxes on products and export-import operations	9,463.6	14,316.8	18,380.4	20,146.9	22,431.5	34,792.0	45,575.8	46,480.7
Investments in fixed capital, UZS bln	16,463.7	24,455.3	37,646.2	44,810.4	51,232.0	72,155.2	124,231.3	195,927.3
Foreign direct investments, USD mln	1,636.4	563.0	808.7	1,041.2	1,662.6	1,797.3	624.7	2,314.6
Exports, USD mln	13,023.4	13,599.6	13,545.7	12,507.6	12,094.6	12,553.7	13,990.7	17,458.7
Imports, USD mln	9,175.8	12,816.5	13,984.3	12,416.6	12,137.6	14,012.4	19,439.2	24,292.3
GDP per capita, UZS thousands	2,592.3	4,038.4	5,759.7	6,715.4	7,614.2	9,340.8	12,339.1	15,242.0
GDP growth, %	7.3	7.4	7.2	7.4	6.1	4.5	5.4	5.6
Share of small businesses and private enterprises in GDP	52.5	54.6	55.8	56.7	57.3	54.9	60.9	57.2
Inflation (Consumer Price Index), %	7,3	6,8	6,1	5,6	8.8	13.9	17.5	14.5
Central Bank refinancing rate, %	14.0	12.0	10.0	9.0	14.0	14.0	16.0	16.0
Minimum monthly wage, UZS	49,735.0	79,590.0	118,400.0	130,240.0	149,775.0	172,240.0	202,730.0	634,880.0
Table 0.2 Official foreign exchange ra	tes (as of I	December of	the respec	tive year)				
USD /UZS	1,640	.0 1,984	2,422.4	2,809.98	3,231.48	8,120.07	8,339.55	9,507.5
EUR/UZS	2,165	.1 2,620.3	3 2,987.7	3,074.1	3,419.2	9,624.7	9,479.5	10,624.7
SFR/ UZS	1,707	.1 2,165.5	5 2,456.7	2,849.5	3,151.4	8,207.8	8,381.4	9,753.3

Source: WB database (2020), SCS (2020) Source: CBU (Archives of Exchange Rates)

Demography and Employment

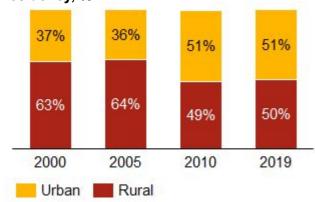
Table 0.3 Demography and Employment										
Indicator	Unit	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Average annual number of permanent residents	1,000 people	29,339.4	29,774.5	30,243.2	30,757.7	31,298.9	31,847.9	32,388.6	32,956.1	33,580.6
Number of working-age population, total:	1,000 people	13,266.1	13,571.4	13,887.6	14,203.6	14,502.1	14,786.1	15,042.0	15,289.4	15,555.9
– of which, women	% of total	41.4	41.3	41.2	41.1	41.0	41.0	41.0	40.9	40.8
– of which, men	% of total	58.6	58.7	58.8	58.9	59.0	59.0	59.0	59.1	59.2
Employment, in entire economy:	1,000 people	11,919.1	12,223.8	12,523.3	12,818.4	13,058.3	13,298.4	13,518.5	13,292.2	13,608.8
– non-government sector	1,000 people	9,549.7	9,860.6	10,182.2	10,493.7	10,717.0	10,968.0	11,103.7	10,810.4	11,066.6
- government sector Source: WB database (2020), SCS (1,000 people 2020)	2,369.4	2,363.2	2,341.1	2,324.7	2,341.3	2,330.4	2,414.8	2,481.8	2,542.2

Population, labour force and economically active population, thousand people



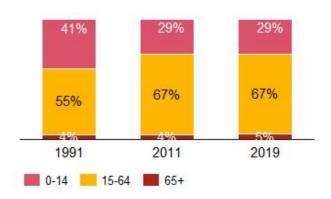
Source: SCS (2019)

Population distribution by type of residency, %



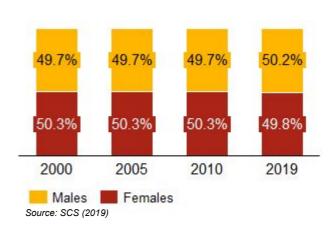
Source: SCS (2019)

Population age structure, %



Source: WB database (2019)

Gender composition of population, %







Registering a company (1/10)

Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. 66 dated February 9, 2017, "On State Registration of the Business Entities" (Annex No. 1) is a primary document prescribing the procedures for incorporation of business entities. A new business entity, regardless of its organizational form, except for banks and credit institutions, can be registered either offline through a local CPS or online through a Single Portal of Public Services at https://fo.birdarcha.uz. Online registration requires that the applicant has e-signature, issued in Uzbekistan. Therefore, if the applicant or the person representing it do not have e-signature, the registration is carried out offline in person.

To register a business entity, the applicant shall submit the following set of documents: (i) standard application form, (ii) corporate name of the business entity booked in advance, (ii) relevant documents in Uzbek language (i.e. charter and foundation agreement), and (iv) confirmation of payment of the state fee for registration of the business entity.

The state fee for registration can vary from 1 to 10 BCU, depending on the type of business entity. For 2020, the base calculation unit is set at UZS 223 000, which is equivalent to approximately USD 22 as of October 1, 2020.

It is important to note that the prior-existing requirement of a minimum amount of charter capital with respect to limited and additional liability companies, joint-stock companies, and family enterprises has been abolished. Nevertheless, if a business entity of any form purports to pursue a licensed activity, it shall comply with requirements for the minimum amount of charter capital stipulated in the licencing requirements. Besides, some forms of business entities, such as unlimited partnership, limited partnership, and enterprises with foreign investments, still have a statutory requirement for a minimum amount of charter capital (see Table 1.1. below).

Table 1.1. The requirements for the minimum amount of charter capital for certain business entities				
Organizational and Legal Form of Business Entities	Minimum Amount of Charter Fund			
Unlimited partnership	50 BCU			
Limited partnership	50 BCU			
Enterprise with foreign investments	UZS 400,000,000.00 (with at least 15 percent of foreign participation)			

If the applicant's representative applies for registration, he/she should present the duly formalized power of attorney. If the power of attorney is issued outside of Uzbekistan it shall be duly legalized and translated to Uzbek or Russian language in Uzbekistan. The accurateness of the translator's signature is further notarized by the Uzbek notary office.

The costs for translation and notarisation of documents issued in a foreign language abroad vary depending on the language, type of document and other parameters. There is a possibility to proceed with the notarisation of documents via the single portal https://e-notarius.uz/, which allows to create a separate account and upload the documents online, find a notary, review the list of available notaries, etc. Below is the table of current average market costs established for translation and notarisation of documents.

Registering a company (2/10)

Table 1.2. Current average market costs established for translation of doc	uments
Language of translation	Cost, per A4 format page (1800 characters) / UZS
English	35,000
Arabic	70,000
Spanish	60,000
Chinese	100,000
German	60,000
Farsi	100,000
French	70,000
Hindi	80,000
* From Uzbek into the languages listed above	

^{*} Translation from foreign languages into Uzbek costs are normally slightly higher

All the documents submitted for business entity's registration are scrutinized by the CPS representatives on the subject of their completeness and fulfilment of the requirements listed within the Regulation on Business Entities Registration such as provision of all necessary information about the founders, the language of the charter and the presence of all other mandatory documents produced in an appropriate form and containing all relevant data.

The procedure of a business entity registration can take from several hours to 1 (one) working day. Simultaneously, in the course of registration procedure, the business entity is registered in tax and statistical authorities through a unified system of state bodies' interaction. A set of mandatory post-registration procedures may comprise up to 10 working days, which include among others opening a bank account and completing the additional information on a taxpayer with the tax authorities.

Registering a company (3/10)

Once a company is registered, it is included in the Single Registry that is managed by the State Committee on Statistics. The Uniform Registry includes general information on all legal entities incorporated in Uzbekistan. Once the legal entity is registered, any third party may have unrestricted access to its basic data via the Uniform Registry at the website of the State Committee on Statistics, such as charter capital, names of participants, amounts of their participation interests, organizational form, legal address, contact numbers of the director and date of registration. To retrieve the data from the Uniform Registry, the third party needs to insert a personal tax reference number of the business entity.

Table 1. 3. Business Incorporation Expenditures	
Business Incorporation Expenditures	
Procedure	Cost in BCU
State duty for state registration of a legal entity	1 BCU for in-person registration and 0.5 BCU for online registration
State duty for state registration of the EFI	10 BCU for in person registration and 5 BCU for online registration
Purchasing of company's seal *	Approximately UZS 60 000 - 250 000
Notarizing the copies of the documents and their extracts for legal entities **	0.02 BCU per page
Notarizing power of attorney ***	0.01 BCU
Notarizing the authenticity of the signature on the documents, including the authenticity of the signature of the translator for legal entities	0.2 BCU per page

^{*} The prior-existing requirement for the business entities to have seal and (or) stamp has been abolished, yet the considerable number of businesses still prefer to use seals or stamps.

^{**} Required in case the documents were issued abroad and composed in a foreign language.

^{***} Worth to note that the costs for notarization of documents as well as the majority of other state fees are established by the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On the State Fee" No. ZRU-600 dated 6 January 2020.

Registering a company (4/10)

Provision of public services to business entities by Single Window

The business entity may use a range of available state services by reaching the Single Public Services Portal, based on the "single window" principle, at the address https://mv.gov.uz or referring directly to CPS in person.

The CPS is an intermediary body which is entitled to provide government services and renders primarily procedural assistance, i.e. accepting and proceeding the relevant documentation, transferring the submitted documents to the appropriate state body, communicating with the applicants upon the need and notifying them with regard to the status of their application. In alternative, the Single State Services Portal was created to make it possible to send the full application in online mode. In order to resort to any of the named services either online or in person the company's director or the chief accountant should use e-signature.

The majority of government services was explicitly determined to be provided by the CPSs (see in particular the List of the Government Services to be Provided Exclusively through the CPS, Annex No. 2 to the Resolution of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. PP-2412 dated 28 August 2015). It should be noted that the list of services provided by the CPS is being updated relatively often.

In particular, the CPSs and Single Public Services Portal currently provide, without limitation, the following government services to business entities:

- Obtaining and renewing the work permit for foreign employees,
- Obtaining and renewing licenses,
- Obtaining the preliminary approval of the Antitrust Committee for M&A transaction,
- Accessing business entities to the engineering communication networks on a turnkey basis;
- Approval of buildings' and facilities' refacing (renovation of facades);
- Permit for reprofiling and reconstruction of the building;
- · Permit for construction and assemblage works;
- Certificate of state registration of rights for land plots;
- Certificate of state registration of rights for buildings, facilities, and perennial plantations;
- State registration of mortgage along with buildings and(or) facilities mortgage agreements entered into by legal entities;
- Authorization certificate of the right of carrying out the alcoholic beverages retail trade;
- Authorization certificate of the right carrying out the alcoholic beverages retail trade by the catering organizations;
- Permit for carrying out mobile / off-site trade;
- Permit for changing the status of residential property to non-residential property;
- Report on conducting a reclamation of lands which have been damaged in the course of mineral resource usage;
- Permit for cutting of those trees and bushes which are not included in forestry fund;
- Permit for a special water use or water consumption;
- Permit for a special use of plant life objects; and
- Issuance of a certificate of EDS, which provides a free access to the entire range of services, rendered by the bodies of state and economic management, local state government bodies and commercial banks, etc.

The Chamber of Commerce and Industry of the Republic of Uzbekistan

The CCI was established in 2004 based on the Decree of the President of Uzbekistan and operates under the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of the Republic of Uzbekistan" (in a new edition) No. 712-II dated 3 December 2004. CCI is a non-government non-profit organization, which aims to facilitate the favorable business environment. Membership in the CCI is voluntary for small business entities and private entrepreneurships, and mandatory for the other types of business entities. Membership in the CCI is formalized by concluding an agreement between a member and the CCI.

Registering a company (5/10)

The CCI members are granted a number of incentives and preferences focused on support and protection of the business sector in Uzbekistan. To illustrate, the CCI members are entitled to the pro bono legal consultations in the field of taxation, customs, commercial law, banking legislation, construction, etc. Furthermore, the CCI assists the business entities to establish and strengthen the links with foreign partners and attract foreign direct investment which would help to create and develop the manufacture of competitive market production.

Another important function of the CCI is the protection of the legitimate rights and interests of its members before the governmental bodies, as well as support of interaction of its members with state authorities, whether it is legislative, executive or judicial branch. In specific, the CCI has a right to participate in pre-trial dispute proceedings between the members and file complaints to the courts on behalf of CCI members without paying the state fee, file appeals against the rendered decisions of the central government and municipal authorities, acts or omissions of the state officials without paying a state fee.

Table 1.5. Membership fees in the CCI				
Entity	Membership fee (in BCU)			
Associated Members	Admission fee	Annual fee		
Individual entrepreneurs	-	Negotiable, but at least 1.5		
Small businesses	-	Negotiable, but at least 20		
Micro firms	-	Negotiable, but at least 6		
All other business entities with mandatory membership	-	From 50 to 200 depending on the main type of activity		

[Source: official web page of Amcham at: http://amcham.uz/join-us-form/]

American Chamber of Commerce and Industry of Uzbekistan

The companies operating in Uzbekistan as well as non-resident companies may voluntarily become a member of the AmCham, which was established in 1997 by the members of foreign business community resident in Uzbekistan. The AmCham is an independent association of business persons and entities that unites mostly foreign companies originating from US, Europe and South Pacific Asia and has over 100 members. AmCham is an affiliate and a fully accredited member of the Chamber of Commerce of the US, and as such, is eligible to use that organization's informational and other facilities.

Table 1.4. Current fees for the AmCham membership	
Entity	Membership fee
Voting Members:	
Companies with the revenues of USD 100 m and above	USD 4,000
Companies with the revenues in the range between USD 100 m and USD 5 m	USD 3,000
Companies with the revenues less than USD 5 m	USD 1,500

Registering a company (6/10)

Non-Voting Members:	
Companies with the revenues less than USD 100 m	USD 1,000
Companies with the revenues less than USD 5 m	USD 800
Non-for-profit organizations	USD 800
Company no-resident of Uzbekistan which has no local representation	USD 1,500

Labour conditions

The Labour Code of the Republic of Uzbekistan, adopted by the Law No. 161-I dated 21 December 1995, is the primary legislative act that sets forth the regulation in the field of labour relations on the territory of Uzbekistan. Among other matters the Labour Code establishes the minimum working conditions which apply to all employers as indicated in the table below.

The Labour Code has a strong social focus, providing substantive protection to the employees' rights. It also sets forth various guarantees to certain types of employees, as well as stipulates special requirements for the procedure for employment contract termination.

As mentioned above, the Labour Code provides additional guarantees to certain categories of workers, including women and individuals in charge of family responsibilities, youth and individuals who combine work with training. The Labour Code prohibits discrimination against women in connection with their marital status, or paying lower wages to women due to their pregnancy or parenthood. Furthermore, minors who combine work and study should be provided with the necessary working conditions for such combination, including the provision of additional paid leaves.

Pursuant to Article 97 of the Labour Code, the employment contract can be terminated only on the grounds stipulated in the Labour Code, which include, in particular:

- At the initiative of the employee or the employer;
- By the mutual agreement of the employee and employer;
- Due to circumstances beyond the control of the employer and employee;
- Upon expiration of the fixed term of the employment contract;
- On the grounds provided in the employment contract with the company's director, deputy directors, chief accountant, or the person, performing the functions of the chief accountant, etc.;
- Due to non-election (failure to pass the competition) for a new term or refusal to participate in the election (competition).

Registering a company (7/10)

Table 1.6. Minimum labour conditions	
Normal duration of working time	Maximum 8 hours per day or 40 hours per week
Duration of probation period	Maximum three months
Frequency of remuneration	At least once every 2 weeks of the month
Remuneration for overtime, weekend and holidays	At least in double amount
Payment for night shifts (10 pm - 6 am)	At least 1.5 - fold
Severance pay at termination of the labour contract	Not less than average monthly wage up to 3 (three) months
Paid annual leave	At least 15 working days annually at the rate of average wage
Paid maternity leave	70 calendar days prior to birth of a child and 56-70 calendar days after the birth with payment of maternity allowance that is calculated by multiplying the average monthly wage by the number of maternity leave days. After the expiration of the above period it is possible to take paid maternity leave up to the 2 (two) years age of a child. In this case the woman is entitled to receive regular payment of public social welfare in the amount of 2 BCU.

Types of working weeks in accordance with work time schedule

Under Uzbek legislation the normal working hours may not exceed 40 hours per week.

The working hours of a business entity are regulated by internal labor regulations.

Following are examples of working hours, depending on the type of business week:

5-days (40 hours) working week - usually 8-hours per working day;

6- days (40 hours) working week - usually five 7-hour working days and one 5-hour working day.

Reduced working hours:

The Labour Code sets out a reduced working hours for a certain groups of employees, as follows:

24 hours per week - for employees, who did not reach the age of 16;

36 hours per week - women with children under the age of three, who are employed in institutions or organizations financed from the state budget;

36 hours per week - for employees, who did not reach the age of 18, people with disabilities (1st and 2nd degree), employees exposed to adverse working conditions, and employees engaged in specific types of work (i.e. medical workers, teachers).

Registering a company (8/10)

Table 1.7. Holidays (non-bus	siness) days in 2020
January 1	New Year Day
March 8	International Women's Day
March 21	Navruz Holiday
May 9	Day of Remembrance and Honour
September 1	Independence Day of the Republic of Uzbekistan
October 1	Teachers' Day
December 8	Constitution Day of the Republic of Uzbekistan
Varied date (set by Hijri calendar)	Eid-al-Fitr
Varied date (set by Hijri calendar)	Eid-al-Adha

Staff recruitment

Business entities can recruit employees directly or may contact the specialized human resource agencies, which maintain databases on vacancies and rates for professionals of different specialties. The cost of the headhunting services is negotiable and is normally calculated using the amount of the monthly wage of recruited employee. In many cases the amount of the offered wage exceeds market (effective) rates by around 30 percent.

The following factors may influence the cost of the service:

- Popularity of the profession (occupation) announced in the vacancy;
- Urgency of the request;
- Selection of several specialists for one position, specialty;
- Command of additional skills by a specialist, enhanced professional requirements;
- Command of several professional skills (competences) by a worker.

Usually no upfront recruitment fee is charged. The fee is paid after actual commencement of work by an employee. Usually recruitment agencies offer guaranteed replacement of a worker within 3 months after commencement of employment (base guarantee period - 30 days from starting date of employment).

In order to support business entities with recruitment of specialists, district (city) Employment Facilitation and Social Security Centers of the Ministry of Employment and Labour Relations also provide support in search and recruitment of employees. This public service is provided free-of-charge.

Registering a company (9/10)

Table 1.8. Average monthly wages					
Descriptor	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Average monthly nominal wages, UZS*	1,293,764	1,457,778	1,822,687	2,324,615	2,584,909
Average monthly nominal wages by type of economic activity					
Industry	1,863,844	2,090,702	2,729,968	3,311,284	3,532,619
Construction	1,619,108	1,777,872	2,292,387	2,751,305	3,050,851
Trade	1,500,523	1,676,493	1,980,772	2,462,764	2,522,089
Transportation and storage	1,763,892	2,028,561	2,505,024	2,966,040	3,377,543
Accommodation and food services	913,367	1,037,910	1,251,493	1,749,182	1,866,566
Information and communication	2,042,224	2,502,162	3,329,592	3,968,846	4,169,588
Financial and insurance	2,140,142	2,694,741	3,497,142	4,804,810	5,412,884
Education	1,038,911	1,160,197	1,381,541	1,843,036	2,089,908
Human health and social work	887,794	979,366	1,171,602	1,534,496	1,811,340
Arts, entertainment and recreation	1,272,108	1,381,881	1,669,219	2,046,631	2,272,731
Other activities	1,109,689	1,261,844	1,742,012	2,300,634	2,602,220

Source: http://web.stat.uz/open_data/ru/Wages_rus.pdf

Personal income tax and social insurance

Total income, including employment income, property income, in-kind benefits and other income paid to both foreign or local employees is subject to personal income tax at source of payment (withheld by employer). Part of the personal income tax withheld from total income is contributed to individual accumulative pension account of employee.

Moreover, there is a social tax charged on employment income paid to both foreign and local employees (payable by employers).

For more details on personal income tax, social tax and contribution to individual accumulative pension account please refer to the Table 2.1.

Recruitment and taxation of foreign workforce

A citizen of a foreign country can be legally employed in Uzbekistan provided that the employer obtains the permit (the state fee of 50 BCU is to be paid for the permit to the company) and confirmation (the state fee of 30 BCU is to be paid for each foreign employee) from the Migration Agency for such employee. Permits are issued in the name of the employer, i.e. legal entities, acting on the territory of Uzbekistan, individual entrepreneurs, as well as natural persons, both residents or non-residents of Uzbekistan which aim to hire foreign employees. The length of the working period of foreign employees should not exceed the term of the issued permit.

At the same time, it should be kept in mind that the current procedure of hiring foreign employees is to be simplified starting from 2021. In particular, pursuant to the Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On the Measures of Cardinal Improvement of Licensing and Permitting Procedures" No. UP-6044 dated 24 August 2020, the employers shall not be required to obtain the permit starting from 1 January 2021.

Registering a company (10/10)

Once the permit and confirmation are obtained the foreign employee can obtain a working visa to have the right to enter Uzbekistan and stay for the duration of his/her employment contract. In this case the visa of type E is to be issued to the foreign employee. Please see the rates for issuing entry visas in Table 2.16.

Regarding the stay of foreign workers in Uzbekistan, once they have entered it with a valid visa, they also need to pass a procedure of temporary registration with the state bodies of internal affairs. The procedure for temporary registration in the Tashkent city and the Tashkent region is prescribed within the Regulation "On the Procedure of Temporary Registration of Foreign Citizens and Stateless Persons Tashkent city and the Tashkent region", Annex No. 3 to the Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. 1049 dated 28 December 2019.

Such registration must be made within 3 (three) days upon arrival of the foreign employee at the destination, excluding weekends and official statutory holidays. The temporary registration is carried out online by sending a notification via the specialized electronic automated program (e-mehmon.uz) or by sending a written notification to the relevant departments of internal affairs of Uzbekistan. Violation of these requirements entails an administrative offense.

For temporary registration of foreign citizens receiving persons or organizations should submit the set of documents to the relevant bodies of internal affairs depending on the place of stay of a foreign employee. Further, within one working day after consideration and processing of documents, the bodies of internal affairs complete the temporary registration of a foreign employee for a period of up to 6 (six) months with a possibility of extension.

The fees for temporary registration of foreign employees can be found in Table 2.16.

Licensing and standardisation (1/15)

Licenses and permits

License documents

Article 7 of the Licensing Law stipulates that specific types of activities carried out on the territory of the Republic of Uzbekistan, which may entail damage to the rights and legitimate interests of citizens, as well as public health or safety, and which cannot be regulated by other methods except for licensing, are subject to licensing. The total list of activities, which are subject to licensing, is determined by the Resolution of the Oliy Majlis No. 222-II dated 12 May 2001.

As of the date of present Report, the licensing and permit procedures are undergoing significant legal reforms. A recent Presidential Resolution No. 6044 dated August 24, 2020 envisages step-by-step removal of bureaucratic barriers in the field of licensing and permits. In order to reduce red tape, time and financial losses, the resolution cuts a number of activities for which licensing is required and reduces submission of unnecessary documents. A number of activities for which licensing was required will be regulated by less onerous means.

The Presidential Resolution No. 6044 tasks the government agencies to reconsider and harmonize all legislative acts in the field of licensing and permits. However, as of October 1, 2020, the Licensing Law or the Resolution of the Oliy Majlis No. 222-II dated 12 May 2001 were not amended.

Therefore, the list of licensed activities and state fees in the Table 1.9 below provides the current list of licensing activities pursuant to the Licensing Law and the Resolution of the Oliy Majlis No. 222-II, as well as highlights the changes that come into effect on January 1, 2021, in accordance with the the Presidential Resolution No. 6044. The respective licensing activities that are subject to change are highlighted in *orange italics* and are further categorized under the asterisks as follows:

- as types of licensing activities to be abolished
- ** as types of licensing activities to be abolished by the way of combining with other types of licensing activities / permits
- *** as types of licensing activities to be obtained by the way of introducing simplified notification procedure

Table 1.9. The List of Licensed Activities and State Fees		
Licensed Activity	Amount of State Duty, in BCU	Duration of the License
Licenses issued by the Ministry of Construction of Uzbekista	n	
Design, construction, operation and repair of defense facilities*	10	5 years
Design, construction, operation and <i>maintenance</i> * of bridges and tunnels	5	5 years
Design, construction and operation of high-risk and potentially dangerous industrial sites	10	5 years

Licensing and standardisation (2/15)

Licensed Activity	Amount of State Duty, in BCU	Duration of the License
Licenses issued by the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Uzbekist		
Design*, installation***, tune-up***, maintenance***, and technical repairs*** of automated fire extinguishing systems, security and fire alarms and combined fire-and-security alarm systems	10	Unlimited
Development, production, transportation, storage, sale, use, destruction and disposal of pyrotechnic products (except for military products)	10	Unlimited
Licenses issued by the National Guard of the Republic of Uzb	ekistan	
Production, repair and sale of hunting and sporting firearms and ammunition for them, as well as cutting weapons (except for traditional knives)	10	Unlimited
Licenses issued by the Ministry of Health of Uzbekistan		
Medical activity	5	5 years
Import (export), <i>storage</i> **, sale (release), distribution, transportation, development and production, manufacture, destruction of narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances and precursors, the use of narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances and precursors for scientific and educational purposes, for industrial needs, including for medical and veterinary purposes, as well as the cultivation of narcotic plants.	5	5 years
Licenses issued by the Cabinet of Ministers of Uzbekistan		
Religious educational institutions	10	Unlimited
Non-government educational institutions Note: some types of activities in the field of educational institutions such as out-of-school education; advanced training and retraining of personnel; organization of training courses for the study of foreign languages***	10	Unlimited

Licensing and standardisation (3/15)

Licensed Activity	Amount of State Duty, in BCU	Duration of the License
Licenses issued by the Ministry of Finance of Uzbekistan		
Audit activity*	10	Unlimited
Organization of lotteries	35	5 years
Licenses issued by the State Committee for Promotion of Comp	petition of Uzbekistan	
Valuation activity*	4	Unlimited
Exchange activities (except for currency exchange)	4	Unlimited
Licenses issued by the State Customs Committee of Uzbekista	1	
Establishment of customs warehouse	5	Unlimited
Establishment of duty-free shop	5	Unlimited
Establishment of a warehouse in the mode of "open warehouse" customs regime	5	Unlimited
Licenses issued by Territorial Administrations of the State Com Departments	mittee for Tourism Development, Tour	ism Development
Tourist (tour operator) activity	From 2 to 5 depending on the the type of activity	Unlimited

Licensing and standardisation (4/15)

Licensed Activity	Amount of State Duty, in BCU	Duration of the License		
Licenses issued by State Security Service of the Republic of Uzbekistan				
Design*, development, production, sale, repair* and use* of means of cryptographic information protection	5	Up to 5 years		
Licenses issued by Agency for Precious Me	etals under the Central Bank of the Republic o	of Uzbekistan		
Manufacture of jewelry and other products from precious metals and precious stones***	5 - for legal entities 2 - for individual entrepreneurs	Up to 5 years		
Licenses issued by the Capital Market Ager	ісу			
Professional activity in the securities market* and ** and ***	4	Unlimited		
	ttee of the Republic of Uzbekistan, Veterinary ments and Veterinary Department of Tashker			
Veterinary activities	10	Unlimited		
Note: some types of veterinary activities in the field veterinary medicines** and veterinary treatment and prevention works***				
Licenses issued by State institution "Uzbekconcert" under the Ministry of Culture of the Republic of Uzbekistan				
Implementation of concert and entertainment activities	from 4 to 50 annually depending on the type of activity	5 years		
Licenses issued by Inspection for Control over the Use of Petroleum Products and Gas under the Ministry of Energy of the Republic of Uzbekistan (Uzgosneftegazinspektsiya)				
Extraction, processing and <i>sale***</i> of oil, gas and gas condensate	10	5 years		

Licensing and standardisation (5/15)

Licensed Activity	Amount of State Duty, in BCU	Duration of the License
Extraction, processing and sale of oil, gas and gas condensate	10	5 years
Sale of petroleum products (motor gasoline, aviation gasoline, extra gasoline, diesel fuel, aviation kerosene, fuel oil, heating oil, petroleum bitumen, as well as technical oils and lubricants), except for those packaged in factory packages (except for the sale of petroleum products through gas stations and oil exchange points).	10	Unlimited
Design, construction, operation and repair of main gas pipelines, oil pipelines and oil product pipelines	10	Unlimited
Licenses issued by State Committee for Land Resources, Geodesy, C	artography and State Cadastr	е
Geodetic and cartographic activities***	4	Unlimited
Licenses issued by Information and Mass Communications Agency		
Publishing activity	10	Unlimited
Licenses issued by State Committee for Industrial Safety of the Repu	blic of Uzbekistan	
Development, production, transportation, storage and sale of explosive and toxic substances, materials and products with their use, as well as explosives.	10	Unlimited

Licensing and standardisation (6/15)

Licensed Activity	Amount of State Duty, in BCU	Duration of the License
Activities in the field of circulation of sources of ionizing radiation	10	Unlimited
Extraction of precious and rare earth metals, precious stones*	10	Unlimited
Licenses issued by Inspectorate for Regulation of A	Alcohol and Tobacco Market under the Minis	try of Finance of the Republic of
Wholesale trade of alcoholic beverages	200 annually	Unlimited
Production of ethyl alcohol and alcoholic beverages (excluding natural wine)	from 25 to 250 annually depending on the type of activity	Unlimited
Note: activities in the field of beer and beer drinks' production***		
Licenses issued by Agency for the Development of Uzbekistan	the Pharmaceutical Industry under the Mini	stry of Health of the Republic of
Retail sale of medicines and medical products	10	5 years
Note: some types of retail sale such as retail sale of ophthalmic medical devices (optics)***		
Pharmaceutical activity	10	5 years
Note: some types of pharmaceutical activities such as production of medical products*; manufacturing of medical products*; wholesale of medical products*; packing and wholesale of raw plant materials of used for medical purposes*.		
Licenses issued by Territorial divisions of the Agen Republic of Karakalpakstan, regions and Tashkent		ublic of Uzbekistan in the
Realtor activity*	4	Unlimited

Licensing and standardisation (7/15)

Licensed Activity	Amount of State Duty, in BCU	Duration of the License
Licenses issued by the Ministry of Public Education of the Re Tashkent city, regional departments of public education	public of Karakalpakstan, Depart	tment of Public Education of
Activities of non-state educational institutions in the field of organizing training courses for teaching foreign languages	10	Unlimited
Licenses issued by Agency for the Development of the Insura Uzbekistan	nce Market under the Ministry of	Finance of the Republic of
Insurance activities of insurers and insurance brokers	10	Unlimited
Licenses issued by State Committee for the Defense Industry	of the Republic of Uzbekistan	
Development, production, repair and sale of weapons and ammunition for them, protective equipment, military equipment, spare parts, components and devices for them, if they are not used in other industries, as well as special materials and special equipment for their production.	5	5 years
Elimination (destruction, utilization, burial) and processing of released military-technical means.	5	5 years
Licenses and accreditation certificates issued by the Ministry	of Construction of the Republic o	of Uzbekistan
Drafting architectural and urban building documents	from 20 to 75 depending on the type of activity	Unlimited
Examination of construction projects / designs	20	5 years

Licensing and standardisation (8/15)

Amount of State Duty, in BCU	Duration of the License
10	5 years
rmation Technologies and Communica	tions of Uzbekistan
from 2 to 140 000 annually depending on the type of activity	from 5 to 15 years depending on the type of telecommunication network
0.1 percent of the minimum amount of the bank's charter capital	Unlimited
5	Unlimited
4	Unlimited
5	Unlimited
2	Unlimited
	from 2 to 140 000 annually depending on the type of activity 0.1 percent of the minimum amount of the bank's charter capital 5

Licensing and standardisation (9/15)

Licensed Activity	Amount of State Duty, in BCU	Duration of the License		
Pawnshop operations***	5	Unlimited		
Production of blank forms for securities*	4	5 years		
Licenses issued by the Agency for Intellectual Property of Uzbekistan				
Reproduction of audio and video records, sound tracks and computer software products*	10	5 years		
Production of sound recordings*	10	5 years		
Ministry of Transport of the Republic of Uzbekistan				
Urban*, suburban*, intercity* and international transportation of passengers and goods by road**	from 1 to 28 depending on the type of activity	Unlimited		
Transportation of passengers and goods by rail, domestic and international	from 30 to 250 depending on the type of activity	Unlimited		
Licenses issued by the Ministry of Justice of Karakalpakstan, departments of justice of regions and Tashkent city				
Advocacy practice	1	Unlimited		
Licenses issued by district (city) councils (khokimiyats)				
Sale of approved samples of uniforms for military personnel and employees of ministries, departments and organizations*	2 - for legal entities 1 - for individual entrepreneurs	Unlimited		

[Source: Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On State Fees", https://license.gov.uz

Please note that state fees for some types of licenses mentioned above can be reduced by 10 percent in case of applying online through the Single State Portal.

Licensing and standardisation (10/15)

Permit documents

Furthermore, certain types of entrepreneurial activities require receipt of a special permit. The total list of permit documents in the field of entrepreneurial activity is indicated in the Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers No. 225 dated 15 August 2013 can be found in the Appendix II to the present Report.

As it was mentioned previously the Presidential Resolution No. 6044 tasks the government agencies to reconsider and harmonize all legislative acts in the field of licensing and permits. However, as of October 1, 2020, the Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers No. 225 was not updated to give effect to the legal changes provided for in the Presidential Resolution No. 6044.

Therefore, a list of permit documents in the Appendix II to the present Report is based in the up-to-date version of the Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers No. 225. The respective permit documents that are subject to change according to the Presidential Resolution No. 6044 are highlighted in *orange italics*.

Patents

The Agency on Intellectual Property of the Republic of Uzbekistan issues the copyright protection documents for inventions, utility models, industrial designs, selection inventions, trademarks, service marks, protected designations of origin, computer programs, databases and integrated circuit topographies.

Residents and non-residents of the Republic of Uzbekistan (both legal entities and individuals) pay state fees for the issuance of protection documents in national currency (UZS).

Licensing and standardisation (11/15)

Table 1.10. The List of State Fees for issuing Copyright Protection Documents (in excerpts)				
Purpose of Duty	Rate (in BCU)			
Inventions, Useful Models, Industrial Designs	Residents	Non-residents		
Applications Fees (submission of application)				
Issuance of a patent, conducting formal examination, and publication of information, per 1 invention	1	17		
Issuance of a patent, conducting formal examination, per utility model	1	17		
Issuance of a patent, conducting formal examination, per sample of industrial design	1	17		
Examination Duties				
Conducting examination of:				
– one utility model	2	34		
- groups of utility models, per utility model in excess of one	2	34		

Licensing and standardisation (12/15)

Purpose of Duty	Rate (in BCU)	
Scientific and technical examination of:		
a) one invention	3	51
– group of inventions, additionally per an invention in excess of one	3	51
b) per industrial design	3	51
– additionally per sample of industrial design from two to ten	1	17
Purpose of Duty	BCU	Rate USD
c) when an application of invention contains a report on international search prepared by one of international search bodies according to the Treaty of Patent Cooperation: — per invention	2.5	40
 per group of inventions, additionally for each invention in excess of one 	2	34
Registration, publication and issuance of patents		
Registration of invention, utility model, and industrial design	0.6	10
Issuance of patents [Source: Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On State Fees"].	0.6	10

Licensing and standardisation (13/15)

Standardization

The state system of standardization regulates the general organizational and technical rules for implementing standardization works in Uzbekistan.

The Uzstandard Agency sets general rules and procedures for standardization works, as well as forms and methods of interaction between key stakeholders, state bodies, and public associations.

The State Registry of Regulatory Documents of Uzstandard Agency contains more than 40,000 regulatory documents on standardization: state standards of Uzbekistan, international standards, (ISO, IEC, etc.), intergovernmental standards (GOST), national standards of foreign countries, etc.

Products subject to mandatory certification on the territory of the republic of Uzbekistan shall meet the mandatory requirement of specific regulatory documents on standardization.

Necessary regulatory documents on standardization can be obtained at https://www.standart.uz/ru/page/view?id=47.

Certification

The certification system of the Republic of Uzbekistan envisages that certain types of products (both produced and imported) are subject to mandatory state certification and issuance of conformity reports by respective state bodies (for instance, sanitary and hygienic, veterinary, or phytosanitary reports, etc.).

The certification of products is conducted by certification bodies and testing laboratories (centers), accredited by Uzstandard Agency. The register of accredited certification bodies and testing laboratories (centers) can be found at http://akkred.uz/reestr.

Furthermore, export and re-export of goods produced in the Republic of Uzbekistan are subject to the issuance of the certificate of the origin of goods.

Licensing and standardisation (14/15)

Table 1.11. The cost of services in the field of certification (in excer	pts)	
Service	Unit of Measurement	Cost
Identification of country of origin of goods with subsequent issuance of the certificate (other than commodities of the 84–89 commodity groups of Commodity Nomenclature of Foreign Economic Activity of Uzbekistan – CNFEA)	1 certificate	0,8 of BCU, excluding VAT
Identification of country of origin of the goods with subsequent issuance of the certificate for 84–89 commodity groups of the CNFEA of Uzbekistan	1 certificate	1,3 of BCU, excluding VAT
Drawing up and execution of an examination act / expert opinion without issuing a certificate	1 examination act / expert opinion	0,5 of BCU, excluding VAT
Execution of a certificate on the basis of an act of examination or application-declaration of the exporter, re-issuance of a previously issued certificate, execution of a certificate / expert opinion on the re-exported goods	1 certificate	0,5 of BCU, excluding VAT
Registration of a duplicate of a previously issued certificate, an additional certificate sheet, a certificate issued for units of goods transported by a separate transport.	1 certificate	0,3 of BCU, excluding VAT
Determining the country of origin and issuing a certificate for the entire quantity of exported goods specified in the contract	1 certificate	1,9 of BCU, excluding VAT
Issuing original certificate for submission to the bank; drawing up additional sheets, while reissuing an existing certificate; issuing a certificate for units of goods transported by a separate vehicle; issuing a duplicate on an additional certificate sheet, while reissuing an existing certificate	1 certificate	0,2 of BCU, excluding VAT
Conformity certificate (No. 3, 4, 7, 7A)	1 certificate	Depends on the certification scheme
Classification of products by CNFEA codes	1 item	57, 500 UZS, including VAT
Laboratory testing of commodities	1 item	Depends on the type of commodity
Sanitary and hygiene certificate	1 certificate	Defined by the MoH
Veterinary report	1 report	up to 1 BCU
Phytosanitary report	1 report	up to 1 BCU
Quarantine permit	-	1 BCU
Recognition of foreign certificates of conformity	-	Depends on calculation of the actual costs

[Source: Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic Of Uzbekistan "On Approval of the Regulations on the Procedure of Carrying Out Certification of the Origin of Goods" No. 994 as of 13 December 2019, Regulation "On Payment for Works and Services in the National System of Certification of the Republic of Uzbekistan" MoJ No. 2516 dated 11 October 2013, Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers "On Approval of Regulations on Protecting the Territory of the Republic of Uzbekistan from Harmful Organisms in Plant Quarantine and Permit Procedures in the Field of Plant Quarantine" No. 65 dated 29 January 2018, http://www.expertiza.uz/?page_id=1178&lang=ru.]

Licensing and standardisation (15/15)

Table 1.12. Single lump-sum payment for use of conformity marks		
	Rate of single lump-sum payment	
Sales volumes of certified products in 3 years (excluding VAT and excise tax), mln UZS	(per 10 mln UZS of sales volumes of certified products)	
Under 10 000	0.05 BCU	
Above 10 000	0.025 BCU	

[Source: Regulation "On Payment for Works and Services in the National System of Certification of the Republic of Uzbekistan" MoJ No. 2516 dated 11 October 2013,

Please note that Uzbek law provides for a preference in the field of public procurement for legal entities, which implemented and certified quality management systems. Thus, par. 5 of the Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers "On Additional Measures to Expand Implementation of the Quality Management Systems at Uzbek Companies in line with International Standards" No. 173 dated 19 June 2009 stipulates that in conducting competitive bidding for procurement of products for government needs, the domestic vendors, which have a certified quality management system, shall be given priority other things being equal.

Real estate (1/8)

Regional Territorial Departments of Architecture and Construction are responsible for:

Table 1.13. Elaboration of architectural planning assignments and examination of the business sites*

- Receiving technical specifications for connection to utility grids
- Formulation and issuance of architectural planning assignment (Part I & II) to design institutions
- Approval of the changes in the facade of buildings and structure as well as the general layout of the site.

Below are the maximum fees for services of these organizations.

Notification-based registration procedures by the territorial inspectorates for architectural and constructions-specific supervision of the construction sites and issuance of permits for construction and assemblage works by providing required documents by the businesses. The contract with the inspectors to perform supervision functions for the period of construction and assemblage works is made prior to starting the supervision of the construction site.

Works and services	Maximum Amount of the Cost of Works, in basic calculation unit (BCU)
Drafting Architectural and Planning Assignments (APAs) for construction and reconstruction of the sites (drafting APA I and APA II) for business entities in urban areas	10
Formulation architectural-planning assignments for construction and rehabilitation of the sites (drafting APA I and APA II) for business entities in rural areas	5
Examination of the design and cost estimation documents	3
Conducting supervisory survey in the process of construction	3
Transfer of residential premises to commercial property (preparing Architectural Planning Assignment I and Assignment II with or without reconstruction)	2
Conducting environmental assessment (by categories of environmental impact):	
Category I (High risk)	50
Category II (Medium risk)	30
Category III (Low risk)	15
Category IV (Local impact)	1
* period of review and approval of applications for allotment of land plots for placement of small industrial sites by the authorized bodies shall not exceed one month	
Types of Works and Services	Maximum Cost, in BCU
Development of architectural and planning terms of reference for construction and reconstruction of facilities for business entities in urban area	10
Development of architectural and planning terms of reference for construction and reconstruction of facilities for business entities in rural area	5
Expert assessment of construction documents and design estimates	3
Supervisory surveying in the course of construction	3
Transfer of residential real estate to a non-residential real estate (development of architectural and planning terms with reconstruction and without reconstruction)	1

Real estate (2/8)

State registration of rights for real estate based on "single window" principle

According to the Presidential Decree "On measures for further development of the system of state registration of rights to real estate property" dated 05.04.2019; it has been ordered to improve the quality of public services provided, reduce unnecessary procedures for the sale of real estate, attract business entities in the field of geodesy and land cadastre, develop the digital economy, as well as to fulfill the tasks of the State Program for the implementation of the Action Strategy in five priority areas of development of the Republic of Uzbekistan in 2017 - 2021 in the "Year of Active Investments and Social Development".

Modern principles of state registration of rights of individuals and legal entities for real estate were implemented. According to the implemented procedure, state companies of land planning and property cadastre of districts and towns are responsible for government registration of rights of legal entities and individuals for real estate and respective transactions, including state registration of collateralized property and mortgage agreements. "Single Window" units were established at every state company of land planning and property cadastre in order to oer legal entities and individuals the whole set of cadastre and registration services.

In order to remove administrative barriers, enhancing transparency of services and streamlining permit procedures, the service on "Processing applications for state registration of property rights" was launched on Single portal of Interactive government services of Uzbekistan. Notably, having the required documents (decisions of local authorities, contracts) applicants can register their rights and obtain property title records without visiting the cadastre bodies.

From April 5, 2020, the following procedures have been abolished:

- submission to the state notary office of a certificate on the composition and bureau of buildings and structures in the event of alienation of real estate by providing it with access to the Register;
- requesting state bodies and organizations from the right holders of real estate to affix an inscription (stamp) of the registering authority on the document submitted for state registration;
- since January 1, 2020, the obligation of the borrower to ensure state registration with the bodies of the State
 Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan for Land Resources, Geodesy, Cartography and the State Cadastre of
 ownership of the constructed residential building and mortgages on the basis of the law, as well as submitting to
 the bank a copy of the document on registered ownership for a residential building and a loan agreement with a
 stamped state registration of a mortgage on the basis of the law.

Real estate (3/8)

Commercial (industrial) property

ype of activity on rented premises	Annual minimum rate per	1 sq.m., in UZS, for 202
	In regions*	In Tashkent city
ndustry		
uel industry	6,125	11,700
Chemical industry	6,125	11,700
etrochemical industry	6,125	11,700
Mechanical engineering	6,125	11,700
fachine-tool and tool industry	6,125	11,700
Computing industry	6,125	11,700
ractor and agricultural engineering	5,000	9,450
Construction, road and municipal engineering	5,000	9,450
lechanical engineering for light and food industries and household appliances	5,000	9,450
lanufacture of sanitary and gas equipment and products	6,125	11,700
orestry, woodworking and pulp and paper industry		
imber industry	6,125	11,700
Voodworking industry	6,125	11,700
ulp and paper industry	6,125	11,700
uilding materials industry	6,125	11,700
ight industry		
extile industry	6,125	11,700
Sarment industry	6,125	11,700
eather, fur and footwear industry	6,125	11,700
Anufacture of furniture frames and doors (made of wood)	18,500	11,700
Other light industry production	6,125	11,700
ood industry		,
ood and beverage industry (excluding fish, meat, butter, cheese and dairy industries)	6,125	10,050
fleat and dairy industry	6,125	3,750
ishing industry	6,125	10,050
lour and cereal industry	6,125	13,800
Compound feed industry	5,000	9,450
Other industries	6,125	7,550
Other industries	0,123	7,550
Medical industry	6,125	11,700
•		
rinting industry by cleaning, dyeing, washing and processing of linen and other fabric products	17,375 7,375	37,950
		28,050
conomic Department of Industry	17,375	37,950
griculture	2.460.000	7.671.450
crop production (including greenhouse) 1 ha	2,469,000	7,671,450
ivestock and poultry	3,000	9,450
ish farming (including nurseries) 1 ha	2,469,000	7,671,450
eekeeping 1 ha	1,605,000	4,590,000
/eterinary service	6,125	11,700
Other agricultural service organizations	6,125	11,700

Real estate (4/8)

ype of activity on rented premises	Annual minimum rate per 1 sq.m., UZS for	
	In regions	In Tashkent city
ransport and communication		
Public land rail transport	6,125	30,600
ransport infrastructure (car park, taxi station, parking lots and garages)	6,125	30,600
ransport infrastructure (penalty areas)	1,625	7,950
Car wash	17,500	45,000
Gas stations	22,500	47,100
Services for the transportation of goods and other transport and forwarding services by orders of the population	11,250	28,050
Postal communication	6,125	25,800
Courier communication	12,250	30,600
Conductive communication	12,250	30,600
Radio, cellular and paging communications (along the perimeter of the guy wires, ncluding buildings and technological areas)	51,875	99,150
Building		
Building	6,125	23,400
Design, design and survey organizations	6,125	23,400
Production of plastic windows and doors	29,160	500
rade and catering		
Vholesale	17,375	47,100
Vholesale markets carrying out activities related to the sale of goods (services) in atches	44,375	113,250
Retail	17,375	70,650
Catering	17,375	47,100
Production and sale of semi-finished food products (fast food)	25,000	45,000
Bookstores	2,500	4,500
Renting out of cultural and household items and household items	17,375	47,100
ntermediary services in the sale and purchase of consumer goods	27,125	70,650
ogistics and sales	17,375	51,750
nformation and computing services	17,375	51,750
nternet and computer network service provision	17,375	51,750
Real estate operations	17,375	51,750
Advertising, representation services	17,375	47,100
Marketing research, consulting on business, finance and management	17,375	47,100
Geology and exploration of mineral resources, geodetic and hydrometeorological service		70,650
Editorial offices and publishers	9,875	26,250
Procurement offices for the collection of scrap metal and waste	9,875	26,250
Housing and communal services (HOA facilities)	9,875	26,250
Hotel industry	19,750	51,750
Hostel	15,000	30,000
Ion-production types of consumer services for the population	9,875	28,500
Hairdressers, photo salons, fashion ateliers, shoe repair	15,000	37,800
Pawnshops	22,375	56,850
Baths	29,750	80,550
	,. ••	,

Real estate (5/8)

ype of activity on rented premises	Annual minimum rate per 1 sq.m., UZS for 2020	
	In regions	In Tashkent city
ealth care, physical education and social security		
ealth care	12,250	37,800
eisure and tourism	12,250	37,800
hyto Bar	8,500	16,350
cultural and entertainment centers (billiards, slot machines, discos, etc.)	19,750	51,750
hysical Culture and sport	6125	16,350
harmacy institutions	9,875	37,800
optics and medical equipment stores	15,660	37,500
ocial pharmacies	7,992	26,250
ducation		
raining of personnel with higher and secondary specialized education	9,875	33,150
ncluding training courses)	9,075	33,130
• .	8,125	23,700
seneral education schools for children (for non-state educational astitutions)	5,000	13,950
organization of public catering in educational institutions	6,125	18,150
reschool education (for non-state educational institutions)	4,625	11,700
culture and art	17,375	66,000
xhibitions	14,000	31,500
out-of-school education	5,000	13,950
culture and recreation parks	12,250	33,150
otanical gardens and zoos	12,250	33,150
elevision and radio broadcasting offices	12,250	33,150
-	19,750	117,750
cience and scientific services	7,375	23,400
riving schools	8,750	40,500
inancial and credit activities		
inance, credit (except for insurance and audit activities), retirement enefits	17,375	47,100
uditing activities	16,250	33,150
anking activities	17,375	70,650
Other activities		
nsurance	17,375	47,100
	15,000	33,150
•	15,000	33,150
	4,875	11,700
	17,375	47,100
	7,375	23,400
·	27125	80,100
, •	6,250	15,000
repair and maintenance of cars and other vehicles (including vulcanization)		47,100
	12,250	23,400
	49,500	117,750
aymon in talload types of controls (paymen)	27,125	75,450
rade in buildings and structures of cultural heritage sites	,	10,100
	23 750	56.850
ublic catering in buildings and structures of cultural heritage sites	23,750 27,125	56,850 75,450
ublic catering in buildings and structures of cultural heritage sites ir ticket offices (including railway, transport, etc.)	23,750 27,125 247,375	56,850 75,450 707,100

^{*}Minimum rentals for the use of state-owned property are discounted by 25% in remote rural and mountainous areas. Source: www.gki.uz;

https://nrm.uz/contentf?doc=613901 minimalnve stavki arendnov platy za polzovanie nedvijimym gosudarstvennym imushchestvom za 1 kv m na

²⁰²⁰ god po respublike uzbekistan (rayony i goroda);
https://nrm.uz/contentf?doc=613906 minimalnye stavki arendnov platy za polzovanie nedvijimym gosudarstvennym imushchestvom za 1 kv m na
46 2020 god po g tashkentu;

Real estate (6/8)

Small industrial zones

In order to promote investments and technologies for creation of new competitive productions by concentrating them in dedicated territories with utility grids and required infrastructure, special small industrial zones are being established in Uzbekistan. Meanwhile, these industrial zones are established at vacant territories and government-owned idle manufacturing sites in the regions along with construction of required external connections to utility grids and appropriate infrastructure in compliance with urban building, sanitary, re safety, and environmental requirements. Business entities are provided land plots on average 0.2-0.3 hectares to start a new production and service sector businesses on the territory of special industrial zones. Businesses are granted land plots based on results of the bidding process. Government-owned industrial sites located on the territory of special industrial zones are rented to the businesses for the period of up to 10 years on the condition of investment commitments and creation of new jobs with the option to extend the period of rent provided timely and full completion of commitments based on earlier rent agreements. The lessors are the Centers for renting of state-owned property under the local offices of the State Committee for Promotion of Competition of Uzbekistan. The amount of rent is based on the minimum rate depending on the type of activities performed on the rented space without markups.

According to the Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers №134 from 9 March 2020, the small industrial zone (SIZ) residents are obligated to start manufacturing activities in the industrial zone not later than 6 months after concluding long-term rent agreement. In case of extenuating reasons for the delay in project implementation, the timeframe for starting manufacturing operations can be extended for the period up to 6 months upon endorsement by the management of the industrial zone. In accordance with the Rules and Decree of President № 4363, failure to take any measures on the implementation of investment project by a participant of SIZ within three months after the placement of that participant in SIZ as well as the use of the facility for purposes, other than specified in the investment agreement, can serve as a ground for unilateral termination of the contract (Para 3, part в in the Decree of President and para 46 in the Rules).

Source: https://lex.uz/ru/docs/4758585 Para 66, part 5
https://lex.uz/docs/4384720

Real estate (7/8)

Residential property (1/2)

Professional realtor services on the real estate market are regulated according to the Law "On Realtor Activities of Uzbekistan" and National standard on "Information and Consulting Services in the Real Estate Market". As of October 2020, over 260 organizations have respective licenses for conducting operations on the market of commercial and residential property. The list of realtor organizations is accessible on the website of the State Committee for Promotion of Competition of Uzbekistan: www.gkilicenz.uz

Table 1.15. Quotes for sales and rental of residential apartments in Tashkent (USD/m2)						
District	1-room		2-room		3-room	
DISTRICT	sale	monthly rent		monthly rent	sale	monthly rent
Central districts	\$1,230.00	\$9.00	\$1,090.00	\$15.00	\$1,186.00	\$8.00
Business districts	\$1,028.00	\$7.00	\$900.00	\$11.00	\$1,033.00	\$7.00
Residential areas	\$628.00	\$6.00	\$577.00	\$8.00	\$774.00	\$8.00
Industrial zones	\$605.00	\$4.00	\$465.00	\$4.00	\$519.00	\$4.00
Suburbs	\$448.00	\$3.00	\$322.00	\$3.00	\$401.00	\$3.00

^{*} average prices are quoted based on the offers across the districts of Tashkent, and published on the websites of realtor organizations and information portals:

Source: www.torq.uz; www.dom.vsem.uz.

National multi-listing system of Uzbekistan

In accordance with the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Realtor (Real Estate) Activities" dated December 22, 2010, State Unitary Enterprise "Milliy multilisting tizimi" was established under the State Committee for the Protection of Competition (the Antimonopoly Committee) of Uzbekistan. The enterprise administers and serves as an integrated National multi-listing system of real estate activities and as state information resource in the real estate market of Uzbekistan.

The State Unitary Enterprise has a single computerized professional network, which contains a database of properties including state property and information on professional market users, and operates on the internet in real time.

The State Unitary Enterprise provides support in the following issues:

- effective presentation of real estate sites that are fully described and illustrated using layouts, video, photo and interactive presentations. Specific offers of sales, not generic, as opposed to published advertisements;
- access to a maximum number of sites for sale and rent in any part of the country;
- familiarization with the most comprehensive information about real estate market of the country, fresh news and access to qualified consultations from real estate agents;
- knowledge of relevant analytics of each region: prices, trends in regional markets and objective assessment of current situation.

Real estate (8/8)

Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers about the creation of a unified electronic multi-listing system of the Republic of Uzbekistan (2373/20 from 25/06/2020)

In accordance with the tasks defined in the State Program for Implementation of the Action Strategy in the Five Priority Areas of Development of the Republic of Uzbekistan in 2017-2021, a unified electronic platform for the real estate market was created. In order to further develop the real estate market in Uzbekistan, the Cabinet of Ministers decided to create a unified electronic multi-listing system of real estate activity of the Republic of Uzbekistan (UEMS).

In order to ensure the integration of the UEMS into the national system of electronic services and ensure its direct management and uninterrupted service, it was ordered to establish the State Unitary Enterprise "National Multi-Listing System" under the Agency for State Assets Management of the Republic of Uzbekistan. The Agency for State Assets Management of the Republic of Uzbekistan has been obligated to develop and register, in accordance with the procedure established by law, the charter of the State Unitary Enterprise "National Multi-Listing System".

The main directions of activities of the State Unitary Enterprise "National Multi-Listing System" are:

- creation of the EEMS platform for the real estate market, allowing to provide services for transactions with real
 estate objects and rights to them on the principle of "single window";
- form market prices in the real estate market in an open and transparent manner;
- ensuring the receipt in real time of reliable information about all real estate for sale on the territory of the Republic of Uzbekistan;
- formation of a unified database of real estate objects and on the basis of exclusive agreements on the granting of
 exclusive rights to real estate organizations in the real estate market using the EEMS;
- protecting the interests of all participants in the real estate market;
- creation of conditions to ensure the unconditional execution of concluded transactions with real estate objects and rights to them;
- rating of real estate organizations and realtors;
- providing technical support for uninterrupted maintenance of the EEMS platform.

Commodities and raw materials (1/5)

Highly liquid commodities and raw materials are traded through Uzbek Commodity Exchange (www.uzex.com). The list of such goods include ferrous and non-ferrous metals, petroleum products, cotton ber and cotton processing products, mineral fertilizers, sugar, wheat our, grain and many others. Trading takes place from 09:30 to 17:00 Tashkent time every business day. Deals are arranged through the accredited brokers based on the "Delivery against payment terms" principle, and both spot and forward contracts are traded. The exchange rules envisage advance payments by bidders in the amount of up to 10% of the estimated value of transaction to the escrow accounts at the clearing house depending on the product being purchased. These funds serve as a guarantee of fulfillment of contractual obligations by bidders.

Products UZSiton Sasoline A-80 4911,9 Linter grade 1 type B 38 8 Gasoline A-91 Nitrogen – phosphorus fertilizer 946,4 Scrap magnésium 53 442 Nitrogen – phosphorus fertilizer 946,4 Scrap magnésium 53 442 Ammophos 44:10 (bulk) 2420 Industrial-grade oil I-12A 68 4 Ammophos 46:10 (bulk) 1740,3 Industrial-grade oil I-2DA 68 4 35 GS Reinforcement bar 8 mm 4 857,8 Industrial-grade oil I-4DA 69 3 50 SR Reinforcement bar 10 mm 4 008 Engine oil M10 B2 7 22 A400 35 GS Reinforcement bar 14 mm 6 000 Compressor oil KP-8C 6 66 35 GS Reinforcement bar 14 mm 6 034,1 Engine oil M2D A 7 55 35 GS Reinforcement bar 16 mm 5 745,8 Sunflower oil 12 2 35 GS Reinforcement bar 18 mm 4 363,5 Premium vegetable oil (per piece) 13,4 35 GS Reinforcement bar 20 mm 5 549 Refined cottonseed oil 63,3 50 SR Reinforcement bar 32 mm 4 060 Cathode copper 70,3 So SR Reinforcement bar 32 mm 4 060 Cathode copper 70,3 Road bitumen BND 60/90 4 177,3 Wheat grade 3 2 99 Roofing bitumen (sq/m) 1 5,5 Wheat grade 4 2 75 Construction bitumen 4 845,3 Wheat grade 5 ECO diesel fuel 5 351,4 Polyethylene B-Y456 11 3 Metal foursquare 10 cr 3 SP 4 921 Polyethylene B-Y456 11 3 Metal foursquare 10 cr 3 SP 4 921 Polyethylene B-Y460 11 5 Metal foursquare 10 cr 3 SP 4 921 Polyethylene B-Y460 11 5 Metal foursquare 14 cr 3 SP 4 993 Polyethylene B-Y460 11 6 Mixed fodder 2 750 Portland cement "ITIL" M-400 (bulk) 601 Mixed fodder 4 728 Wire 8 cr 3 7 45 Metal orb 10 cr 3 Cl Metal orb 10 cr 3 Cl Metal orb 0 cr 3 Cl Metal orb 10 cr 3 Cl Metal orb 0 cr 3 Cl Metal orb 10 cr 3 Cl Metal orb 10 cr 3 Cl Metal orb 10 cr 3 Cl Metal orb 0 cr 3 Cl Metal orb 10 cr 3 Cl Metal orb 1		Ouete Abeugend		Ounte thousand
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Gasoline A-91 5442 Linter grade 2 type B 3 46 Nitrogen – phosphorus fertilizer 946,4 Scrap magnésium 5 36 Ammophos 44:10 (bulk) 2420 Industrial-grade oil I-12A 6 84 Ammophos 46:10 (bulk) 1740,3 Industrial-grade oil I-20A 6 84 35 GS Reinforcement bar 8 mm 4 857,8 Industrial-grade oil I-40A 6 97 35 GS Reinforcement bar 10 mm 4 008 Engine oil M10 B2 7 25 A400 35GS Reinforcement bar 12 mm 6 000 Compressor oil KP-8C 6 66 35 GS Reinforcement bar 14 mm 6 034,1 Engine oil M20 A 7 55 35 GS Reinforcement bar 18 mm 4 363,5 Premium vegetable oil (per piece) 12 7 35 GS Reinforcement bar 28 mm 4 363,5 Premium vegetable oil (per piece) 13 4 35 GS Reinforcement bar 28 mm 4 440 Copper rod 19 4 35 GS Reinforcement bar 32 mm 4 060 Cathode copper 70 3 Road bitumen (sq/m) 15,5 Wheat grade 3 2 96 Roofing bitumen (sq/m) 15,5 Wheat grade 4 2 73	oline A-80	4 911,9	Linter grade 1 type B	3 801,3
Ammophos 44:10 (bulk) 2420 Industrial-grade oil I-12A 6 84 Ammophos 46:10 (bulk) 1740,3 Industrial-grade oil I-20A 6 84 35 GS Reinforcement bar 8 mm 4 857,8 Industrial-grade oil I-40A 6 97 35 GS Reinforcement bar 10 mm 4 008 Engine oil M10 B2 7 25 A400 35GS Reinforcement bar 12 mm 6 000 Compressor oil KP-8C 6 60 35 GS Reinforcement bar 14 mm 6 034,1 Engine oil M20 A 7 55 35 GS Reinforcement bar 18 mm 5 745,8 Sunflower oil 12 7 35 GS Reinforcement bar 18 mm 4 363,5 Premium vegetable oil (per piece) 134,3 35 GS Reinforcement bar 20 mm 5 549 Refined cottonseed oil 63,3 35 GS Reinforcement bar 32 mm 4 060 Cathode copper 70 3 Road bitumen BND 60/90 4 177,3 Wheat grade 3 2 98 Roofing bitumen (sq/m) 15,5 Wheat grade 5 2 6 CO disest fuel 5 351,4 Polyethylene B-Y456 11 3 Carbamide (in sacks) 1802,3 Polyethylene B-Y456 11 3	oline A-91	5442		3 463,2
Ammophos 46:10 (bulk) 1740,3 Industrial-grade oil I-20A 6 84 35 GS Reinforcement bar 8 mm 4 857,8 Industrial-grade oil I-40A 6 97 35 GS Reinforcement bar 10 mm 4 008 Engine oil M10 B2 7 25 A400 35GS Reinforcement bar 12 mm 6 000 Compressor oil KP-8C 6 66 35 GS Reinforcement bar 14 mm 6 034,1 Engine oil M20 A 7 54 35 GS Reinforcement bar 16 mm 5 745,8 Sunflower oil 12 7 35 GS Reinforcement bar 18 mm 4 363,5 Premium vegetable oil (per piece) 13,4 35 GS Reinforcement bar 20 mm 5 549 Refined cottonseed oil 63,3 35 GS Reinforcement bar 28 mm 4 440 Copper rod 19 4 35 GS Reinforcement bar 28 mm 4 440 Copper rod 19 4 35 GS Reinforcement bar 32 mm 4 060 Cathode copper 70 3 Road bitumen BND 60/90 4 177,3 Wheat grade 4 2 73 Construction bitumen 8 4845,3 Wheat grade 5 2 66 ECO diesel fuel 5 351,4 Polyethylene B-Y460 11 5 Carbamide (in sacks) 1802,3 Polyethylene B-Y460 11 5 Metal foursquare 10 cr 3 SP 4 991 Polyethylene B-V460 11 5 Metal foursquare 10 cr 3 SP 4 991 Polyethylene B-O220-S 13 1 Metal foursquare 14 cr 3 SP 4 991 Polyethylene B-O220-S 13 1 Metal foursquare 14 cr 3 SP 4 993 Polyethylene B-V460 11 5 Frood-grade acetic acid 99.6% 13 006 Strip 40x5 cr 3 5 00 Oil sludge 2 72,7 Portland cement "ITIL" M-400 (bulk) Mixed fodder 4 757 Liquified gas 6 26 Fodder wheat Grade 4 3 320 Soda ash (in sacks) 14 5 Sugar 7 215,6 Aluminum alloy AR57 14 5 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9998 4 1 Aluminum alloy AK5M2 17 7 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9998 5 6 Household fuel oil 4 02 Sheet glass 6.0 mm, sq.m. 4 0,2 Barley 2 grade	gen – phosphorus fertilizer	946,4	Scrap magnésium	5 363,3
35 GS Reinforcement bar 8 mm 4 857,8 Industrial-grade oil I-40A 6 97 35 GS Reinforcement bar 10 mm 4 008 Engine oil M10 B2 7 25 A400 35GS Reinforcement bar 12 mm 6 000 Compressor oil KP-8C 6 60 36 GS Reinforcement bar 14 mm 6 034,1 Engine oil M20 A 7 55 35 GS Reinforcement bar 16 mm 5 745,8 Sunflower oil 12 7 35 GS Reinforcement bar 18 mm 4 363,5 Premium vegetable oil (per piece) 13,4 35 GS Reinforcement bar 20 mm 5 549 Refined cottonseed oil 63,3 35 GS Reinforcement bar 28 mm 4 440 Copper rod 19 4 35 GS Reinforcement bar 32 mm 4 060 Cathode copper 70 3 Road bitumen BND 60/90 4 177,3 Wheat grade 3 2 95 Roofing bitumen (sq/m) 15,5 Wheat grade 4 2 73 Construction bitumen 4 845,3 Wheat grade 5 2 6 ECO diesel fuel 5 351,4 Polyethylene B-Y456 11 3 Garbamide (in sacks) 1802,3 Polyethylene B-Y460 11 5 Metal foursquare 10 cr 3 SP 4 921 Polyethylene F-0220-S 1	nophos 44:10 (bulk)	2420	Industrial-grade oil I-12A	6 843,6
35 GS Reinforcement bar 10 mm	nophos 46:10 (bulk)	1740,3	Industrial-grade oil I-20A	6 843,6
A400 35GS Reinforcement bar 12 mm 6 000 Compressor oil KP-8C 6 66 35 GS Reinforcement bar 14 mm 6 034.1 Engine oil M20 A 7 55 35 GS Reinforcement bar 16 mm 5 745.8 Sunflower oil 12 7 35 GS Reinforcement bar 18 mm 4 363.5 Premium vegetable oil (per piece) 13.4 35 GS Reinforcement bar 20 mm 5 549 Refined cottonseed oil 63.3 35 GS Reinforcement bar 22 mm 4 440 Copper rod 19.4 35 GS Reinforcement bar 32 mm 4 060 Cathode copper 70 35 GS Reinforcement bar 32 mm 4 060 Cathode copper 70 35 GS Reinforcement bar 32 mm 5 15,5 Wheat grade 3 2.9 Roofing bitumen (sq/m) 15,5 Wheat grade 4 2.7 Construction bitumen 8ND 60/90 4 177,3 Wheat grade 5 2.6 CO cliesel fuel 5 351.4 Polyethylene B-Y456 11 3 Carbamide (in sacks) 1802,3 Polyethylene B-Y460 11 5 Carbamide (in sacks) 1802,3 Polyethylene B-Y460 11 5 Carbamide (in sacks) 1802,3 Polyethylene B-Y460 11 5 Carbamide (in sacks) 1802,3 Polyethylene R-O220-S 13 1 Metal foursquare 10 cr 3 SP 4 993 Polyethylene R-O220-S 13 1 Metal foursquare 14 cr 3 SP 4 993 Polyethylene R-O333 13 2 Kerosene fraction 4 628.4 Strip 36x6 cr 3 5 2 C Food-grade acetic acid 99.6% 13 006 Strip 40x5 cr 3 4 9 C Oil sludge 272,7 Portland cement "ППЦ" M-400 (bulk) 601 Mixed fodder 2750 Portland cement "ППЦ" M-400 (bulk) 601 Mixed fodder 2750 Portland cement "ППЦ" M-400 (bulk) 601 Mixed fodder 3 3 C S Oda ash (in sacks) 22 Mixed 3 C S Oda ash (in sacks) 22 Mixed 3 C S Oda ash (in sacks) 22 Mixed 3 C S Oda ash (in sacks) 22 Mixed 10 C T 3 C T S OD Aluminum alloy AB87 14 S Oda S C S Oda ash (in sacks) 14 S Oda S C S Oda ash (in sacks) 14 S Oda S C S Oda ash (in sacks) 14 S Oda S C S Oda ash (in sacks) 14 S Oda S C S Oda ash (in sacks) 14 S Oda S C S Oda ash (in sacks) 14 S Oda S C S Oda ash (in sacks) 14 S Oda S C S Oda	S Reinforcement bar 8 mm	4 857,8	-	6 971,3
35 GS Reinforcement bar 14 mm 5 034,1 Engine oil M20 A 7 54 36 GS Reinforcement bar 16 mm 5 745,8 Sunflower oil 12 7 36 GS Reinforcement bar 18 mm 4 363,5 Premium vegetable oil (per piece) 13,4 36 GS Reinforcement bar 20 mm 5 549 Refined cottonseed oil 63,3 36 GS Reinforcement bar 28 mm 4 440 Copper rod 194 35 GS Reinforcement bar 28 mm 4 060 Cathode copper 70 3 36 GS Reinforcement bar 32 mm 4 060 Cathode copper 70 3 36 GS Reinforcement bar 32 mm 4 060 Cathode copper 70 3 36 GS Reinforcement bar 32 mm 4 060 Cathode copper 70 3 37 GS Reinforcement bar 32 mm 4 060 Cathode copper 70 3 38 GS Reinforcement bar 32 mm 4 060 Cathode copper 70 3 39 GS Reinforcement bar 32 mm 70 3 50 Wheat grade 3 2.9 39 Roofing bitumen (sq/m) 15,5 Wheat grade 4 2.7 30 Construction bitumen 8 4 845,3 Wheat grade 5 2.6 30 Construction bitumen 8 4 845,3 Wheat grade 5 2.6 31 Carbamide (in sacks) 1802,3 Polyethylene B-Y456 11 3 31 Carbamide (in sacks) 1802,3 Polyethylene B-Y460 11 5 31 Metal foursquare 10 cr 3 SP 4.921 Polyethylene F-0220-S 13 3 31 Metal foursquare 10 cr 3 SP 4.993 Polyethylene R-0333 13 2 32 Kerosene fraction 4.628,4 Strip 36x6 cr 3 520 33 GS Reinforcement are 7 February 1804 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180	S Reinforcement bar 10 mm	4 008	Engine oil M10 B2	7 254,2
35 GS Reinforcement bar 16 mm 5 745,8 Sunflower oil 12 7 35 GS Reinforcement bar 18 mm 4 363,5 Premium vegetable oil (per piece) 13,4 35 GS Reinforcement bar 20 mm 5 549 Refined cottonseed oil 63,3 35 GS Reinforcement bar 28 mm 4 440 Copper rod 19 4 35 GS Reinforcement bar 32 mm 4 060 Cathode copper 70 3 Road bitumen BND 60/90 4 177,3 Wheat grade 3 2 98 Roofing bitumen (sq/m) 15,5 Wheat grade 4 2 77 Construction bitumen 4 845,3 Wheat grade 5 2 60 ECO diesel fuel 5 351,4 Polyethylene B-Y456 11 3 Carbamide (in sacks) 1802,3 Polyethylene B-Y 460 11 5 Metal foursquare 10 cr 3 SP 4 921 Polyethylene F-0220-S 13 3 Metal foursquare 14 cr 3 SP 4 993 Polyethylene R-0333 13 2 Kerosene fraction 4 628,4 Strip 36x6 cr 3 5 20 Food-grade acetic acid 99.6% 13 006 Strip 40x5 cr 3 4 92 Oil sludge 272,7 Portland cement "ITIL," M-400 (bulk) 601	35GS Reinforcement bar 12 mm	6 000	-	6 606,7
35 GS Reinforcement bar 18 mm	S Reinforcement bar 14 mm	6 034,1	Engine oil M20 A	7 543,3
35 GS Reinforcement bar 20 mm 5 549 Refined cottonseed oil 63,3 35 GS Reinforcement bar 28 mm 4 440 Copper rod 19 4 35 GS Reinforcement bar 32 mm 4 060 Cathode copper 70 3 Road bitumen BND 60/90 4 177,3 Wheat grade 3 2 95 Reofing bitumen (sq/m) 15,5 Wheat grade 4 2 73 Construction bitumen (sq/m) 15,5 Wheat grade 4 2 73 Construction bitumen 4 845,3 Wheat grade 5 2 66 ECO diesel fuel 5 351,4 Polyethylene B-Y456 11 3 Carbamide (in sacks) 1802,3 Polyethylene B-Y460 11 5 Metal foursquare 10 cr 3 SP 4 921 Polyethylene B-Y460 11 5 Metal foursquare 10 cr 3 SP 4 993 Polyethylene R-0333 13 2 Kerosene fraction 4 628,4 Strip 36x6 cr 3 5 2 C Food-grade acetic acid 99.6% 13 006 Strip 40x5 cr 3 5 2 C Food-grade acetic acid 99.6% 13 006 Strip 40x5 cr 3 4 9 2 C Food-grade acetic acid 99.6% 13 006 Strip 40x5 cr 3 7 7 7 Metal orb 100 cr 3 CΠ 5 022 Wire 6,3 cr 3 7 7 7 Metal orb 100 cr 3 CΠ 4 728 Wire 8 cr 3 7 7 4 Metal orb 100 cr 3 CΠ 4 728 Wire 8 cr 3 7 7 4 Metal orb 65 cr 45 CΠ 4 757 Liquified gas 6 2 C Fodder wheat Grade 4 3 320 Soda ash (in sacks) 2 2 1 Rice flour 500 Aluminum alloy AB87 14 3 Sugar 7 215,6 Aluminum alloy AB87 14 3 Sugar 7 215,6 Aluminum alloy AB87 14 3 Sugar 7 215,6 Aluminum alloy AK5M2 17 1 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9995 65 Household fuel oil 4 00 Steel wire BP-1 Д5 6 676,5 Sunflower seed cake 2 9 Sheet glass 3.5 mm, sq.m. 35,3 Barley 2 grade 1 9 8 Sheet glass 3.5 mm, sq.m.	S Reinforcement bar 16 mm	5 745,8	Sunflower oil	12 728
35 GS Reinforcement bar 28 mm	S Reinforcement bar 18 mm	4 363,5	Premium vegetable oil (per piece)	13,4
35 GS Reinforcement bar 32 mm 4 060 Cathode copper 70 3 Road bitumen BND 60/90 4 177,3 Wheat grade 3 2 98 Roofing bitumen (sq/m) 15,5 Wheat grade 4 2 73 Construction bitumen 4 845,3 Wheat grade 5 2 66 ECO diesel fuel 5 351,4 Polyethylene B-Y456 11 3 Carbamide (in sacks) 1802,3 Polyethylene B-Y 460 11 5 Metal foursquare 10 cr 3 SP 4 921 Polyethylene F-0220-S 13 1 Metal foursquare 10 cr 3 SP 4 993 Polyethylene R-0333 13 2 Kerosene fraction 4 628,4 Strip 36x6 cr 3 5 20 Food-grade acetic acid 99.6% 13 006 Strip 40x5 cr 3 4 92 Oil sludge 272,7 Portland cement "ППЦ" M-400 (bulk) 601 Mixed fodder 2 750 Portland cement "ППЦ" M-400 (bulk) 601 Mixed fodder 2 750 Portland cement "ППЦ" M-400 Д-20 586 Metal orb 10 cr 3 CП 4 728 Wire 6,3 cr 3 7 75 Metal orb 10 cr 3 CП 4 757 Liquified gas 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6	S Reinforcement bar 20 mm	5 549	Refined cottonseed oil	63,3
Road bitumen BND 60/90 4 177,3 Wheat grade 3 2 98 Roofing bitumen (sq/m) 15,5 Wheat grade 4 2 73 Construction bitumen 4 845,3 Wheat grade 5 2 60 ECO diesel fuel 5 351,4 Polyethylene B-Y456 11 3 Carbamide (in sacks) 1802,3 Polyethylene B-Y460 11 5 Metal foursquare 10 cr 3 SP 4 921 Polyethylene F-0220-S 13 1 Metal foursquare 14 cr 3 SP 4 993 Polyethylene R-0333 13 2 Kerosene fraction 4 628,4 Strjp 36x6 cr 3 5 20 Food-grade acetic acid 99.6% 13 006 Strjp 40x5 cr 3 4 92 Oil sludge 272,7 Portland cement "ΠΙΙ" M-400 (bulk) 601 Mixed fodder 2 750 Portland cement "ΠΙΙ" M-400 Д-20 586 Metal orb 10 cr 3 CΠ 4 728 Wire 8,3 cr 3 7 75 Metal orb 100 cr 3 CΠ 4 757 Liquified gas 6 26 Fodder wheat Grade 4 3 320 Soda ash (in sacks) 2 27 Rice flour 500 Aluminum alloy AB87	S Reinforcement bar 28 mm	4 440	Copper rod	19 477,5
Roofing bitumen (sq/m) 15,5 Wheat grade 4 2.73 Construction bitumen 4.845,3 Wheat grade 5 2.60 ECO diesel fuel 5.351,4 Polyethylene B-Y456 11.3 Carbamide (in sacks) 1802,3 Polyethylene B-Y 460 11.5 Metal foursquare 10 cr 3 SP 4.921 Polyethylene F-0220-S 13.1 Metal foursquare 14 cr 3 SP 4.993 Polyethylene R-0333 13.2 Kerosene fraction 4.628,4 Strip 36x6 cr 3 5.20 Food-grade acetic acid 99.6% 13.006 Strip 40x5 cr 3 4.92 Oil sludge 272,7 Portland cement "ΠΠЦ" M-400 (bulk) 601 Mixed fodder 2.750 Portland cement "ΠΙЦ" M-400 Д-20 586 Metal orb 10 cr 3 CΠ 4.728 Wire 6,3 cr 3 7.75 Metal orb 100 cr 3 CΠ 4.728 Wire 8 cr 3 7.43 Metal orb 65 cr 45 CΠ 4.757 Liquified gas 6.26 Fodder wheat Grade 4 3.320 Soda ash (in sacks) 2.21 Rice flour 500 Aluminum alloy ARSM2 1.71 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9998 41	S Reinforcement bar 32 mm	4 060	Cathode copper	70 373,3
Construction bitumen 4 845,3 Wheat grade 5 2 60 ECO diesel fuel 5 351,4 Polyethylene B-Y456 11 3 Carbamide (in sacks) 1802,3 Polyethylene B-Y 460 11 5 Metal foursquare 10 cr 3 SP 4 921 Polyethylene F-0220-S 13 3 Metal foursquare 14 cr 3 SP 4 993 Polyethylene R-0333 13 2 Kerosene fraction 4 628,4 Strip 36x6 cr 3 5 26 Food-grade acetic acid 99.6% 13 006 Strip 40x5 cr 3 4 92 Oil sludge 272,7 Portland cement "ΠΠЦ" M-400 (bulk) 601 Mixed fodder 2 750 Portland cement "ΠΙЦ" M-400 Д-20 586 Metal orb 10 cr 3 CΠ 5 022 Wire 6,3 cr 3 7 75 Metal orb 100 cr 3 CΠ 4 728 Wire 8 cr 3 7 45 Metal orb 65 cr 45 CΠ 4 757 Liquified gas 6 26 Fodder wheat Grade 4 3 320 Soda ash (in sacks) 2 24 Sice flour 500 Aluminum alloy AB87 14 3 Sugar 7 215,6 Aluminum alloy AK5M2 1	d bitumen BND 60/90	4 177,3	Wheat grade 3	2 997,1
ECO diesel fuel 5 351,4 Polyethylene B-Y456 11 3 Carbamide (in sacks) 1802,3 Polyethylene B-Y 460 11 5 Metal foursquare 10 cr 3 SP 4 921 Polyethylene F-0220-S 13 3 Metal foursquare 14 cr 3 SP 4 993 Polyethylene R-0333 13 2 Kerosene fraction 4 628,4 Strip 36x6 cr 3 5 20 Food-grade acetic acid 99.6% 13 006 Strip 40x5 cr 3 5 20 Oil sludge 272,7 Portland cement "ΠΠЦ" M-400 (bulk) 601 Mixed fodder 2750 Portland cement "ΠΠЦ" M-400 (bulk) 601 Mixed fodder 2750 Portland cement "ΠΙΔ" M-400 Д-20 586 Metal orb 10 cr 3 CΠ 5 022 Wire 6,3 cr 3 775 Metal orb 100 cr 3 CΠ 4 728 Wire 8 cr 3 7 45 Metal orb 65 cr 45 CΠ 4 757 Liquiffed gas 6 26 Fodder wheat Grade 4 3 320 Soda ash (in sacks) 2 21 Rice flour 500 Aluminum alloy AB87 14 3 Sugar 7 215,6 Aluminum alloy AK5M2 17 7 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9998 41 Aluminum alloy AK7 17 7 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9995 65 Household fuel oil 4 00 Steel wire BP-1 Д5 6 676,5 Sunflower seed cake 2 95 Sheet glass 3.5 mm, sq.m. 35,3 Barley 1 96 Sarley 2 grade 1 98	ing bitumen (sq/m)	15,5	Wheat grade 4	2 733,3
Carbamide (in sacks) 1802,3 Polyethylene B-Y 460 115 Metal foursquare 10 ст 3 SP 4 921 Polyethylene F-0220-S 13 1 Metal foursquare 14 ст 3 SP 4 993 Polyethylene R-0333 13 2 Kerosene fraction 4 628,4 Strip 36x6 ст 3 5 20 Food-grade acetic acid 99.6% 13 006 Strip 40x5 ст 3 4 92 Oil sludge 272,7 Portland cement "ППЦ" M-400 (bulk) 601 Mixed fodder 2 750 Portland cement "ППЦ" M-400 Д-20 586 Metal orb 10 ст 3 СП 5 022 Wire 6,3 ст 3 7 75 Metal orb 100 ст 3 СП 4 757 Liquified gas 6 26 Fodder wheat Grade 4 3 320 Soda ash (in sacks) 2 21 Rice flour 500 Aluminum alloy AB87 14 3 Sugar 7 215,6 Aluminum alloy AK5M2 17 1 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9998 41 Aluminum alloy AK7 17 7 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9995 65 Household fuel oil 4 00 Steel wire BP-1 Д5 6 676,5 Sunflower seed cake 2 95 Sheet glass 3.5 mm, sq.m. 40,2 Barley 2 grade 1 96	struction bitumen	4 845,3	Wheat grade 5	2 602,5
Metal foursquare 10 cr 3 SP 4 921 Polyethylene F-0220-S 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 1	diesel fuel	5 351,4	Polyethylene B-Y456	11 392,4
Metal foursquare 14 ct 3 SP 4 993 Polyethylene R-0333 13 2 Kerosene fraction 4 628,4 Strip 36x6 ct 3 5 20 Food-grade acetic acid 99.6% 13 006 Strip 40x5 ct 3 4 92 Oil sludge 272,7 Portland cement "ΠΠμ" M-400 (bulk) 601 Mixed fodder 2 750 Portland cement "Πμ" M-400 Д-20 586 Metal orb 10 ct 3 CΠ 5 022 Wire 6,3 ct 3 7 75 Metal orb 100 ct 3 CΠ 4 728 Wire 8 ct 3 7 43 Metal orb 65 ct 45 CΠ 4 757 Liquified gas 6 26 Fodder wheat Grade 4 3 320 Soda ash (in sacks) 2 21 Rice flour 500 Aluminum alloy AB87 14 3 Sugar 7 215,6 Aluminum alloy AK5M2 17 1 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9998 41 Aluminum alloy AK7 17 7 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9995 65 Household fuel oil 4 00 Steel wire BP-1 Д5 6 676,5 Sunflower seed cake 2 96 Sheet glass 3.5 mm, sq.m. 35,3 Barley 1 97 Sheet glass 6.0 mm, sq.m. 40,2 <td< td=""><td>amide (in sacks)</td><td>1802,3</td><td>Polyethylene B-Y 460</td><td>11 505,5</td></td<>	amide (in sacks)	1802,3	Polyethylene B-Y 460	11 505,5
Kerosene fraction 4 628,4 Strip 36x6 ct 3 5 20 Food-grade acetic acid 99.6% 13 006 Strip 40x5 ct 3 4 92 Oil sludge 272,7 Portland cement "ΠΠЦ" M-400 (bulk) 601 Mixed fodder 2 750 Portland cement "ΠЦ" M-400 Д-20 586 Metal orb 10 ct 3 CΠ 5 022 Wire 6,3 ct 3 7 75 Metal orb 100 ct 3 CΠ 4 728 Wire 8 ct 3 7 43 Metal orb 65 ct 45 CΠ 4 757 Liquified gas 6 26 Fodder wheat Grade 4 3 320 Soda ash (in sacks) 2 24 Rice flour 500 Aluminum alloy AB87 14 3 Sugar 7 215,6 Aluminum alloy AK5M2 17 1 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9998 41 Aluminum alloy AK7 17 7 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9995 65 Household fuel oil 4 00 Steel wire BP-1 Д5 6 676,5 Sunflower seed cake 2 96 Sheet glass 3.5 mm, sq.m. 35,3 Barley 1 97 Sheet glass 6.0 mm, sq.m. 40,2 Barley 2 grade 1 98	l foursquare 10 ст 3 SP	4 921	Polyethylene F-0220-S	13 188,2
Food-grade acetic acid 99.6% 13 006 Strip 40x5 ст 3 4 92 Oil sludge 272,7 Portland cement "ППЦ" М-400 (bulk) 601 Mixed fodder 2 750 Portland cement "ПЦ" М-400 Д-20 586 Metal orb 10 ст 3 СП 5 022 Wire 6,3 ст 3 7 75 Metal orb 100 ст 3 СП 4 728 Wire 8 ст 3 7 43 Metal orb 65 ст 45 СП 4 757 Liquified gas 6 26 Fodder wheat Grade 4 3 320 Soda ash (in sacks) 2 21 Fice flour 500 Aluminum alloy AB87 14 3 Sugar 7 215,6 Aluminum alloy AK5M2 17 1 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9998 41 Aluminum alloy AK7 17 7 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9995 65 Household fuel oil 4 00 Steel wire BP-1 Д5 6 676,5 Sunflower seed cake 2 96 Sheet glass 3.5 mm, sq.m. 35,3 Barley 1 97 Sheet glass 6.0 mm, sq.m. 40,2 Barley 2 grade 1 98	ll foursquare 14 ст 3 SP	4 993	Polyethylene R-0333	13 242,3
Oil sludge 272,7 Portland cement "ΠΠЦ" M-400 (bulk) 601 Mixed fodder 2 750 Portland cement "ΠΠЦ" M-400 Д-20 586 Metal orb 10 cт 3 СП 5 022 Wire 6,3 ст 3 775 Metal orb 100 ст 3 СП 4 728 Wire 8 ст 3 7 43 Metal orb 65 ст 45 СП 4 757 Liquified gas 6 26 Fodder wheat Grade 4 3 320 Soda ash (in sacks) 2 21 Rice flour 500 Aluminum alloy AB87 14 3 Sugar 7 215,6 Aluminum alloy AK5M2 17 1 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9998 41 Aluminum alloy AK7 17 7 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9995 65 Household fuel oil 4 00 Steel wire BP-1 Д5 6 676,5 Sunflower seed cake 2 95 Sheet glass 3.5 mm, sq.m. 35,3 Barley 1 97 Sheet glass 6.0 mm, sq.m. 40,2 Barley 2 grade 1 95	sene fraction	4 628,4	Strip 36x6 ст 3	5 202
Mixed fodder 2 750 Portland cement "ПЦ" М-400 Д-20 586 Metal orb 10 ст 3 СП 5 022 Wire 6,3 ст 3 7 75 Metal orb 100 ст 3 СП 4 728 Wire 8 ст 3 7 43 Metal orb 65 ст 45 СП 4 757 Liquified gas 6 26 Fodder wheat Grade 4 3 320 Soda ash (in sacks) 2 21 Rice flour 500 Aluminum alloy AB87 14 3 Sugar 7 215,6 Aluminum alloy AK5M2 17 1 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9998 41 Aluminum alloy AK7 17 7 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9995 65 Household fuel oil 4 00 Steel wire BP-1 Д5 6 676,5 Sunflower seed cake 2 95 Sheet glass 3.5 mm, sq.m. 35,3 Barley 1 97 Sheet glass 6.0 mm, sq.m. 40,2 Barley 2 grade 1 95	l-grade acetic acid 99.6%	13 006	Strip 40х5 ст 3	4 923,5
Metal orb 10 cτ 3 CΠ 5 022 Wire 6,3 cτ 3 7 75 Metal orb 100 cτ 3 CΠ 4 728 Wire 8 cτ 3 7 43 Metal orb 65 cτ 45 CΠ 4 757 Liquified gas 6 26 Fodder wheat Grade 4 3 320 Soda ash (in sacks) 2 21 Rice flour 500 Aluminum alloy AB87 14 3 Sugar 7 215,6 Aluminum alloy AK5M2 17 1 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9998 41 Aluminum alloy AK7 17 7 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9995 65 Household fuel oil 4 00 Steel wire BP-1 Д5 6 676,5 Sunflower seed cake 2 95 Sheet glass 3.5 mm, sq.m. 35,3 Barley 1 97 Sheet glass 6.0 mm, sq.m. 40,2 Barley 2 grade 1 98	ludge	272,7	Portland cement "ППЦ" M-400 (bulk)	601,9
Metal orb 100 cr 3 CΠ 4 728 Wire 8 cr 3 7 43 Metal orb 65 cr 45 CΠ 4 757 Liquified gas 6 26 Fodder wheat Grade 4 3 320 Soda ash (in sacks) 2 21 Rice flour 500 Aluminum alloy AB87 14 3 Sugar 7 215,6 Aluminum alloy AK5M2 17 1 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9998 41 Aluminum alloy AK7 17 7 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9995 65 Household fuel oil 4 00 Steel wire BP-1 Д5 6 676,5 Sunflower seed cake 2 95 Sheet glass 3.5 mm, sq.m. 35,3 Barley 1 97 Sheet glass 6.0 mm, sq.m. 40,2 Barley 2 grade 1 95	d fodder	2 750	Portland cement "ПЦ" М-400 Д-20	586,2
Metal orb 65 cτ 45 CΠ 4 757 Liquified gas 6 26 Fodder wheat Grade 4 3 320 Soda ash (in sacks) 2 21 Rice flour 500 Aluminum alloy AB87 14 3 Sugar 7 215,6 Aluminum alloy AK5M2 17 1 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9998 41 Aluminum alloy AK7 17 7 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9995 65 Household fuel oil 4 00 Steel wire BP-1 Д5 6 676,5 Sunflower seed cake 2 95 Sheet glass 3.5 mm, sq.m. 35,3 Barley 1 97 Sheet glass 6.0 mm, sq.m. 40,2 Barley 2 grade 1 95	Il orb 10 ст 3 СП	5 022	Wire 6,3 cт 3	7 795,9
Fodder wheat Grade 4 3 320 Soda ash (in sacks) 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1	Il orb 100 ст 3 СП	4 728	Wire 8 ct 3	7 430.9
Rice flour 500 Aluminum alloy AB87 14.3 Sugar 7 215,6 Aluminum alloy AK5M2 17.1 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9998 41 Aluminum alloy AK7 17.7 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9995 65 Household fuel oil 4.0 Steel wire BP-1 Д5 6 676,5 Sunflower seed cake 2.9 Sheet glass 3.5 mm, sq.m. 35,3 Barley 1.97 Sheet glass 6.0 mm, sq.m. 40,2 Barley 2 grade 1.95	Il orb 65 ст 45 СП	4 757	Liquified gas	6 268,4
Sugar 7 215,6 Aluminum alloy AK5M2 17 1 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9998 41 Aluminum alloy AK7 17 7 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9995 65 Household fuel oil 4 00 Steel wire BP-1 Д5 6 676,5 Sunflower seed cake 2 95 Sheet glass 3.5 mm, sq.m. 35,3 Barley 1 97 Sheet glass 6.0 mm, sq.m. 40,2 Barley 2 grade 1 95	ler wheat Grade 4	3 320	Soda ash (in sacks)	2 218,4
Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9998 41 Aluminum alloy AK7 17 7 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9995 65 Household fuel oil 4 00 Steel wire BP-1 Д5 6 676,5 Sunflower seed cake 2 95 Sheet glass 3.5 mm, sq.m. 35,3 Barley 1 97 Sheet glass 6.0 mm, sq.m. 40,2 Barley 2 grade 1 95	flour	500	Aluminum alloy AB87	14 351
Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9998 41 Aluminum alloy AK7 17 7 Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9995 65 Household fuel oil 4 00 Steel wire BP-1 Д5 6 676,5 Sunflower seed cake 2 95 Sheet glass 3.5 mm, sq.m. 35,3 Barley 1 97 Sheet glass 6.0 mm, sq.m. 40,2 Barley 2 grade 1 95	ar	7 215,6	Aluminum alloy AK5M2	17 157
Gas-extracted lump sulphur grade 9995 65 Household fuel oil 4 00 Steel wire BP-1 Д5 6 676,5 Sunflower seed cake 2 95 Sheet glass 3.5 mm, sq.m. 35,3 Barley 1 97 Sheet glass 6.0 mm, sq.m. 40,2 Barley 2 grade 1 95	extracted lump sulphur grade 9998			17 705,7
Sheet glass 3.5 mm, sq.m. 35,3 Barley 1 97 Sheet glass 6.0 mm, sq.m. 40,2 Barley 2 grade 1 95	extracted lump sulphur grade 9995	65	Household fuel oil	4 000
Sheet glass 3.5 mm, sq.m. 35,3 Barley 1 97 Sheet glass 6.0 mm, sq.m. 40,2 Barley 2 grade 1 95		6 676,5	Sunflower seed cake	2 993,7
Sheet glass 6.0 mm, sq.m. 40,2 Barley 2 grade 1 95		35,3	Barley	1 975
	et glass 6.0 mm, sq.m.		Barley 2 grade	1 954
o-wave state, sheet 40 Sunflower meal 3 20	ve slate, sheet	40	Sunflower meal	3 200

^{*}Average prices are published on weekly quotations taken from official website of Uzbek Commodity Exchange Source: https://uzex.uz/en/pages/weekly-quotes

Commodities and raw materials (2/5)

Vo	Services	Unit of measurement	Tariffs (without VAT)
		Offic of measurement	Tariris (without VAT)
	Services related to exchange transactions		
.1	For organizing an exchange transaction		
	Highly liquid and monopoly products (specified in the annex to Presidential		
	Decree Of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated November 14, 2017 No.	Amount of one deal	0.13% from each side
	PP-3386)		
	For the rolling of ferrous metals and mineral fertilizers	Amount of one deal	0.13% from a buyer and 0.09
	To the foling of leffous metals and mineral fortilization	Amount of one deal	from a seller
	On cotton fiber and cotton lint	Amount of one deal	0.05% from each side
	For other exchange products	Amount of one deal	0.1% from each side
.2	Foreign trade exchange transactions on the foreign exchange platform		
	Highly liquid and monopoly products (specified in the annex to Presidential		
	Decree Of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated November 14, 2017 No.	Amount of one deal	0.13% from each side
	PP-3386)		
	For other exchange products	Amount of one deal	0.1% from each side
	Services of the clearing and clearing chamber (RCP)		
.1	Settlement and clearing services exchange trading participants	Amount for one deal	0.05% from each side
.2	Settlement and clearing services e-commerce participants	Amount for one deal	0.05% from each side
.3	Execution of the client's order for transfer of funds, educated according to	Amount for one deal	0.05% from each side
	legislation		Fores
.4	Account opening (Individual user number)		Free
.5	Account closing (Individual user number)		Free
.6	Issuance of certificates on the availability of cash funds on the account in the RCP		Free
.7	Crediting the amounts of deposits to accounts clients		Free
	Refund of the amount of the deposit to the settlement customer account, in		1166
2.8	order and reason		Free
	established normative exchange documents		1100
.9	Execution of the client's order for transfer of collateral		Free
	Services in electronic commerce services		
			0.06% from each side. Can
1	Commission for for convices in VVAT quetoms	Amount of the deal	charged by choice participal
.1	Commission fee for services in VYAT systems	Amount of the deal	with one of the parties to
			double size.
			In accordance with signed
.2	Commission fee for services in public procurement system	Amount of the deal	Agreement with authorized
			state body
.3	Commission fee for services in system of implementation of state registration	Amount of the deal	5%*
	plates		
.4	Service fees in others e-commerce systems	Amount of the deal	Negotiable
	Information services		
.1	Formation and printing of price quotes on a given (one) date (in paper or	1 commodity position	50% base calculated values
	electronically)	r commodity position	date service delivery
_	Information about natural and price indicators of products sold on all trading	1 A4 format page of	000/ POLL
.2	platforms of JSC "UzEx"	information	20% BCU
.3	Other information services for request	-	Negotiated
	Services for exchange members		
1	Rent of a broker's seat in Tashkent city for 1 month	per one month	2.15 BCU
2	Rent of a broker's seat in regional branches for 1 month	per one month	1.3 BCU
.3	For connecting a trading platform in Tashkent city for 1 month	per one month	10 BCU
.4	For connecting the trading platform located in the regional center for 1 month	per one month	7 BCU
~~	i or commodering the trading platform located in the regional center for 1 month	per one monun	7 000
.5	For connecting the trading platform located in remote areas for 1 month	per one month	0 BCU

^{*} In accordance with Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. 683 dated August 31, 2017 "On improving the procedure state registration and issuance of state registration numbers signs for vehicles ", the commission fee is set at 5%

Commodities and raw materials (3/5)

Private business entities in the system of public procurement

The public procurement shall be implemented in the form of the competitive bidding in the event of the simultaneous occurrence of the following conditions:

- it is possible to formulate a detailed and accurate description of goods (works, services);
- criteria for selecting the winner have not only a monetary value, but also a quantitative and qualitative evaluation of the goods (works, services);
- cost of goods shall be in the range from five thousand times the minimum wage up to twenty five thousand times the minimum wage per contract; cost of works, services shall be in the range from twenty five times the minimum wage up to twenty five thousand times the minimum wage per contract.

In order for the public procurement through competitive bidding to happen, the following conditions must be met::

- cost of goods shall be in the range from two thousand five hundred times the minimum wage up to six thousand times the minimum wage per contract;
- cost of works, services shall be in the range from twenty five times the minimum wage up to six thousand times the minimum wage per contract.

To improve access of the private companies to public procurement tenders, the Government enacted a rule according to which state-owned natural monopoly entities, state unitary enterprises and majority-owned companies by state (owning more than 50%) have to announce their procurement tenders for goods (works, services) via electronic trades on the Uzbek Republican Commodity Exchange. The Law "On public procurement" stipulates the following quantitative thresholds for difference means of procurement:

- If the amount of purchase of a good or service ranges from 0 to 25 BCU, the public organization must use electronic shops to make a purchase.
- If the amount of purchase of a good or service ranges from 25 to 2,500 BCU, the public organization must use auctions to make a purchase.
- If the amount of purchase of a good or service ranges from 2,500 to 6,000 BCU, the public organization must use contests and competitions to make a purchase.
- If the amount of purchase of a good or service is 6,000 BCU or above, the public organization must use tenders to make a purchase.

When the public procurement of goods (works, services) is carried out using funds of the State budget, a tender commission should be formed. Such tenders can be carried out by ministries, agencies, khokimiyats, schools, state preschool educational institutions and other organizations financed from the budget. Natural monopoly entities, state unitary enterprises and companies with state share in charter capitals of more than 50% are also subject to this legislation. According to the Law "On public procurement", an announcement about the public procurement tenders must be placed on a special electronic procurement portal for at least 10 days to solicit all proposals.

Relevant information on public procurement can be found on the following websites: www.uzex.uz, www.xarid.uz, www.gov.uz as well as on websites of ministries, state agencies and other related organizations.

Commodities and raw materials (4/5)

Energy resources (1/2)

The tariffs for electricity, gas, coal, and other types of utility resources are set by the Ministry of Finance of Uzbekistan. The tariffs are set taking into account the cost of production and reasonable profit margin of producers. The tariffs may differ in different regions in accordance with generation, transmission and distribution costs (for electricity) and mining, processing, transportation and distribution costs for other types of energy resources. Below are the tariffs as of October 1, 2020.

Table 1.18. Tariffs for energy resources			
Electricity			
Tariff group		Tariff, 1 kWh/UZS including VAT	
Consumers with a connected capacity of 750 kVA and above, paying for el the exception of budgetary organizations, pumping stations of farms and was pumping stations financed from the State budget	450		
Consumers paying for electricity at a one-rate tariff, except for household of	consumers	450	
Household consumers	295		
Household consumers living in apartment buildings and hostels, centrally expreparation in accordance with the established procedure	147.5		
For consumers who manufacture products and provide certain services ac Resolution of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated November	450		
Electricity used for heating, hot water supply, and cooling needs	450		
Natural Gas and Heating			
Utility service	Utility service		
Natural gas for individual and legal entity consumers	1000 m3	380	
Natural gas for wholesale users of certain category (catering industry, greenhouses and others)	1000 m3	1 000	
Heating energy for enterprises and organizations	1 Gcal	162 997,55	
Cold water + sewage	1 m3	760	

Source: http://suvsoz.uz/abonentam/tariffs/; http://ek.uz/; http://ek.uz/uz/fees/fees:

Connecting premises to the utility grids

The mechanism of access of businesses to utility grids has been simplified by introduction of the turnkey mechanism as per the Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan №-4725 dated May 1, 2015. The territorial enterprises of utility companies implement all procedures starting from developing technical terms to connecting to the utility grids.

All utility measurement devices (meters) must go through periodical calibration. The Uzstandard agency according to the Article 14 of the Law "On Metrology", set the periodical calibration period for household and commercial users as follows:

- For measurement of natural gas, cold and hot water once in 2 years;
- For electricity once in 4 years.

Devices with an overdue period of verification are considered to be defective and shall not be permitted for use.

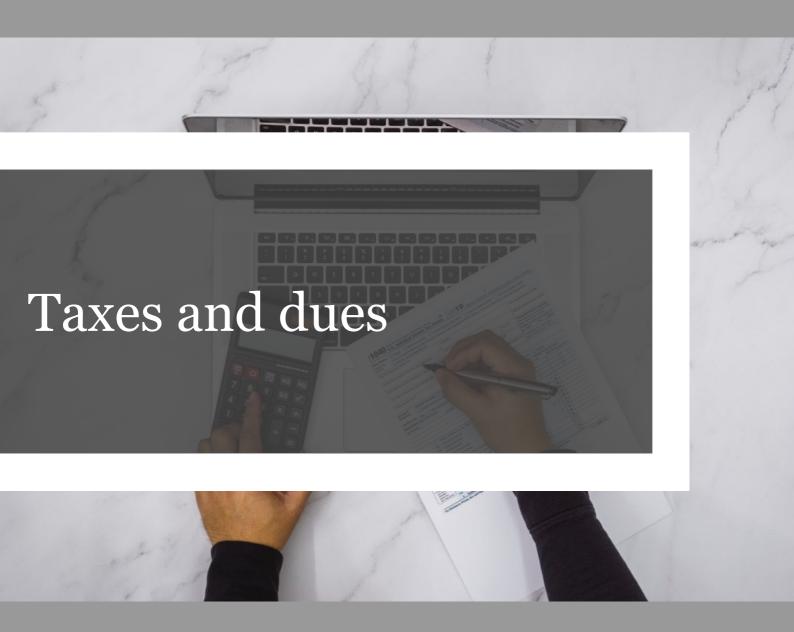
Specialized organizations, possessing respective calibration equipment and licenses of the Uzstandard Agency for these operations undertake verification and maintenance works.

Commodities and raw materials (5/5)

Production and sale of coal in Uzbekistan are carried out by two state-owned companies "UzbekKomir" operating in Angren, Tashkent region, and "ShargunKomir", operating in Sariasiyo district, Surkhandarya region. In all regions of Uzbekistan there are distributing centers and warehouses to carry out local sales. Domestic coal prices are set by the Ministry of Finance on the basis of producers' operating expenses, the needs for capital expenditures and around 10 percent of the profitability. Below are the current wholesale coal prices for end users (households and commercial customers).

Table 1.19. Wholesale coal prices				
Coal grade	Ash content/humidity, %	Tarif, 1 ton/UZS, including VAT		
2 BR	21,8%/35,5%	221,000		
2 BR-B-1	32,5%/35,5%	264,000		
2 BR-B-2	46,7%/35,5%	180,000		
1 SSKOM	23.9%/9%	408,397		
1 SSSSH	27.8%/9%	332,750		
1 TR	22.5%/7%	356,730		
Coal briquettes	-	412,500		

^{*} According to O'zbekko'mir (Uzbekcoal) OJSC and Shargunkomir OJSC.





Taxes and dues (1/28)

In general, businesses operating in Uzbekistan pay taxes either under the standard tax regime or special tax regime.

Standard tax regime envisages payment of range of taxes, including the following:

- Corporate income tax (CIT), including withholding tax;
- Value added tax (VAT), including VAT on imported goods/ services;
- Personal income tax (PIT);
- Social tax (ST);
- Property tax;
- Land tax;
- Water use tax;
- Excise tax;
- Subsurface use tax.

Relevant legislation may also establish certain duties and payments. For details, refer to Table 1.

For certain categories of taxpayers following special tax regimes are established by the Tax Code:

- Turnover tax:
- Special tax regime for participants in production sharing agreements (PSA);
- Special tax regime for participants of special economic zones (SEZ) and special categories of taxpayers.

An optional 'simplified' tax regime is available for legal entities with annual turnover less than 1 billion Uzbek UZS (UZS) which is approximately USD 97,000 as of October 2020) and individual entrepreneurs with turnover ranging from UZS 100 million to UZS 1 billion (USD 9,700 to USD 97,000). Under this regime, turnover tax is paid in lieu of CIT and VAT. Certain taxpayers are not eligible for application of turnover tax such as importers, producers of excise-liable goods, legal entities engaged into subsurface extraction, sale of petrol, diesel / gas fuel etc.

PSA is an agreement envisaging provision to foreign investors exclusive rights for exploration, prospecting and extraction of minerals in the area specified by agreement. PSA may contain various tax incentives for foreign investors, their subcontractors and employees.

Special tax regime for the participants of SEZ implies a special taxation mechanism, including tax and customs incentives, and special currency control rules for a specific period of time depending on the size of investment.

Legislative acts introducing new taxes, abolishing tax incentives or in other ways worsening the position of investors, shall become effective not earlier than in three months after their official publication. Tax-related legislative acts, amending rates of taxes and other payments, shall be enacted from the first day of the month following the month of their official publication, unless a later date is indicated.

Table 2.1 Taxes	s and payments in Uzbe	kistan	
Tax	Taxpayers	Taxable base	Rate
General taxes a	nd other payments		
Corporate income	Legal entities having taxable income, non-residents acting in Uzbekistan via PE	Taxable profit calculated as a difference between gross revenue and deductible expenses. The taxable base can be reduced by an amount of losses, accumulated in previous periods	General rate - 15%; Other rates may apply depending on type of activity, e.g 20% for cement / polyethylene granules production, mobile communication services, banks, markets and shopping malls

Taxes and dues (2/28)

Tax	Taxpayers	Taxable base	Rate
General taxes a	nd other payments		
Withholding tax	Foreign legal entities receiving income from Uzbekistan	Uzbek-sourced income paid to non-resident	dividend, interest -10%; insurance premiums - 10%; telecom, transportation - 6%; other (royalty, rent, etc) - 20%.
Value added tax	Uzbek legal entities, non-residents acting in Uzbekistan via PE	Turnover from sales of goods and services, import of goods and services	General rate - 15%; 0% rate applies to certain supplies
Excise tax	Legal entities producing, selling or importing excisable goods	Tax base depends on type of goods/services, e.g. volume of excisable goods in kind / value of excisable goods sold	Rates vary depending on type of goods/services; See Table 2.5
Personal income tax (withheld by employers from total income)	Individuals earning taxable income - employer shall be a withholding agent	Income paid to employees, including in-kind benefits.	12% - for tax residents; 20% - for tax nonresidents; 6% - for highly skilled foreign labor force*
Social tax	Employers, Recipients of seconded personnel	Employment income paid to employees. Secondment fees paid to secondment provider	General rate - 12%; Rate may vary for certain organisations, e.g. 25% - budget organisations
Contributions to individual accumulative pension system (deductible from the personal	Individuals earning taxable income - employer shall be a withholding agent	Income paid to employees, including in-kind benefits.	0.1%
Property tax	Legal entities of the Uzbekistan having taxable property on the territory of Uzbekistan; Non-residents having immovable property on the territory of Uzbekistan.	Average annual net book value of immovable property, overdue construction- in- progress	2%; Double rate may apply in certain cases
Land tax	Legal entities / individuals owning, using or renting land plots	Total area of a land plot	Rates vary depending on the location of land and the type of land
Water use tax	Legal entities – residents of Uzbekistan, non-residents acting in Uzbekistan via PE	Volume of water used	Rates vary depending on type of activity and type of water source See Table 2.3

Taxes and dues (3/28)

Tax	Taxpayers	Taxable base	Rate	
	General taxes and other payments			
Subsurface use tax	Legal entities/individuals engaged in search, exploration of minerals and artificial (man-made) mineral formations, as well, as processing of those minerals in Uzbekistan	Volume of minerals extracted	Rates vary depending on type of the mineral See Table 2.4. Subsurface use tax	
Compensation Charges for Environmental Pollution	Legal entities carrying out emission, discharge of pollutants into the environment and dispose waste on the territory of Uzbekistan	Actual quantum of emissions, discharge of pollutants into the environment and waste disposal	Rates vary depending on the type of environmental pollution	
		General taxes and other pay	yments	
Auto-transport duties; Duties for the purchase of cars / temporary import of cars in / to Uzbekistan; Duties for entrance and transit through Uzbekistan of the vehicles of the foreign countries;	Entities, purchasing / importing vehicles to Uzbekistan	Designated taxable base	Rates vary depending on the type of vehicle/country of origin etc See Table 2.6. Auto-transport fees	
		Simplified tax regime		
Turnover tax	Uzbek legal entities with annual turnover less than UZS 1 bln. (currently, around USD 97,000) with certain exceptions	Gross revenue (turnover)	Rates vary depending on the type of business activity and location See Table 2.2. Turnover tax rates	

^{*}The highly skilled foreign labor force is defined by the Decree of President №ΠΠ-4008, as graduates of top 1000 universities based on the rating of internationally recognized organizations, with an experience of at least 5 years and annual remuneration for work in Uzbekistan of at least USD 60,000

Note: As mentioned above, turnover tax is paid in lieu of CIT and VAT. Other taxes listed above (e.g. property tax, withholding tax, social tax) and tax agent obligations still apply for payers of turnover tax)

The rates of the turnover tax depend on the type of business activity and set as follows:

Taxes and dues (4/28)

Table	e 2.2 The rates of turnover tax	
Nº		Tax rates as % of taxable base
1	Companies of all sectors except for those listed in paras. 2-13	4
2	Legal entities, providing customs processing services (customs brokers)	5
3	Pawnshops	25
4	Companies, which generate income by organization of mass entertaining events and shows through engagement of legal entities and individuals (including non-residents), possessing a license for show and concert activities	5
5	Brokerage offices (with the exception of those specified in clause 6), as well as taxpayers providing intermediary services under a commission agreement, order and other agreements for the provision of intermediary services, including individual entrepreneurs providing intermediary services to operators and (or) telecommunications providers	25
6	Insurance agents, as well as legal entities engaged in brokerage activities in the insurance market, securities and commodity exchanges	13
7	Legal entities whose main activity is the lending out property (except for leasing companies)	8
	Catering companies, located in:	
8	in cities with a population of one hundred thousand or more people	
	in other localities	
	in remote and mountainous areas	
	Taxpayers, engaged in retail activities and located in:	
9	in cities with a population of one hundred thousand or more people	3
9	in other localities	2
	in remote and mountainous areas	1
10	Retail companies, engaged in the sale of alcoholic beverages, tobacco products, gasoline, diesel fuel, liquefied and compressed gas, irrespective of their location	4
11	Entities, engaged in wholesale, as well as wholesale and retail trade (with the exception of those specified in clause	4
	Wholesale and retail pharmacy organizations located in:	
12	cities with a population of one hundred thousand or more people	3
12	in other localities	2
	in remote and mountainous areas	1

Taxes and dues (5/28)

Nº	Payers	Tax rates as % of taxable base
13	Procurement organizations and individual entrepreneurs who purchase, sort, store and pack agricultural products	4% of turnover or 25% of gross income
14	Taxpayers included in the National Register of Electronic Commerce Subjects	2
15	Taxpayers, the only members of which are public associations of persons with disabilities, the Nuroniy Foundation and "The Chernobylists of Uzbekistan" Association, and in the total number of which disabled people, war veterans and the labor front of 1941-1945, account for at least 50 percent, and veterans of the war and the labor front of 1941-1945, accounts for at least 50 percent of the total payroll	0

Note: specialized catering establishments serving secondary schools, boarding schools, secondary specialized, vocational and higher educational institutions can apply 75% of the statutory tax rate depending on the location

Table 2.3 The rates of water use tax				
		Rate per 1 cubic meter (UZS)		
	Taxpayers	Surface sources of water	Underground sources of water	
1	Entities operating in all sectors of the economy (except for those listed in clauses $2-6$ below), dehkan (farming) households (legal entities and individuals), as well as individuals using water resources for business purposes	140	170	
2	Industrial enterprises (except for those specified in clauses 3 – 6 below)	410	490	
3	Entities involved in car wash activity	1,380	1,730	
4	Power plants	35	60	
5	Public services enterprises	70	90	
6	Manufacturing enterprises, producing non-alcoholic beverages and alcoholic beverages, except for beer and wine:			
6.1	for volume of water used for production of soft drinks and alcoholic beverages, other than beer and wine	21,900	21,900	
6.2	for other purposes	410	490	

Source: The Law of Uzbekistan "On the State Budget"

Note: The above tax rates are set for 2020 and subject to change on annual basis

Taxes and dues (6/28)

Table 2.4 Subsurface use tax				
Object of taxation	Rate, % of taxable base	Object of taxation	Rate, % of taxable base	
Extraction of primary minerals and	d by-products			
Energy resources:		Raw materials for dam construction	5	
Natural gas	30	Mining raw materials:		
Recycled natural gas	9*	Fluorspar concentrate	21.2	
Underground gasification gas	2.6	Graphite	8	
Gas condensate	20	Primary kaolin (concentrate)	7.9**	
Oil	20	Grey kaolin, secondary, raw	7.9	
Coal	4	Feldspar raw materials	6.5	
Oil shale	4	Quartz san (glass input)	3	
Non-ferrous and rare metals:		Sandstone (glass input)	5	
Refined copper	10	Bentonite clays	4.8	
Industrial-grade molybdenum	10	Talc and talc stone	4	
Rhenium	10	Talc-magnesite	4	
Lead concentrate	8	Wollastonite	4	
Zinc	10	Mineral paints	5.7	
Tungsten concentrate	10.4	Asbestos	4	
Uranium	10	Basalt for production of mineral fiber	4	
Selenium	10	Barite concentrate	4	
Tellurium	10	Refractory and fireproof clay	4	
Indium	10	Dolomite limestone (refractory glass for metallurgy), flux limestone	5, but not less than UZS 11,500 per cubic meter	
Bismuth	10	Quartz and quartzite (for the production of glass, technical silicon, silicomanganese, dinas)	6,5	

Taxes and dues (7/28)

	Extraction of primary m	ninerals and by-products	
Precious metals:		Molding raw materials (sands, clays)	4
Gold	10	Vermiculite	4
Silver	10	Raw materials for mineral wool (dolomite, loess-like rocks)	5
Palladium	10	Shell limestone for feeding animals and poultry	5
Platinum	10	Serpentinite (refractory raw material)	5
Osmium	10	Non-ore building materials:	
Gemstone raw materials:		Limestone for lime production	5
Raw precious and semi-precious stones	24	Limestone for cement production	UZS 45,000 per tonne
Turquoise, listvenite, rhodonite, serpentine, marble onyx, cacholong, jasper, chalcedony, agate, hématite	24	Cement raw materials, excluding limestone used for production of cement	10
Ferrous metals:		Blocks from natural facing stone	5, but not less than UZS 20,000 per tonne
Iron	5	Marble aggregate	5, but not less than UZS 17,000 per cubic meter
Titanium-magnetite ore	4	Sand and gravel mixture	5
Manganese ore	4	Brick and tile raw materials	5, but not less than UZS 7,000 per cubic meter
Mining and chemical resources:		Gypsum stone. gypsum and anhydrite, ganch	5, but not less than UZS 9,500 per cubic meter
Rock salt	3.5, but not less than UZS 10,000 per cubic meter	Saw stones, rubble stone and crushed stone	5, but not less than UZS 7,000 per cubic meter
Potassium salt	3.5	Raw materials for shore protection works	5, but not less than UZS 10,000 per cubic meter

Taxes and dues (8/28)

	Extraction of p	orimary minerals and by-products	
Sodium sulphate	3.5	Building sand	5, but not less than UZS 8,500 per cubic meter
Phosphorite (to graphite)	5	Sand and gravel mixture	5, but not less than UZS 7,500 per cubic meter
Carbonates (limestone, dolomite)	3.5	Building sand	5
Limestones (for soda ash, industrial wastewater treatment using Biox technology)	3.5	Expanded clay raw materials (bentonite and argillite clays)	5
Mineral pigments	5.5	Sandstone	5, but not less than UZS 12,500 per cubic meter
lodine	4.8	Crushed-stone for construction	5, but not less than UZS 10,000 per cubic meter
Agro-ore raw materials (glauconite, bentonite and palygorskite clays, granular and nodular phosphorites used in their natural form)	3.5	Porcelain raw materials (porcelain stone, white-burning clay shale)	5
Non-ore building materials:		Other common minerals	5

Extraction of minerals from technogenic mineral formations is subject to subsurface use tax at 30% of the rate charged on extraction of the primary mineral

Table 2.5 Ex	Table 2.5 Excise tax rates			
	Goods and services produced in Uzbekistan			
		Tax rate per unit of measurement		
	Commodities	UZS		
1	Rectified ethyl alcohol (per 1 dal)	12,500		
2	Wine (per 1 dal of finished product) :			
2.1	- product of natural fermentation (with no ethyl alcohol added)	8,300		

Taxes and dues (9/28)

	Commodities	Tax rate per unit of measurement
		UZS
2.2	– other wines	16,800
3.1	Cognac (per 1 dal of finished product)	116,400
3.2	for cognac with an alcohol volume of over 40 percent	192,300
4	Vodka and other alcoholic beverages (per 1 dal of finished product)	116,400
4.1	for vodka and other alcoholic beverages with an alcohol volume of over 40 percent	192,300
5	Beer (per 1 dal of finished product)	11,700
6	Cigarettes with filter and without filter	163,500 per 1000 units + 9 percent of value of goods sold
7	Jewelry	25%
8	Mobile communication services	20%
9	Silver cutlery	11%
10	Petroleum products:	
10.1	– AИ-80 gasoline (per tonne)	UZS 200,000 per tonne
10.2	– АИ-91, АИ-92, АИ-93, АИ-95 gasoline (per tonne)	UZS 250,000 per tonne
10.3	- Diesel fuel (per tonne)	UZS 200,000 per tonne
10.4	– ECO diesel fuel (per tonne)	UZS 180,000 per tonne
10.5	- Aviation kerosene (per tonne)	UZS 180,000 per tonne
10.6	- Motor oil for diesel or carburetor (injector) engines (per tonne)	UZS 250,000 per tonne
11	Natural gas, including exports	UZS 200,000 per tonne
12	Liquified natural gas sold by producer – companies (except for the volume sold to the households by interregional unitary companies of Uztransgaz JSC), including exports	30%
13	Polyethylene granules	30%
14	Goods, sold to the final consumer, by category:	

Taxes and dues (10/28)

	Commodities	Tax rate per unit of measurement
	Odminodiaes	UZS
14.1	petroleum	350 per liter / 465,530 per tonne
14.2	diesel fuel	350 per liter / 425,918 per tonne
14.3	liquified natural gas	350 per liter / 664,993 per tonne
14.4	compressed gas	500 per cubic meter

Source: The Law of Uzbekistan "On the State Budget"

Table 2.6 Aut	o-transport fees	
	Fees for entry and transit of motor vehicles on the territory of Uzbekistan	
Types of fees		Rate,USD
1	Entry and transit of foreign vehicles through the territory of the Republic of Uzbekistan, per vehicle (except countries listed in clauses 2-5 below)	400
2	Fees for entry into the territory and transit of freight vehicles of the Republic of Tajikistan through the territory of the Republic of Uzbekistan with a carrying capacity of:	
2.1	up to 10 tonnes	100
2.2	10 to 20 tonnes	150
2.3	over 20 tonnes	200
3	Fees for entry into the territory and transit of freight vehicles of the Republic of Kazakhstan through the territory of the Republic of Uzbekistan	300
4	Fees for entry into the territory and transit of freight vehicles of the Republic of Kyrgyzstan through the territory of the Republic of Uzbekistan	300
5	Fees for entry into the territory and transit of freight vehicles of the Republic of Turkmenistan through the territory of the Republic of Uzbekistan with a carrying capacity of:	
5.1	up to 10 tonnes	50
5.2	10 to 20 tonnes	100
5.3	over 20 tonnes	150

Taxes and dues (11/28)

Fees for the acquisition and (or) temporary import into the territory of the Republic of Uzbekistan of vehicles, paid by the owners of vehicles upon their registration with the bodies of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of the Republic of Uzbekistan

	Types of fees		Rate	
1	For new (not used) vehicles, except those produced domestically	3 percent of the purchase price		
2	For used vehicles depending on the length of usage:			
	As a percent of basic calculation units (BCU) per each unit of horsepower, depending on the length of usage	up to 3 years	from 3 to 7 years	over 7 years
2.1	Passenger cars	11	9	6
2.2	Motorcycles (including mopeds) and bicycles with an auxiliary motor installed, with or without sidecars	10	7	5
2.3	Other motor vehicles	16	13	9

Source: The Law of Uzbekistan "On the State Budget"

New Tax Code

The Concept for Tax Policy Improvement was adopted in Uzbekistan in June 2018. The Concept envisaged for a number of tax reforms including elimination of inconsistencies in tax legislation and improvement of tax administration mechanisms. As part of the tax reform, a new edition of the Tax Code has entered into force in Uzbekistan as of 1 January 2020. It introduced quite a few important tax concepts which were missing in the previous editions of the Tax Code including transfer pricing, controlled foreign corporations, thin capitalization, beneficial ownership, group of taxpayers, taxation of e-services. Below we provide brief information on the most notable changes introduced by the New Tax Code.

Transfer pricing

Full-fledged transfer pricing (TP) provisions, including definition of related parties, controlled transactions, pricing methods, documentation and reporting requirements, pricing agreements etc. are introduced. Rules are effective as of 1 January 2022.

Controlled foreign corporations (CFC)

Generally, CFC rules are applicable to individuals and legal entities, Uzbekistan tax residents, owning or controlling foreign legal entities and/or structures. The main purpose of the new CFC rules is to tax undistributed profits of foreign companies and structures like trusts, foundations etc. Similar to TP rules, CFC rules are effective as of 1 January 2022.

Thin capitalization

The new Tax Code introduces regulations on deductibility of taxpayer's interest expense on controllable debt from a foreign participant. Controllable liability is defined in New Tax Code as liability owed to:

 foreign legal entity or individual that is not considered as Uzbek tax resident with a direct/indirect ownership of 25% of shares in the charter capital of the taxpayer;

Taxes and dues (12/28)

- other related entity of this foreign participant;
- other persons for which the above-mentioned persons act as guarantors or otherwise undertake responsibility to ensure the repayment of this taxpayer's debt.

The deductibility limitations apply if the amount of debt exceeds the amount of equity by 3 times (13 times for banks and leasing companies). There is a specific mechanism for determining the deductibility limits.

Beneficial ownership

The new Tax Code introduces a beneficial owner concept. Thus, a beneficial owner of income paid by a legal entity shall be a person having the right to independently use and (or) control (dispose of) such income, or a person in whose interests another person is entitled to control (dispose of) such income. It is not important, whether this right arose due to direct and (or) indirect participation in this legal entity, or control over it, or due to other circumstances.

A foreign person/entity is not recognized as beneficial owner of income from sources in Uzbekistan if such person/entity has limited powers with respect to control (disposing of) such income, performs intermediary functions in respect of said income in the interests of another person/entity, without performing any other functions and taking no risks, directly or indirectly paying such income (fully or partially) to this other person.

Consolidated group of taxpayers

The new Tax Code provides an opportunity to form a consolidated group of taxpayers, which may comprise two or more Uzbek legal entities. The taxpayers should meet the 'ownership' criteria, i.e. the participation share of one legal entity in the charter capital of other legal entity(ies) should comprise at least 90%. Furthermore, legal entities should not be undergoing liquidation or bankruptcy processes, and their net assets should be higher than the charter capital.

Moreover, all legal entities forming a consolidated group of taxpayers shall satisfy other criteria related to turnover, taxes paid and assets value. The advantages of applying this regime may include, without limitation, the ability of filing one set of reports for the group; offsetting profits of one group company against losses of another group company.

This concept is effective as of 1 January 2022.

"E-services" provided by non-residents

Foreign legal entities that supply e-services to individuals whereby the place of supply is considered Uzbekistan, are subject to VAT in Uzbekistan. In such a case, the foreign service provider is liable for registering for VAT purposes in Uzbekistan.

Taxable base shall comprise actual sales price of such services inclusive of VAT.

Tax incentives and preferences

The new Tax Code envisages that tax incentives can be generally provided by the Tax Code only. However, benefits for certain taxes, except VAT, excise tax, and tax for subsoil use, can be provided by the President of Uzbekistan only in the form of reduction of the established tax rate but not more than for 50% and for the period not more than three years. The new Tax Code also makes it clear that tax incentives cannot be individualized (previously, individual tax incentives used to be provided to major investment projects).

The Article 75 of the Tax Code establishes that the tax incentives on certain tax, with the exception of VAT, excise tax on goods produced and sold, and subsurface usage tax can be provided by the decisions of the President of Uzbekistan only in form of rate reduction (up to 50%) for a period not exceeding 3 years.

Additional tax incentives may be provided under an Investment Agreement concluded by a foreign investor with the Government of the Republic of Uzbekistan under the Law of Uzbekistan on Investments and Investment Activity. Moreover, as noted above, special tax regime envisaging provision of certain tax incentives are available for participants of SEZ, entities attracting foreign direct investments, etc.

Taxes and dues (13/28)

Another general trend the Government of Uzbekistan is following is abolishment of exemptions from payment of VAT to avoid breaks in the VAT chain.

avoid breaks in the VAT chain.				
Table 2.7 List of tax incentives, by type of tax				
	Corporate in	come tax		
Subject of incentives	Eligibility criteria or object of incentives	Type of incentives	Period of incentives	
Foreign entities, engaged in oil and gas exploration and their foreign subcontractors	Engagement in oil and gas exploration works	Exemption (except for profits, received from bank deposits)	For the period of exploration and prospecting works. Total period of exploration and prospecting works may not exceed 5 years (in certain cases this period may be extended by the period up to 3 years)	
Legal entities	Income received from sovereign bonds and other financial securities of the Uzbekistan, as well as international bonds, issued by Uzbekistan and Uzbek legal entities	Exemption	unlimited	
Medical institutions, providing medical services (except for cosmetology and stomatology services	Engagement in provision of medical services (except for cosmetology and stomatology services)	Exemption	till January 1, 2022	
Legal entities, engaged in agricultural and fishery	Income received from the sale of own agricultural and fish production	0% rate	unlimited	
Legal entities, engaged in activities, related to the social sphere	Engagement in activities, related to the social sphere	0% rate	unlimited	
Legal entities, engaged in export of goods and services	Income received from export of goods/ services (excluding export of certain raw materials such as natural gas, oil, precious metals, etc.)	0% rate	unlimited	

Taxes and dues (14/28)

	Corporate income	tax	
Subject of incentives	Eligibility criteria or object of incentives	Type of incentives	Period of incentives
Legal entities, the only participants of which are public associations of disabled people	share of disabled people comprises at least 50 % of headcount, and the share of their payroll comprises at least 50 % of the entity's total payroll	0% rate	unlimited
Legal entities whose main activity is the organization of theme park services	Provision of theme park services	Exemption	3 years from the date of commissioning of theme parks' operation
Fish farming clusters	Minimum annual production capacity of at least 50 tonnes of fish	Exemptions	unlimited
Non-governmental educational institutions	Provision of non-governmental educational services, allocation of released funds to acquiring necessary facilities and other relevant equipment	Exemption	till January 1, 2025
Organizations engaged in the procurement, storage and processing of leather, fur and fur raw materials and wool, automated slaughter of cattle, production of wool, astrakhan fur and artificial leather, leather goods, footwear	Certain requirements on automatization of facilities, as well as minimum revenue share from mentioned activities in total revenue of taxpayer	Exemption	till January 1, 2023
	Value added ta	x	
Legal entities, providing selected activities	preschool education of children; nursing and elderly care services;	Exemption	Unlimited

Taxes and dues (15/28)

	Value added ta	ах	
Subject of incentives	Eligibility criteria or object of incentives	Type of incentives	Period of incentives
	provision of funeral and other religious and ritual services;		
	sale of equipment for disabled people		
	sale of goods by specialized workshops/ labs of medical institutions		
	sale of goods produced by taxpayers the only participant members of which are public associations of persons people with disabilities (certain conditions on headcount and payroll shall be met)		
	sale of post stamps (except for collection stamps), marked postcards and envelopes		
Legal entities,	services on payment of pension and allowances		
providing selected activities	research and development works, financed by the State Budget	Exemption	Unlimited
	provision of education services, including organization of tests and exams		
	provision of medical services by medical institutions		
	provision of veterinary services		
	sale of medicines, veterinary medicines, medical and veterinary products		
	health resort, health-improving services, as well as services of organizations of physical culture and sports.		
	provision of certain types of passenger transportation services		7

Taxes and dues (16/28)

	Value added t	ax	
Subject of incentives	Eligibility criteria or object of incentives	Type of incentives	Period of incentives
	repair and maintenance of houses, provided to public		
	the transfer of goods (provision of services), carried out free of charge on the basis of a Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan or the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan;		
	sale of bank and measured ingots made of precious metals, bullion (investment) coins made of precious metals (except for coins used for numismatic purposes, as well as foreign coins made of precious metals), jewelry		
	sale goods, goods placed under the customs procedure of duty-free trade;		
Legal entities, providing selected activities	provision of services by citizens' self-government bodies and authorized bodies, organizations when granting legal and natural persons certain rights, for which a state duty or other payments are levied within the framework of the exercise of the exclusive powers assigned to them in a certain field of activity, if the obligation to provide such services is established by law;	Exemption	Unlimited
	provision of land cadastral, land management, soil and geobotanical works carried out at the expense of the budget;		
	geological services, provided within the scope of the annual state development programs		
	purchase of goods (services), financed by loans issued by international financial institutions and international loans of the governmental institutions, provided that this is envisaged in respective loan agreements		
	most of the insurance services		

Taxes and dues (17/28)

	Value added ta	nx	
Subject of incentives	Eligibility criteria or object of incentives	Type of incentives	Period of incentives
Legal entities, engaged in financial activities listed in the Tax Code	most of financial services, including banking operations, operations, provided by organizations, engaged in the informational and technological intermediary between settlements participants, forfeiting and factoring operations, loan operations, leasing operations, operations with securities and others	Exemption	unlimited
Medical institutions, providing medical services (except for cosmetology and stomatology services)	Engagement in provision of medical services (except for cosmetology and stomatology services)	Exemption	till January 1, 2022
Fish farming clusters	Annual production capacity of at least 50 tonnes of fish	Exemptions	unlimited
Non-governmental educational institutions	Provision of non-governmental educational services, allocation of released funds to acquiring necessary facilities and other relevant equipment	Exemption	till January 1, 2025
	Property tax		
			for 3 years if investments are from USD 300 thousand to USD 3 million;
Entities, attracting foreign investment	Share of foreign participation, type of activity (as per the pre-approved list), location of the enterprise	Exemption	for 5 years – if investment amount is from USD 3 million to USD 10 million;
			for 7 years – if investment amount exceeds USD 10 million.
	Investment in production, signing Investment Agreement with SEZ Directorate, engagement in production of export-oriented manufacturing.	Exemption	from USD 300,000 to USD 3 million – exemption is valid for 3 years;

Taxes and dues (18/28)

Property tax			
Subject of incentives	Eligibility criteria or object of incentives	Type of incentives	Period of incentives
			from USD 3 million to 5 million –exemption is valid for 5 years;
• •	Investment in production, signing Investment Agreement with SEZ Directorate, engagement in production of export-oriented manufacturing.	Exemption	from USD 5 million to USD 10 million – exemption is valid for 7 years;
			more than USD 10 million – exemption is valid for 10 years
Legal entities	Immovable property which is an object of art and culture, education, healthcare, physical culture, sports and social security	Average residual value is excluded from taxable base	Unlimited
Agricultural entities	Property used for production and storage of the agricultural products, as well as cultivation of silkworm	Average residual value is excluded from taxable base	Unlimited
Legal entities, the only participants of which are public associations of disabled people	Share of disabled people comprises at least 50 % of headcount, and the share of their payroll comprises at least 50 % of the entity's total payroll	Exemption	Unlimited
Producers of renewable energy	Renewable energy installations with a nominal capacity of 0.1 MW	Exemption	10 years from the date of commissioning
Medical institutions, providing medical services (except for cosmetology and stomatology services)	Medical institutions, providing medical services (except for cosmetology and stomatology services)	Exemption	till January 1, 2022
Legal entities whose main activity is the organization of theme park services	Provision of theme park services	Exemption	3 years from the date of commencement of theme parks' operation

Taxes and dues (19/28)

	Property tax		
Subject of incentives	Eligibility criteria or object of incentives	Type of incentives	Period of incentives
National auto transport companies, the share of export of international transport services in the annual revenue of which is 50 percent or more, and transport and logistics companies involved in the organization of transport, warehousing, storage, processing and distribution of goods		Exemption	till January 1, 2022
Organizations engaged in the procurement, storage and processing of leather, fur and fur raw materials and wool, automated slaughter of cattle, production of wool, astrakhan fur and artificial leather, leather goods, footwear	Certain requirements on automatization of facilities, as well as minimum revenue share from mentioned activities in total revenue of taxpayer	Exemption	till January 1, 2023
Fish farming clusters with an annual production capacity of at least 50 tons of fish		Exemptions	Unlimited
Non-governmental educational institutions	Provision of non-governmental educational services, allocation of released funds to acquiring necessary facilities and other relevant equipment	Exemption	till January 1, 2025
	Land tax		
Entities, attracting foreign investment	Share of foreign participation, type of activity (as per the pre-approved list), location of the enterprise	Exemption	for 3 years if investments are from USD 300 thousand to USD 3 million;

Taxes and dues (20/28)

	Land tax		
Subject of incentives	Eligibility criteria or object of incentives	Type of incentives	Period of incentives
Entities, attracting foreign investment	Share of foreign participation, type of activity (as per the pre-approved list), location of the enterprise	Exemption	for 5 years – if investment amount is from USD 3 million to USD 10 million; for 7 years – if investment amount exceeds USD 10 million.
	Investment in production, signing Investment Agreement with SEZ Directorate, engagement in production of export-oriented manufacturing.	Exemption	from USD 300,000 to USD 3 million – exemption is valid for 3 years; from USD 3 million to 5 million – exemption is valid for 5 years; from USD 5 million to USD 10 million – exemption is valid for 7 years; more than USD 10 million – exemption is valid for 10 years
Landowners	cobjects of art, culture, education, healthcare and social protection of the population sports and physical culture and recreation complexes, places of recreation and health improvement for mothers and children, rest homes and educational and training bases; urban electric transport routes and metro lines, including land occupied by public transportation stops and metro stations, as well as structures above them;	Exemption	Unlimited

Taxes and dues (21/28)

Land tax			
Subject of incentives	Eligibility criteria or object of incentives	Type of incentives	Period of incentives
	water supply and sewerage facilities in settlements;		
Landowners	main heating routes, including pumping stations;		
	Land plots occupied by protective forest plantations;	Exemption	Unlimited
Landowners	Land plots irrigated by the drip irrigation method	Exemption	5 years from the beginning of month, in which the drip irrigation commenced
Landowners	Land plots, newly developed for agricultural purposes	Exemption	For the period of development works and 5 years after completion of those development works
Landowners	Land plots, on which reclamation works are carried out	Exemption	For 5 years after the start of those reclamation works
Landowners	Land plots with new plantings of orchards, vineyards and mulberry trees	Exemption	3 years
Scientific organizations, experimental, experimental and educational-experimental farms of scientific research organizations and educational institutions of agricultural and forestry profile	Land plots used for scientific and educational purposes.	Exemption	Unlimited
Producers of renewable energy	Land plots occupied by renewable energy installations	Exemption	10 years from the date of commissioning
Legal entities, the only participants of which are public associations of disabled people	Share of the disabled people comprises at least 50 % of headcount, and share of their payroll comprises at least 50 % of the entities total payroll	0.1 coefficient is applied to the effective rate	Unlimited

Taxes and dues (22/28)

Land tax			
Subject of incentives	Eligibility criteria or object of incentives	Type of incentives	Period of incentives
Land owners	Land plots, occupied by: by power lines, substations and structures on them;	0.1 coefficient is applied to the effective rate	Unlimited, unless specified otherwise in the Tax Code
	nationwide communication lines		
	Land plots, occupied by:		
Land owners	by public railway tracks, including station and sorting railway tracks, consisting of an earth bed, artificial structures, linear track buildings, railway communication and power supply devices, structures and track devices as well as protective forest plantations provided in accordance with the established procedure for permanent or temporary use enterprises, institutions an organizations of railway transport;	0.1 coefficient is applied to	Unlimited, unless specified otherwise in the Tax Code
	main oil and gas pipelines, including compressor, pumping, fire-fighting and emergency control stations, cathodic protection stations for pipelines with their connection points, pipeline cleaning devices and other similar structures;		
	runways, taxiways and aircraft stands, radio navigation and electric lighting equipment of civil aviation airports		
	Land plot occupied by construction of the objects, included to the state development programs of Uzbekistan		
	objects for which the decisions of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan on their conservation were made - for the period of their conservation.		
Medical institutions, providing medical services (except for cosmetology and stomatology services)	Engagement in provision of medical services (except f cosmetology and stomatology services)	or Exemption	till January 1, 2022

Taxes and dues (23/28)

	Land tax		
Subject of incentives	Eligibility criteria or object of incentives	Type of incentives	Period of incentives
Landowners	Land plots used by non-commercial organizations in the framework of non-commercial activities; Land used by settlements, horticultural, viticulture or gardening partnerships (squares, streets, driveways, roads, access roads, irrigation network, collectors, embankments and other common lands);	Not treated as a taxable object	Unlimited
Land owners	Land plots occupied by public highways Land plots used to meet the cultural and household needs and recreation of the population (forest parks, parks, boulevards, squares, rest houses, children's health camps, places of mass recreation and tourism of the population, as well as the lands of the irrigation ditch network); Land plots, occupied by state reserves, complex (landscape) reserves, natural parks, state natural monuments, reserves (except for reserves formed in hunting farms), natural nurseries, state biosphere reserves, national parks; Land plots used for health-improving purposes - land plots with natural healing factors favorable for the organization of prevention and treatment, provided to the relevant institutions and organizations for permanent use; Land plots used for recreational purposes - land plots provided to relevant institutions and organizations for the organization of mass recreation and tourism of the population Land plots used for historical and cultural purposes - land plots occupied by objects of material cultural heritage, memorial parks, provided to the relevant institutions and organizations for permanent use;	Not treated as a taxable object	Unlimited

Taxes and dues (24/28)

	Land tax		
Subject of incentives	Eligibility criteria or object of incentives	Type of incentives	Period of incentives
Land owners	Land plots occupied by hydrometeorological and hydrogeological stations and posts; Land plots occupied by separately located objects of civil protection and mobilization purposes, which are on the balance sheet of a legal entity; Land plots used for communal purposes	Not treated as a taxable object	Unlimited
Land owners	Land plots occupied by apartment buildings, except for land plots occupied by non-residential real estate; Land plots, belonging to water fund and reserve land plots	Not treated as a taxable object	Unlimited
Legal entities whose main activity is the organization of theme park services	Provision of theme park services	Exemption	3 years from the date of commissioning of theme parks' operation
50 percent or more, and transport and logistics	s Provision of the mentioned services and directing the released funds to expand our own fleet of vehicles, modernize production facilities, create modern warehouse terminals and repay bank loans	Exemption	till January 1, 2022
Fish farming clusters	Annual production capacity of at least 50 tonnes of fish	Exemptions	unlimited
Non-governmental educational institutions	Provision of non-governmental educational services, allocation of released funds to acquiring necessary facilities and other relevant equipment	Exemption	till January 1, 2025

Taxes and dues (25/28)

	Water use tax		
Subject of incentives	Eligibility criteria or object of incentives	Type of incentives	Period of incentives
	Share of foreign participation, type of activity (as per the pre-approved list), location of the enterprise	Exemption	For 3 years if investments are from USD 300 thousand to USD 3 million
Entities, attracting foreign investment			for 5 years – if investment amount is from USD 3 million to USD 10 million;
			for 7 years – if the investment amount exceeds USD 10 million.
	Investment in production, signing Investment Agreement with SEZ Directorate, engagement in production of export-oriented manufacturing.		From USD 300,000 to USD 3 million – exemption is valid for 3 years;
Entities - participants of Special Economic Zones		Exemption	From USD 3 million to 5 million –exemption is valid for 5 years;
			From USD 5 million to USD 10 million – exemption is valid for 7 years;
			More than USD 10 million – exemption is valid for 10 years
Non-commercial organisations	Water resources used by non-commercial organizations in the framework of non-commercial activities;	Excluded from taxable object	unlimited
Medical institutions	Mineral underground water used by healthcare institutions for medical purposes, except for water used for retail sale	Excluded from taxable object	unlimited
Legal entities, working with groundwater	Groundwater, subtracted in order to prevent the damage to the environment, except for water used for technical and manufacturing necessities	Excluded from taxable object	unlimited

Taxes and dues (26/28)

Water use tax			
Subject of incentives	Eligibility criteria or object of incentives	Type of incentives	Period of incentives
Legal entities, engaged in mining activities	Groundwater extracted from mine drainage along with the extraction of minerals and pumped back into the subsoil to maintain reservoir pressure, except for water used for technical and manufacturing necessities	Excluded from taxable object	unlimited
Operators of hydroelectric power plants	Water used for the operation of hydraulic turbines	Excluded from taxable object	unlimited
Operators of thermal power plants	Water drained back by thermal power plants	Excluded from taxable object	unlimited
Entities, engaged in agricultural activities	Water used for washing saline agricultural lands	Excluded from taxable object	Unlimited
Medical institutions, providing medical services (except for cosmetology and stomatology services)	Engagement in provision of medical services (except for cosmetology and stomatology services)	Exemption	till January 1, 2022
Fish farming clusters	Annual production capacity of at least 50 tonnes of fish	Exemptions	Unlimited
Non-governmental educational institutions	Provision of non-governmental educational services, allocation of released funds to acquiring necessary facilities and other relevant equipment	Exemption	Till January 1, 2025
	Turnover tax		
Organizations engaged in the procurement, storage and processing of leather, fur and fur raw materials and wool, automated slaughter of cattle, production of wool, astrakhan fur and artificial leather, leather goods, footwear	Certain requirements on automatization of facilities, as well as minimum revenue share from mentioned activities in total revenue of taxpayer	Exemption	Till January 1, 2023

Taxes and dues (27/28)

	T 4		
	Turnover tax		
Fish farming clusters with an annual production capacity of at least 50 tons of fish	Annual production capacity of at least 50 tonnes of fish	Exemptions	Unlimited
Non-governmental educational institutions	Provision of non-governmental educational services, allocation of released funds to acquiring necessary facilities and other relevant equipment	Exemption	Unlimited
Non-governmental educational institutions	Provision of non-governmental educational services, allocation of released funds to acquiring necessary facilities and other relevant equipment	Exemption	Till January 1, 2025
	Social tax		
Legal entities, attracting foreign teachers and specialists involved in the educational process under an employment contract	Payroll of the foreign teachers and specialists attracted	Exemption	till January 1, 2025
	Auto-transport fees		
Organizations-members of the organizational structure of the State Roads Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan	Participation in the organizational structure of the State Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan	Exemption	till January 1, 2025

Source: Legislation of Uzbekistan

Changes in Currency Control Regulation

New edition of the Law 'On Currency Control' entered into force in October 2019. The most notable changes introduced by the Law are summarised below:

- Setting (or pegging) prices of goods, works or services in foreign currency or conventional units is prohibited;
- Definition of 'resident' is expanded to include Uzbekistan nationals residing abroad, as well as branches and representative offices of Uzbek legal entities, located both in and outside of Uzbekistan;.

Taxes and dues (28/28)

- Resident individuals are allowed to open bank accounts in the foreign banks outside of Uzbekistan without restrictions. Previously, this was allowed only for the period of stay of an individual (e.g. for study, medical treatment).
- To open bank accounts outside of Uzbekistan resident legal entities still must have President's / Cabinet of Ministers' decision or this should be stipulated in the international agreement.
- Non-resident entities can open bank accounts in Uzbekistan provided they carry out activities in the territory of Uzbekistan. It is not clear from the Law whether non-residents without permanent establishment registered in Uzbekistan can open bank accounts in Uzbek banks.
- Individuals may export cash Uzbek UZS and foreign currency from Uzbekistan in amount not exceeding the equivalent of UZS 100 mln. (approx. USD 9.7k).
- Rights and functions of the currency control bodies, i.e. Central Bank, Accounts Chamber, Ministry of Finance, State Tax Committee and State Customs Committee, are regulated. In particular, the bodies can undertake audits, request documents directly related to the foreign currency transaction.
- List of foreign currency transactions allowed within the territory of Uzbekistan has become close-ended, i.e. only transactions specifically listed in the Law are allowed.

Foreign trade (1/17)

Customs payments

According to the Customs Code of the Republic of Uzbekistan when goods are imported in Uzbekistan, the following customs payments may be levied:

- customs duty;
- excise tax;
- VAT:
- other customs levies, including customs processing fee (see below full list).

Customs payments are charged on:

- customs value of the goods for customs duty, excise tax and other customs levies; and
- customs value of the goods, plus applicable customs duty and excise tax (on excise-liable goods) for VAT.

We note that application of customs duties depends on the country of origin of imported items. In particular, no import customs duties are applied to import of goods originated from countries - members of CIS Free Trade Agreement (see details below). Standard rates of customs duty are applied to import of goods originating from countries which have been granted most favoured nation status (see below full list of countries). Import customs duties are payable at the double the standard rates on import from all other countries.

Table 2.8 Custo	Table 2.8 Customs payments				
Type of customs payment	Levied on	Rate			
VAT on imported goods	On goods imported to the customs territory of the Republic of Uzbekistan; the taxable base is defined as a sum of goods' customs value, excise tax and customs duty	15%			
Excise tax on imported goods	On certain goods, imported to the customs territory of the Republic of Uzbekistan	Rates vary depending on the imported goods. See Table 2.9			
Customs duty	Customs value of goods being imported	Rates generally vary from 5% to 70% depending on the imported goods			
	Customs processing fees				
	Type of the customs processing fee	Rate			
"prod	oms processing fee on goods* (except for goods in customs regimes of "export", "processing outside the customs territory", "transit", "destruction", "temporary import", "refulified in IV and V), depending on the customs value of goods, in equivalent of:				
1	Up to USD 10,000	1 BCU			
2	From USD 10,000 to 20,000	1.5 BCU			
3	From USD 20,000 to 40,000	2.5 BCU			
4	From USD 40,000 to 60,000	4 BCU			

Foreign trade (2/17)

Customs processing fees			
	Type of the customs processing fee	Rate	
5	From USD 60,000 to 100,000	8 BCU	
6	From USD 100,000 to 200,000	15 BCU	
7	From USD 200,000 to 500,000	30 BCU	
8	From USD 500,000 to 1,000,000	58 BCU	
9	USD 1,000,000.01 and above	75 BCU	
Custom	s processing fee of goods in the customs regime of "export", depending on the customs value of g	oods, in equivalent of:	
10	Up to USD 20,000	0.5 BCU	
11	From USD 20,000 to 40,000	1 BCU	
12	From USD 40,000 to 60,000	2 BCU	
13	From USD 60,000 to 100,000	3 BCU	
14	From USD 100,000 to 200,000	5 BCU	
15	From USD 200,000 to 500,000	10 BCU	
16	From USD 500,000 to 1,000,000	25 BCU	
17	USD 1,000,000 and above	50 BCU	
18	Customs processing fee of goods in the customs regimes of "processing in the customs territory", "processing outside of the customs territory", "transit": - for the main page of the customs declaration	0.5 BCU	
19	-for every additional page	0.25 BCU	
20	Fee for processing of customs declaration at import of foreign currency cash by legal entities (per one declaration)	2.5 BCU	
21	Fee for customs clearance by using customs receipt order (per one order)	0.25 BCU	
II.	Fee for making changes and (or) additions to the customs declarations at the applicant's request (for one customs declaration in case of hard copy, for one customs declaration form if filed electronically)	0.25 BCU	
III.	Fee for customs processing of goods outside of customs processing territory** or outside of wor authority (except for processing into the customs regime of "export")	king hours of the state customs	
1	Outside of working hours (18:00-09:00)***, during weekends and public holidays (per declaration)	2 BCU	
	Fee for carrying out actions related to customs inspection, transshipment with the participation of customs control (per hour of work)****	of a customs officer in the desired	
2	During working hours (09:00 - 18:00)	0.25 BCU	
	During non-working hours (18:00 - 09:00)	2 BCU	
IV.	Fee for storage of goods at the warehouse of the customs authorities (per day)*****:		
1	Per tonne (brutto) during the first 10 days (full or partial)	0.03 BCU	

Foreign trade (3/18)

	Customs processing fees	
	Type of the customs processing fee	Rate
2	Per tonne (brutto) during each additional day (full or partial)	0.04 BCU
V.	For customs escort of vehicles on the territory of Uzbekistan, depending on the distance:	
1	Up to 200 km	2 BCU
2	Over 200 km	5 BCU
VI.	For making an initial decision on the good's classification ******	0.75 BCU
VII.	For delay in re-export of temporarily imported vehicles after 90 calendar days, per each day of delay per 1 horse power of engine	0.007 BCU*****
VIII.	For delay in delivery of goods and vehicles under customs control, per each day of delay	1 BCU

*No customs processing fees are charged for processing of goods in the customs regimes of "refusal in favor of the state", "destruction" and "temporary storage'

**Customs processing territory is a customs post and a warehouse attached to it, a free warehouse and a duty-free shop where a customs officer carries out its duties

***The non-working hours are the hours is time indicated in column "D" of the customs cargo declaration

**** If the customs officer spends less than an hour, the customs fee for one hour is charged

***** No customs processing fee is charged for storage of goods, which are transferred in favor of the state or destroyed by the decision of court

******* The fee, paid for the initial decision on the goods classification is not refundable, even if the initial decision is changed or abolished ******* The total amount of calculated customs processing fees should not exceed the amount of customs processing fees at placement of vehicle into the "free circulation" regime

Source: The Customs Code of Uzbekistan and Decree of the Cabinet of Ministers №700 dated 9 November 2020 **Note:** The rates of customs processing fees are effective as of 1 January 2021

Table 2.9 Excise tax rates (excerpts)				
Goods, in				
Commodities	Nomenclature code	Percentage of the customs value of the good or in USD per measurement unit		
Meat and meat byproducts, fresh, chilled or frozen	0201, 0202 0204, 0205 00	0		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0203, 0206 0210	10		

Foreign trade (4/18)

Commodities	Nomenclature code	Percentage of the customs value of the good or in USD per measurement unit
Fish and other seafood	0301-0308	5
Milk and cream, uncondensed and without sugar or other sweeteners	0401	0
Cheese and curds	0406	15, but not less than USD 0.5 / kg
Poultry eggs (excluding pedigree)	0407	30
Natural honey	0409 00 000 0	10
Potatoes, fresh or frozen, other	0701 90	20
Fresh or frozen tomatoes	0702 00 000	20
Onions, carrots and other vegetables	0703-0714	50
Nuts and different dried fruits	0801 – 0814 00 000 0	20
Coffee, roasted or unroasted, with or without caffeine	0901	5, but not less than USD 0.2 / kg
Soybean oil and its fractions	1507	10
Palm oil and its fractions, unrefined or refined but without changing its chemical composition	1511	20, but not less than USD 0.32 /kg
Tea with or without flavors	0902	0
Wheat and meslin, rye, barley, corn, oats and other crops	1001 - 1007	0
Different types of flour	1101 00 - 1106	10
Fat from cattle, sheep or goats, other types of animal fat, vegetable oils	1501 – 1510 00	5
Sausages and similar products of meat, meat offal or blood;	1601 00	15
Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid state	1701	0

Foreign trade (5/18)

Commodities	Nomenclature code	Percentage of the customs value of the good or in USD per measurement unit
White sugar	1701 99	20
Miscellaneous cocoa products	1801 – 1805	0
Bread, flour confectionery, cakes, biscuits and other bakery and flour confectionery products, whether or not containing cocoa;	1905	20, but not less than USD 0.3 / kg
Yeast (active or inactive);	2102	20, but not less than USD 0.5 / kg
Beer and other alcoholic beverages, ethanol	2203 00 - 2208	30, but not less than USD 1 / kg
Cigars, cropped cigars, cigarillos and cigarettes, of tobacco or tobacco substitutes,	2402	30, but not less than USD 3 / 1,000 items
Salt (including table salt and denatured salt) and pure sodium chloride, whether or not dissolved in water	2501 00	10
Marble, travertine, or calcareous tuff, ekaussin and other limestones for monuments or construction	2515	20
Different types of metallic ores and concentrates	2601 - 2617	0
Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	2701	0
Crude oil and crude oil products obtained from bituminous rocks	2709 00	0
Engine oils, compressor lubricating oil, turbine lubricating oil, other oil fluids	2710	10
Paints and varnishes (including enamels and varnishes) based on synthetic polymers or chemically modified natural polymers, dispersed or dissolved in a non-aqueous medium	3208 – 3210 00	10
Perfume and toilet water	3303 00	30, but not less than USD 2.5 / kg
Cosmetics or makeup and skin care products	3304	30, but not less than USD 0.5 / kg
Lubricating materials	3403	10
Enzymes;	3507	5

Foreign trade (6/18)

Commodities	Nomenclature code	Percentage of the customs value of the good or in USD per measurement unit
Industrial monocarboxylic fatty acids	3823	0
Plates, sheets, film, tape, strip and other flat forms, of plastics, self-adhesive, in rolls or not in rolls	3919	15
Tires and tires pneumatic rubber new	4011	20, but not less than USD 5 / item
Clothing and clothing accessories	4015	10
Different types of leather	4104 – 4115	5
Silk	5002 00 000 0	0
Blankets and travel rugs	6301	20, but not less than USD 1 / item
Products from plaster or mixtures based on it	6809	20
Building bricks, floor blocks, ceramic bearing stones or filling girders and the like, of ceramics	6904	10
Sinks, washbasins, washbasin consoles, bathtubs, bidets, toilets, cisterns, urinals and similar ceramic sanitary ware	6910	15, but not less than USD 4 / item
Multilayer insulating glass products	7008 00	10
Diamonds, whether or not worked, but unset or loose	7102	10
Gold (including gold plated with platinum), untreated or semi-finished, or in powder form	7108	10
Bijouterie	7117	20
Pipes, tubes and hollow profiles, made of cast iron	7303 00	0
Nails, buttons, thumbtacks, grooved nails, staples (other than those of heading 8305) and the like, of iron or steel, with or without heads, of other materials other than those with copperheads	7317 00	10, but not less than USD 0.3 / kg
Screws, bolts, nuts, wood grouses, screw hooks, rivets, dowels, cotter pins, washers (including spring washers) and the like, of ferrous metals	7318	10, but not less than USD 0.5 / kg

Foreign trade (7/18)

Commodities	Nomenclature code	Percentage of the customs value of the good or in USD per measurement unit
Copper wire	7408	5
Copper pipes and tubes	7411	10
Instruments and devices for automatic regulation or control	9032	5
Antiques over 100 years old	9706 00 000 0	20

Source: The Decree of President of №ΠΠ-3818 dated 29 June 2018

The list of documents submitted for customs clearance

The list of documents required for customs clearance varies depending on the type of goods. But generally, the following documents are required for customs processing into 'free circulation' regime (import), irrespective of the country of origin:

- import customs declaration;
- shipping documents, including invoice and transportation paperwork;
- certificate of origin of goods:
- export customs declaration or other similar document if the import is subject to customs incentives.

The certificate of origin is required in the following cases:

- 1. when imported goods are originated from countries which are parties to bilateral or multilateral agreements on tariff preferences;
- 2. when the goods originate from the country, import from which is subject to quantitative restrictions (quotas) or other measures of regulating the foreign economic activity;
- 3. when the documents, presented for customs processing, do not contain information concerning the origin of the goods or the customs authorities have grounds to believe that the information provided is unreliable;
- 4. if provision of certificate is prescribed by domestic legislation or international agreements of Uzbekistan.

Unified automated information system of the State Customs Committee of Uzbekistan

Unified Automated Information System (UAIS) of the State Customs Committee of Uzbekistan enables to carry out such procedures of the customs processing, as input of data, registration, monitoring of the documents and information related to the goods and vehicles, transited through customs border and aimed at the simplification customs processing of goods and excludes submission of hard copies.

Scheme of electronic customs declaration procedure

The electronic customs declaration procedure has the following stages:

Foreign trade (8/18)

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Incentives related to customs payments

Table 2.10 Incentives related to customs payments		
Object of incentives, eligibility criteria	Type of incentives	Period of validity of incentives
Construction materials not produced in Uzbekistan and imported by SEZ participants for implementation of projects as per the investment agreement	Exemption from the customs payments (except for VAT and customs processing fee)	For the period of construction
Technological equipment not produced in Uzbekistan (as per approved list), and imported by the participants of SEZ	Exemption from the customs payments (except for customs processing fee)	Unlimited

Foreign trade (9/18)

Object of incentives, eligibility criteria	Type of incentives	Period of validity of incentives
Raw materials, materials and components imported by SEZ participants used for production of goods intended for export.	Exemption from the customs payments (except for customs processing fee)	Unlimited
Goods imported by the participant of FEZ	deferred payment of VAT	120 days
Range of raw materials, not produced in Uzbekistan and used in the production of the medical drugs and other medical supplies, and their packaging, used for maintenance laboratory animals, pre-clinical studies, imported by pharmaceutical companies, scientific and research institutions, and entities, engaged in the retail of pharmaceutical production	Exemption from the customs payments (except for processing fees)	till January 1, 2022
Range of technological laboratory equipment, spare and completing parts for that equipment, sandwich panels and ventilation systems, not produced in Uzbekistan	Exemption from the customs payments (except for processing fees)	till January 1, 2022
Transport vehicles, used for international shipments and passenger transportation, and items needed for their maintenance and regular exploitation during expedition (fuel, equipment etc.)	Customs duty	Unlimited
National and foreign currency (except for currency used for numismatic purposes)	Customs duty and VAT	Unlimited
Goods transported under customs control in the customs regime of transit through the customs territory and intended for use in the third countries;		
Items of material and technical supplies and equipment, food and other property, export outside the customs territory to ensure the activities of the vessels of the Republic of Uzbekistan and vessels leased (chartered) by legal entities and individuals of Uzbekistan, engaged in sea fishing, as well as their products imported to the customs territory		
Goods to be converted into state revenue	Customs duty	Unlimited
Goods imported as humanitarian aid, in the manner determined by the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan		
Goods imported as humanitarian aid, in the manner determined by the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan		
Goods imported for charitable purposes, including the provision of technical assistance, through states, governments, international organizations		

Foreign trade (10/18)

Object of incentives, eligibility criteria	Type of incentives	Period of validity of incentives
Goods imported by legal entities at the expense of loans (credits) provided by international and foreign government financial organizations in accordance with international treaties of the Republic of Uzbekistan, as well as imported at the expense of grants	Customs duty	unlimited
Property imported by enterprises with foreign investment, with foreign participations of at least thirty-three percent, for their own production needs	Customs duty	Within two years from the date of their state registration;
Property imported for the personal needs of foreign investors, foreign citizens and stateless persons permanently residing outside of the Republic of Uzbekistan and staying in Uzbekistan in accordance with labor contracts concluded with foreign investors		
Goods imported by foreign legal entities that made direct investments to Uzbekistan economy for a total amount equivalent to more than fifty million US dollars, provided that the imported goods are produced by the foreign legal entity	Customs duty	Unlimited
Technological equipment imported to Uzbekistan, as per the list approved list, as well as components and spare parts, provided that their supply is envisaged by the terms of the contract (agreement) for the supply of technological equipment*		
Importation of:		
Goods imported as humanitarian aid in an order determined by the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan		
Goods imported for the purpose of charitable assistance, including the provision of technical assistance, through states, governments, international organizations;	VAT	Unlimited
Technological equipment, analogues of which are not produced in the Republic of Uzbekistan, imported into the territory of the Republic of Uzbekistan as per the approved list;		

Foreign trade (11/18)

Object of incentives, eligibility criteria	Type of incentives	Period of validity of incentives
Importation of:		
National and foreign currency, banknotes that are legal tender (except for those intended for collecting), as well as securities;		
Goods imported at the expense of loans from international financial institutions and international loans of government organizations, if the loan agreement provides for their exemption upon import;		
Technical means of systems of operational-search measures purchased by telecommunications operators and a special body for certification of technical means of systems of operational-search measures, in the presence of a written confirmation of the authorized state body;	VAT	Unlimited
Medicines, veterinary medicines, medical and veterinary products, as well as raw materials imported according to the list determined by legislation for the production of medicines, veterinary medicines, medical and veterinary products, and not produced in Uzbekistan		
Goods transported across the customs border in the form of humanitarian aid, gratuitous aid or for charitable purposes, including the provision of technical assistance;		
goods transported across the customs border by individuals for non-commercial purposes within the limits of duty-free importation established by law;		
Goods placed under customs regimes of temporary storage and refusal in favor of the state;		
Goods imported into the customs territory for the official use of diplomatic missions and consular offices of foreign states, international associations and organizations enjoying customs privileges, as well as goods exported from the customs territory and intended to ensure the functioning of diplomatic and equivalent representations of the Republic of Uzbekistan;	Customs processing fees	unlimited
Cultural values temporarily exported from the customs territory and imported back to this territory, which are in permanent storage in the funds of state museums, information and library institutions, archives and other state repositories of cultural values of the Republic of Uzbekistan;		
Goods imported by legal entities, the cost of which is ten times the size of the base calculated value or less		

Foreign trade (12/18)

Object of incentives, eligibility criteria	Type of incentives	Period of validity of incentives
Legal entities whose main activity is the organization of theme park services	Exemption from the customs payments (except for processing fees)	till January 1, 2022
Business entities on import of vehicles, from the date of production of which no more than 5 years have passed, used for the carriage of passengers and having, in addition to the driver's seat, eight and more than eight seats	Exemption from the customs payments (except for VAT and processing fees)	till January 1, 2022
Business entities on import of equipment, mechanisms and spare parts for the construction, reconstruction and equipping of cable cars, ski lifts, funiculars and other similar objects and structures, as well as balloons (balloons), motor boats and ATVs according to the lists approved in the prescribed manner.	Exemption from the customs payments (except for VAT and processing fees)	till January 1, 2022
Importation of equipment imported for re-equipment of research institutions and organizations within the framework of the ongoing modernization according to lists approved in the prescribed manner	Exemption from the customs payments (except for VAT and processing fees)	unlimited
Organizations-members of the organizational structure of the State Roads Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan on import of equipment, raw materials and materials, spare parts and components and assemblies imported for the construction, reconstruction, repair and operation of highways according to the lists approved in accordance with the established procedure	Exemption from the customs payments (except for VAT and processing fees)	till January 1, 2025
Textile industry enterprises on import of cotton, artificial and synthetic fiber, wool, raw materials and other materials necessary for the production of textile products and not produced in the republic, according to lists approved in the prescribed manner	Exemption from the customs payments (except for VAT and processing fees)	till January 1, 2021
National road transport companies, the share of export of international transport services in the annual revenue of which is 50 percent or more, and transport and logistics companies involved in the organization of transport, warehousing, storage, processing and distribution of goods, on import of warehouse equipment, handling equipment, units, spare parts and other goods not manufactured in the Republic of Uzbekistan, intended for the provision of transport and logistics services, according to lists approved in the prescribed manner	Exemption from the customs payments (except for VAT and processing fees)	Till January 1, 2022
Organizations engaged in the procurement, storage and processing of leather, fur and fur raw materials and wool, automated slaughter of cattle, production of wool, astrakhan fur and artificial leather, leather goods, footwear on import of equipment, components, not produced in the Republic of Uzbekistan, raw materials, materials and accessories according to the lists approved in accordance with the established procedure	Exemption from the customs payments (except for VAT and processing fees) and deferred payment of the customs payments (except for processing fees)	till January 1, 2022

Foreign trade (13/18)

Object of incentives, eligibility criteria	Type of incentives	Period of validity of incentives
Fish farming clusters with an annual production capacity of at least 50 tons of fish on import of breeding fish stocks, breeding fish roe, as well as equipment, inventory, mechanisms and their spare parts not produced in the republic, necessary for incubation, laboratories, intensive fish farming, catching fish, processing fish products, cooling and storing fish, equipment for providing alternative energy, specialized equipment for land reclamation and vehicles for transporting live fish and compound feed and mineral fertilizers (ammophos) imported from abroad by foreign organizations and their subsidiaries, company stores, dealer network and business entities for the needs of fish farms	Exemption from the customs payments (except for VAT and processing fees)	till November 1, 2021
Non-governmental educational institutions according to lists formed in accordance with the established procedure on import of modern educational and laboratory equipment, computer equipment, software products, educational and scientific-methodical literature, inventory and material and technical resources not produced in the Republic of Uzbekistan, required for the operation of those institutions	Exemption from the customs payments (except for VAT and processing fees)	till January 1, 2025

Source: Legislation of Uzbekistan

*For the list of the technological equipment exempt from customs duty and VAT at importation to the territory of Uzbekistan, refer to the Appendix I

Carrying out export operations based on the "Single Window" principle

Stage 1 Stage 2

- Applicant submits single application form to designated certification authorities at customs posts, depending on the type of certificate being sought along with required documents as per the approved list
- II. Customs authorities at the customs post reviews submitted documents, and given conformity of those documents, accept them; otherwise, the document are returned to an applicant to eliminate those nonconformities. The procedure is performed immediately
- III. Upon receipt of documents, customs authority takes samples of exported goods in accordance with the established procedure, sends them along with documents to respective testing laboratories and/or authorized bodies on the day of receipt;
- IV. Respective laboratory tests and examinations are conducted within 3-5 business day;
- V. After receipt of positive results based on the laboratory tests, customs authority issues respective certificates to an applicant at the customs post within 1 business day

- Applicant submits documents required for the customs processing
- II. Customs authority at the customs post reviews the submitted documents, and given conformity of those documents, accepts them; otherwise, the document are given back to an applicant to eliminate those nonconformities. The procedure is performed immediately
- III. Customs authority performs customs inspection of exported goods and vehicles upon readiness for shipment
- IV. Customs authority performs customs clearance of exported goods and vehicles within 1 business day

Foreign trade (14/18)

Changes in Currency Control Regulation

Customs administration is one of the areas experiencing constant reforms in recent years to promote foreign trade and export of goods. Below we mention some notable amendments in this area.

Presidential Resolution 'On further liberalisation of foreign trade activity and support of entrepreneurship' of 3 November 2017 introduces changes on liberalisation of foreign trade. Specifically, Resolution envisages following changes effective 1 December 2017:

- · 120 calendar days to collect foreign currency proceeds from export of goods and services (previously, from 60 to 180 days depending on the type of exporter and type of goods/services). The term shall be calculated starting from the date of signing of the act of completion of works (for services) and from the date of formalisation of export customs declaration (for goods).
- Business entities have a right to export goods, works and services for foreign currency without prepayment, letter of credit, bank guarantee and insurance of export contracts against political and commercial risks. This rule does not apply to export of certain raw materials, including fresh fruits and vegetables, as well as goods specified in the annex to the Resolution (not published yet). We note that exporters cannot benefit from this exemption if they have overdue accounts receivable from earlier export contracts. It is worth mentioning that both importers and exporters are responsible for overdue accounts receivable created as a result of foreign trade activities.
- · Requirement to submit export customs declaration by importers to confirm customs value of goods imported to Uzbekistan with application of customs exemptions shall be abolished.
- · Requirement to obtain permit from state customs authorities for re-export of goods, imported to Uzbekistan under 'temporary import' customs regime shall be abolished.
- Entities are allowed to export goods (except for raw materials), services and works based on invoices, without concluding export contracts, provided that information on transaction is duly registered in Unified Electronic Information System on Foreign Trade Operations (UEISFTO) a specialised foreign trade database, and 100% pre-payment is received by the exporter.

Another document, Resolution of the Republican Committee on the Development of the Regional and Industrial Export Potential №3257, dated 30 June 2020, introduced the procedure for granting subsidies at the expense of the State budget of the Republic of Uzbekistan for partial compensation of transportation costs when exporting goods (as per approved list) by automobile, air and railroad transportation.

Thus, exporting enterprises (their authorized representatives) can apply to the Agency for promotion of export for compensation of up to 50% of their costs for the transportation of exported goods. The eligibility criteria includes the following:

- Exporter is registered in Uzbekistan;
- · Goods are produced in Uzbekistan;
- · Goods are not being exported to neighboring countries;
- · Goods are cleared under export customs regime;
- Transportation of goods (under export agreement/ invoice) are an obligation of the exporter and have been actually paid by him.

Compensation amount is calculated strictly based on the type, volume and direction of export of products and cannot exceed the value of export (excluding transportation costs):

Moreover, according to the Resolution of the President №УП-6091, starting from October 2020 and until 31 December 2021 exporters can receive loans for pre-export financing, including working capital:

Compensation, regardless of the interest rate and the amount of the loan, - up to 50% of the interest expenses on the loan, but not more than 10 percentage points for loans in national currency and not more than 5 percentage points. – for loans in a foreign currency;

Foreign trade (15/18)

Changes in Currency Control Regulation

Surety - up to 50% of the loan amount, but not more than UZS 8 billion (approx.. USD 770,000). The surety commission is halved.

Compensation and (or) surety on the terms described above - for additionally allocated loans, provided there is positive credit history and regardless of existence of debts on previously received loans.

Besides, the Decree of President №УП-6005 dated 5 June 2020 introduced changes, related to the customs administration. According to the Decree, from 1 August 2020, organizations of railway transport in real time on a free of charge basis can provide the customs authorities with information on the movement within the country of wagons and containers under customs control by integrating their information systems with the information systems of the customs authorities.

Thus, starting from 1 September 2020, the one-stop-shop customs information system was introduced at border customs posts.

Starting from 1 November 2020:

- the time for completing a cargo customs declaration is to be reduced from 3 days to 1 day depending on the level of risk;
- cases of customs escort of goods is to be reduced, except for cases established by legislation, with an increase in the use of alternative types of customs control;
- the risk management system of the State Customs Committee is to be implemented at the road border customs posts;
- in case of temporary importation of vehicles, the carrier will be given the opportunity in real time in electronic form, well in advance of the expiration of the return export period, to extend the temporary importation period and pay the due fee;
- in the customs regime "processing in the customs territory", a methodology for identifying and assessing the rate of output of processed products is to be developed by the business entity itself.

Agreements for the avoidance of double taxation and the prevention of fiscal evasion

Uzbekistan implements consistent policy on strengthening treaties and legal base with other countries in the area of taxation. As of today 54 agreements on avoidance of double taxation and prevention of income and asset tax evasion have been signed and entered into force. Agreements are mainly based on the model agreement developed by OECD and relate to corporate taxes of legal entities, income tax of individuals as well as property tax. In accordance with the Article 2 of the Tax Code, the agreements, mentioned above or any other international document related to the tax legislation, have a priority over domestic legislative documents of Uzbekistan.

Table 2.13 Agreements for the avoidance of double taxation and the prevention of fiscal evasion			
Countries-signatories of the Agreement	Date of entry into force	Countries-signatories of the Agreement	Date of entry into force
Austria	8/1/2001	Kuwait	5/3/2006
Azerbaijan	11/2/1996	Kyrgyzstan	3/17/2000
Bahrain	1/12/2011	Latvia	10/23/1998
Belarus	1/11/1997	Lithuania	11/11/2002
Belgium	7/8/1999	Luxembourg	9/2/2000

Foreign trade (16/18)

Countries-signatories of the Agreement	Date of entry into force	Countries-signatories of the Agreement	Date of entry into force
Bulgaria	10/21/2004	Malaysia	8/10/1999
Canada	9/14/2000	Moldova	11/28/1995
China	7/3/1996	Netherlands	5/27/2002
Czech Republic	1/15/2001	Oman	3/30/2009
Egypt	6/25/2019	Pakistan	9/12/1996
Estonia	12/23/2013	Poland	4/29/1995
Finland	2/7/1999	Romania	10/17/1997
France	10/1/2003	Russian Federation	7/27/1995
Georgia	10/20/1997	Saudi Arabia	3/9/2006
Germany	12/14/2001	Singapore	11/28/2008
Greece	1/15/1999	Slovakia	10/20/2003
Hungary	1/29/2009	Slovenia	6/10/1995
India	1/25/1994	Spain	9/19/2015
Indonesia	11/11/1998	Switzerland	8/15/2003
Iran	1/18/2005	Tajikistan	8/7/1997
Ireland	4/17/2013	Thailand	7/21/1999
Israel	3/9/1999	Turkey	9/30/1997
Italy	5/26/2004	Turkmenistan	11/27/1996
Japan	10/17/2020	UAE	10/26/2007
Jordan	7/13/2011	Ukraine	7/13/1995
Kazakhstan	4/21/1997	United Kingdom	10/15/1993
Korea	12/25/1998	Vietnam	8/16/1996

Most favored nation treatments

Under the most favoured nation treatment countries grant each other not less favourable conditions in economic, trade and other relations, as they grant or will grant in the future to any third country. Most favoured nation treatment envisages providing customs preferences as well as incentives for domestic taxes and duties that are imposed on production, processing and imports of goods, etc.

Foreign trade (17/18)

Table 2.14 List of countries, with which Uzbekistan has most favored nation treaty			
Austria	Egypt	Lithuania	Turkey
Afghanistan	Israel	Malta	Finland
Bangladesh	India	Luxembourg	France
Belgium	Indonesia	Netherlands	Croatia
Bulgaria	Ireland	Portugal	Czech Republic
Brazil	Spain	Pakistan	Sweden
United Kingdom	Italy	Poland	Switzerland
Hungary	Jordan	Slovenia	Estonia
Vietnam	Cyprus	Romania	Japan
Germany	Korea	Slovakia	Saudi Arabia
Greece	China	Singapore*	Malaysia
Denmark	Latvia	USA	

^{*}Only for the goods specified in Appendix A to the Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Uzbekistan and the Government of the Republic of Singapore on the main directions of economic and humanitarian cooperation, signed on January 25, 2007 in the city of Tashkent.

Source: The Decree of Ministry of Investments and Foreign Trade, Ministry of Foreign Affairs and The General Customs Committee of the Republic of

Source: The Joint Decree of Ministry of Investments and Foreign Trade, Ministry of Foreign Affairs and The General Customs Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan №3267 dated 30 June 2020

Countries that have effective Free Trade Regime Agreements with Uzbekistan

Uzbekistan is a member of Free Trade Agreement (FTA) signed between CIS countries. FTA provides for free movement of goods within the territory of the CIS, non-application of import customs duties, non-discrimination, gradual decrease of export customs duties and abolishment of quantitative restrictions in mutual trade between the CIS FTA member states. The following countries are member of FTA:

Table 2.15 List of countries, with which Uzbekistan has signed Free Trade Agreements			
Kyrgyzstan	Georgia		
Azerbaijan	Moldova		
Tajikistan	Ukraine		
Kazakhstan	Russia		
Belarus	Turkmenistan*		

^{*}Import customs duties are not levied on goods according to a mutually agreed list in accordance with bilateral agreements

Foreign trade (18/18)

Uzbekistan is also a participant of the Economic Cooperation Organization Trade Agreement, multilateral trade agreement, which also includes Afghanistan, Azerbaijan, Iran, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyz Republic, Pakistan, Tajikistan, Turkey, Turkmenistan and establishes significant reduction of tariffs among member-countries.

Changes in Currency Control Regulation

Uzbekistan has recently gone through 4 major reforms, related to the improvement of the business climate and boosted its positions in the rating of most improved economies for ease of doing business, earning a spot among the world's top twenty countries, according to the World Bank Group's Doing Business 2020.

The main highlights are as follows:

- Development of the minority investor protection, by enhancement the rights and roles of shareholders in major corporate decisions, clarifying ownership and control structures and improving practices with regards to the corporate transparency;
- Making tax payments mechanisms simpler by unifying the infrastructure tax with the corporate income tax;
- · Introducing risk-based inspections and simplifying import documentary compliance, which makes the foreign trade much easier;
- Establishment of much easier contract enforcement practices through introduction of consolidated law on voluntary mediation, introduction of financial incentives for relevant parties to attempt mediation and publication of performance measurement reports on local commercial courts.

Uzbekistan ranked 69th globally with a score of 69.9 out of 100 this year, having moved up from 76th place in 2018. The country along with four other states in the Europe and Central Asia region, including Tajikistan, Azerbaijan, the Kyrgyz Republic, and Kosovo, was among the 20 economies where business climates improved the most.

Special economic zones (1/2)

The law "On Special Economic Zones" of Uzbekistan defines the following types of the special economic zones in Uzbekistan:

- free economic zone;
- special scientific and technological zone;
- tourist and recreational zone;
- free trade zone;
- special industrial zone.

Special economic zone is a territory, intended for creation of new industrial facilities, development of hi-tech production, active involvement in the development of production of modern competitive, import-substituting, export-oriented finished industrial products and establishment of manufacturing, engineering and communication, road and transport, and social infrastructures of those territories.

In accordance with the legislation, the projects at the special economic zones should be in alignment with the legal requirements, related to the construction, technical regulation, ecology and environment, labor regulations and industrial safety. Besides that, the projects should correspond to the functional and industrial specialization of a special economic zone, and the technological equipment, used for those projects should be in alignment with the modern energy-efficiency requirements.

Please refer to the above sections for a detailed overview of tax, customs and other benefits and incentives available for the participants of SEZ.

Table 2.11 List of Free Economic Zones and the priority industries, by FEZ			
FEZ	Location	Priority industries	
FEZ "Navoi"	Karmana, Navoi region	electrical equipment, machinery, pharmaceuticals, chemical, polymer products, perfumery and cosmetics.	
FEZ "Angren"	Angren, Tashkent region.	chemical & petrochemical, high-tech construction materials, food, leather goods, electrical equipment, mechanical engineering.	
FEZ "Jizzak"	Jizzak, Jizzak region	construction materials, electrical equipment, textile, oil processing, automotive, glass manufacturing	
FEZ "Urgut"	Urgut,Mergancha, Samarkan region	electrical equipment, mechanical engineering and auto components, pharmaceutical, textile products, food processing, chemical, construction materials, leather and footwear	
FEZ "Gijduvan"	Gijduvan, Bukhara region	food, textile, carpet, leather products and footwear, chemical & petrochemical, pharmaceutical, electrical equipment, mechanical engineering, automotive, construction materials	
FEZ "Balik Ishlab Chiqaruvchi"	Kuyichirchik, Tashkent region	processing of fish, production of fish-production (canned fish, caviar, flour etc.), fish farms	
FEZ "Chirokchi"	Chirokchi. Kashkadarya region	organization of manufacturing of high-tech and export-oriented products	
FEZ "Kokand"	Kokand, Fergana region	food processing, textile products, leather processing and footwear, chemical & petrochemical, electric equipment, machinery, building materials, furniture, paper, pharmaceutical	

Special economic zones (2/2)

FEZ	Location	Priority industries
FEZ "Namangan"	Chust, Namangan region	textile, footwear and leather goods, food, electrical engineering, mechanical engineering and automotive industry, production of building materials, processing and storage of agriculture
FEZ "Khazarasp"	Khazarasp, Khorezm region	chemical & petrochemical, leather processing and footwear production, food processing (fruit, vegetables, milk, meat), textile products, agricultural machinery
FEZ "Termez"	Uchkizil, Surkhandarya region	consumer electronics, agriculture, medical institutions and "medical tourism"
FEZ "Sirdaryo"	Sirdarya, Sirdarya region	processing of mineral resources, boat and vegetable and agricultural products, textile, footwear, leather goods, chemical, food, electrical industry, agricultural engineering, building materials industry
FEZ "Buhoro-agro"	Bukhara, Bukhara region	greenhouse farms, wide range of agricultural production, fruits vegetables, seeds

Apart from that, several pharmaceutical FEZ have been created to create favourable conditions for attraction of foreign and domestic investments to implementation of investment projects aimed at the development of the pharmaceutical industry of Uzbekistan, saturation of the domestic market with high-quality domestically produced medicines, taking into account the unique conditions for the cultivation of medicinal plants, organization of deep processing and production of pharmaceutical products with high added value.

In accordance with the Resolution of President №УП-5032 dated 3 May 2017, aimed at the development of the pharmaceutical potential of Uzbekistan and enjoy incentives from payment of taxes and other mandatory contribution to the state funds, from payment of the customs duties at the import of the technologies equipment, materials and spare parts, not produced in Uzbekistan. At the same time, members of free economic zones have the right to use convenient conditions and forms of payment and settlements for exported and imported goods. The legislation is silent about the effective period of those exemptions and preferences, which implies that the effective period of the preferences is limited by the effective period of those zones.

The list of the pharmaceutical free economic zones is as follows:

Table 2.12 The list of Pharmaceutical Free Economic Zones				
Pharmaceutical FEZ name	Location	Pharmaceutical FEZ name	Location	
FEZ "Nukus-pharm"	Karakalpakstan	FEZ "Boysun-pharm"	Baysun, Surkhandarya region	
FEZ "Zomin-pharm"	Zaamin, Jizzak region	FEZ "Bustonlik-pharm"	Bostanlik, Tashkent region	
FEZ "Kosonsoy-pharm"	Kosonsoy, Namangan region	FEZ "Parkent-pharm"	Parkent, Tashkent region	
FEZ "Sirdaryo-pharm"	Sirdaryo, Sirdarya region	FEZ "Andijon-pharm"	Andijan, Andijan region	

Besides that, there is a special touristic zone "Charvak", located in Tashkent region and aimed at the development of touristic infrastructure in the area. Participants of this zone enjoy the same incentives and benefits, as other SEZ.

International agreements (1/4)

Visas

Generally, to be eligible to enter Uzbekistan, foreign nationals are required to hold a valid Uzbek visa, except for nationals of certain countries having visa free regime with Uzbekistan as described below.

Visas are issued by the consular offices of the Republic of Uzbekistan abroad and in case of absence of those, by the consular offices of other countries, which are eligible for provision of consular services on behalf of Uzbekistan or by the branches of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Uzbekistan at the international airports of Uzbekistan. Application on obtaining visas can be submitted either in a paper form to the consular offices of Uzbekistan Abroad, branches of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs in Uzbekistan, or through an online platform of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs at http://evisa.mfa.uz/.

In 2019, a new type of visa – 'Investment Visa' was introduced. Thus, foreign nationals invested not less than 8,500 BCUs (appr. USD 183,000) to Uzbekistan by acquisition of shares of business entities, as well as establishment of enterprises with foreign investments are eligible for multiple-entry investor visas issued for 3 years, with the opportunity to extend for an indefinite period of time without need to exit the territory of Uzbekistan.

Consular offices and the state internal affairs authorities charge fees on the services, related to the entry to, stay in and exit from Uzbekistan. The list of services, as well as their fees is summarized at the table below:

	Table 2.16 State duties	
	State duty	Rate
		rvaic
	For services in the field of migration and registration of citizenship	
1	for issuance of a biometric passport of a citizen of the Republic of Uzbekistan	50% of BCU
2	for the issuance of a biometric passport of a citizen of the Republic of Uzbekistan for traveling abroad	1,2 times BCU
3	for issuance of a biometric travel document for traveling abroad to persons without citizenship, including those under the age of sixteen, permanently residing in the territory of the Republic of Uzbekistan	1 BCU
4	for issuance of documents to citizens of the Republic of Uzbekistan, foreign citizens and persons without citizenship on invitation to the Republic of Uzbekistan	10% of BCU
5	for issuance or extension of the validity of a residence permit in the Republic of Uzbekistan to foreign citizens and persons without citizenship permanently residing in the Republic of Uzbekistan	20% of BCU
6	for re-issuance in return for a lost residence permit in the Republic of Uzbekistan to foreign citizens and persons without citizenship permanently residing in the Republic of Uzbekistan	50% of BCU
7	for consideration of applications for admission, restoration and renunciation of citizenship of the Republic of Uzbekistan and applications for recognition as a citizen of the Republic of Uzbekistan	2 BCU

International agreements (2/4)

	State duty	Rate	
8	for registration and discharge, as well as for registration at the place of stay of citizens of the Republic of Uzbekistan	2% of BCU	
9	for permanent registration and discharge of foreign citizens and persons without citizenship	2% of BCU	
	issuance and extension of the validity of an exit or exit-entry visa for foreign citizens and persons without ship, depending on the period:		
1	up to 7 days	2 BCU	
2	up to 15 days	2 BCU	
3	up to 30 days	2 BCU	
4	up to 3 months	3 BCU	
5	up to 6 months	5 BCU	
6	up to a year	6 BCU	
7	up to a year for citizens of Turkmenistan	20 BCU	
8	up to a year for citizens of Kyrgyzstan and Tajikistan	1 BCU	
9	up to a year for citizens of the United States of America	6 BCU	
Note:	increasing number of entries of visa implies the increase of the duty to 40% of BCU		
	for temporary registration of foreign citizens and persons without citizenship for the duration of the entry visa and for the extension of temporary registration for the period of extension of the visa:		
10	up to a month	free	
11	up to 2 months	2 BCU	
12	up to 3 months	2 BCU	
13	up to 6 months	4 BCU	
14	up to a year	8 BCU	
15	up to 2 years	10 BCU	

International agreements (3/4)

	State duty	Rate
16	up to 3 years	12 BCU
17	for a temporary registration of citizens of the CIS member states, as well as persons who arrived from the CIS member states with passports of the former USSR, in which there are no marks of citizenship, for a period	
17.1	up to a month	free
17.2	from 1 to 6 months	20% of BCU
17.3	over 6 months	40% of BCU
18	for consideration and formalization of documents of a foreign citizen, including a citizen of a CIS member state, or a stateless person, for permanent residence in the Republic of Uzbekistan	2 BCU
19	for issuing certificates of the loss of a passport or a document replacing it to a foreign citizen or stateless person	40% of BCU

Source: The Law of Uzbekistan "On State Duties"

At the same time, Uzbekistan has bilateral visa free regimes with Kyrgyzstan (up to 60 days), Tajikistan (up to 30 days), Azerbaijan, Armenia, Belarus, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Moldova, Russia and Ukraine.

Moreover, citizens of the following countries may visit Uzbekistan for a period up to 30 days without visa:

Table 2.17 List of countries, citizens of which can enter Uzbekistan for 30 day without obtaining a visa			
Austria	Spain	Slovenia	Barbados
Australia	Netherlands	Tajikistan	Belize
Argentina	Norway	Croatia	Grenada
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Sweden	Chile	Dominican Republic
Vatican	Latvia	Romania	Mexico
Luxembourg	Lithuania	Singapore	Guatemala
Hungary	Malaysia	Slovakia	Honduras
Brunei	Mongolia	UK	Costa-Rica
Israel	New Zealand	Turkey	Cuba
Greece	UAE	Brazil	Nicaragua

International agreements (4/4)

Ireland	Portugal	Germany	Panama Republic
Iceland	Bulgaria	Finland	Trinidad and Tobago
Italy	Indonesia	France	El-Salvador
Canada	Cyprus	Montenegro	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
Andorra	Korea, South	Czech Republic	Saint Lucia
Liechtenstein	Malta	Switzerland	The Bahamas
Monaco	Poland	Estonia	Commonwealth of Dominica
Belgium	San-Marino	Japan	Saint Kitts
Denmark	Serbia	Antigua and Barbuda	Jamaica

Source: The Decree of Cabinet of Ministers №ПП-408 dated 21 November 1996

A visa-free regime for 7 days is established for citizens of China (including Hong Kong).





Financial services (1/11)

Banking services

The Uzbekistan banking system consists of the Central Bank and 32 commercial banks, including 5 state banks, 5 banks with foreign capital, 6 private banks and 16 Joint stock commercial banks. There are also 6 representative offices of such foreign banks as «J.P. Morgan Chase Bank» (USA), «Commerzbank AG» (Germany), «Korea Eximbank» (South Korea), «Landensbank Baden-Wurttemberg» (Germany), "National Bank of Pakistan" (Pakistan), «Shinhan bank» (South Korea).

Until recently, the Uzbek banking sector was focused on channeling funds into specific sectors, with state-owned banks controlling up to 90 percent of the sector. In a bid to reform the banking sector and bring more competition into it, the government has followed the currency reform with a series of other important changes. In particular, it has cut corporate and individual tax rates, slashed import tariffs, created state agencies dedicated to privatization and capital markets, rewritten the central bank law, loosened visa restrictions for foreign travellers and started negotiations with the World Trade Organization about accession.

Uzbekistan's banking system is a mixture of state-owned banks and smaller private and foreign banks. The state-owned banks dominate the local financial system, representing 84% of total assets, 72% of deposits and 88% of loans, according to figures released by the Central Bank of Uzbekistan as of July 1, 2020. The five largest banks in the country, all of them state-owned – National Bank of Uzbekistan (NBU), Asaka Bank, Sanoat Qurilish Bank, Ipoteka Bank and Agrobank – hold 67% of banking assets between them.

Commercial banks in Uzbekistan have an extensive network of branches, consisting of 876 branches, 4 177 mini-banks and specialized cash oces. Commercial banks offer their clients an entire range of banking services, including those focused on financing investment projects.

Privatisation activities

As part of the reforms, Uzbekistan wants to privatise all but four key strategic banks (the National Bank for Foreign Economic Activities and Xalq Banki, both 100 per cent owned by the state; Agro Bank, 94.5 per cent state-owned; and Mikrokredit Bank, in which the state has a 84.5 per cent share).

According to the Presidential Decree #4300, the Uzbekistan State Asset Management Agency was assigned to sell out the government stake in Aloqabank (25%), Turon bank (25%) and Asia Alliance bank (25%). Prior to that proper valuation, assessment and improvement of financial condition of banks are to take place. It is expected that privatisation of banks will improve the efficiency and profitability of the whole banking sector by providing to commercial banks unbounded investment opportunities.

Foreign banks operating in Uzbekistan

The GoU envisages the inflow of foreign banks into the market in course of economic liberalization. So far, the following foreign banks have obtained a banking license from the CBU to operate as a bank in Uzbekistan. Apart from an Uzbek-Korean KDB bank, Uzbek-Iranian Saderat bank and Uzbek-Turkish Ziraat bank, new entrants in recent years include Tenge bank and TBC bank.

KDB bank

JSC "KDB Bank Uzbekistan", established in 1997, is the largest international bank in Uzbekistan. The principal shareholder is the leading prime-rated bank – "KDB Bank", Korea (The Korean Development Bank) with the share of 86.32% and the highest credit ratings from the leading international rating agencies (Standard and Poor's - AA/ Moody's - Aa2/ Fitch - AA-).

Saderat bank

Saderat bank started its operation in Uzbekistan back in 1999 for the purpose of strengthening the economic and trade cooperation between Uzbekistan and Iran. Currently, the main activities of the bank involve servicing trade operations between two countries.

Financial services (2/11)

Ziraat bank

In 2018 Ziraat Bank Uzbekistan, which was established in 1993 with the aim of financing trade operations between two founding countries, became a fully foreign-owned one as Turkish T.C. Ziraat Bankasi acquired the remaining 50% stake from Agrobank.

Tenge bank

In May 2019, Joint-Stock Commercial Bank "Tenge Bank", a subsidiary of JSC Halyk Bank of Kazakhstan obtained a license from the CBU to conduct banking operations and became the second foreign bank in Uzbekistan after Saderat Iran Bank.

TBC bank

The market may be enlarged by yet another foreign bank, namely TBC Bank (Georgia) that disclosed its plans to open the first digital bank in Uzbekistan. TBC Bank opened its first showcase branch in 2019. The license is expected to be issued in 2020. It has purchased a 51% stake of the leading payment platform in Uzbekistan - Payme in April 2019.

Development of new services

In light of increasing competition in the banking sector, its players are striving for technological advance and product diversification. The extensive digitalization of banking services was first launched in 2018 by Ipak Yuli bank, which incorporated in its operations SAP CRM and SAP HANA modules. Following that, InfinBank implemented SAP QCD and CRM for speeding up the process of servicing.

Since 2017, the banking product portfolio has substantially expanded. Specifically, overdraft cards, MasterCard and Visa cards were introduced. In 2018, the banks started to offer online conversion of national currency to foreign currency. InfinBank launched its mobile application providing online loans. From May 2019 all banks started issuing HUMO contactless cards. In 2019 UnionPay entered Uzbekistan to accommodate increasing demand for Chinese goods. HUMO interbank payment system has 900 000 debit cards, 400 ATMs and 100 000 terminals.

In Uzbekistan the use of debit cards issued by banks for transactions between buyers and sellers of goods (services) became widespread including the use of international VISA, Mastercard, and UnionChinaPay cards. Today payment systems of 28 commercial banks are united in the framework of "UZCARD" interbank payment system and approximately 17 mln. debit cards are in circulation. In order to ensure seamless servicing of debit cards, more than 285,000 retail trade and service companies were equipped with Point-Of-Sale (POS) terminals, while over 2,200 ATM machines and infokiosks were installed at public venues.

Visa is the most widely used international card in Uzbekistan. Visa has been working with Uzbekistan banks since 1993 as www.ictnew.uz states. More than 80% of banks offer various Visa cards types, including: Visa electron, Visa classic, Visa gold and platinum. Since 2018, the banks began widely offering Visa cards with the function of currency exchanging from UZS to other currencies. Also, banks in Uzbekistan require from clients insured deposits in cards that vary from around USD 10 to USD 100 with 0.5-1% on average commission for transaction.

In 2019, few banks (Orient Finans Bank, NBU, Asia Alliance Bank, Turon Bank, Asaka Bank and KDB) in Uzbekistan offer MasterCard. At the moment, technical and legal capabilities have already been implemented for accepting Mastercard cards through the POS-terminals of Asaka Bank. Also, MasterCard and Humo are going to introduce non-cash fare in public transport, the project will primarily cover the subway of Tashkent. Payment will be contactless. MasterCard's insured deposit required from clients is from USD 10 USD to USD 100 with 0.5-1% commission on average for transactions.

Union Pay has been working in Uzbekistan since 2011. Union Pay co-badging cards are accepted in all Aloqabank's POS terminals in 2019. Also, Ipak Yuli, Qishloq Qurilish Bank, Agrobank, Orient Finans Bank, Infinbank, Hamkorbank, NBU have been integrating co-badging cards for Union Pay recently. Insured deposits which are required from clients in Union Pay cards are from USD 0-50, 0.5-1% commission on average for transactions.

Financial services (3/11)

The Russian payment system Mir and the Uzbek Uzcard signed a cooperation agreement in March 2019. However, Uzcard has not launched Mir system yet, as Uzcard employees confirm. The implementation of the contract is planned to be realized by the end of 2019 as MIR official website states. The payment system of the Russian system will be integrated into the Uzcard infrastructure making it possible to pay with plastic cards and withdraw funds from it through all terminals and ATMs.

Table 3.1. Commission charged by commercial banks for client services 1/2			
Transactions In national currency		In foreign currency	
Transactions and cash services			
Opening on-demand deposit account	Free-of-charge	Free-of-charge	
Inbound transactions	Free-of-charge	Free-of-charge	
Outgoing transactions	0.2%-1%	0.15%-0.5%	
Registration of a checkbook	10% of BCU-30000 UZS	-	
Opening a letter of credit	200 000-400 000 UZS	1.0 % – 0.2 %	
Acceptance of documents for payment collections (payment orders and letters of collection)	up to 1000 UZS each	10-30 USD	
Net encashment	-	0.1%-0.15 %	
Acceptance and advising documentary imports collection	-	1-3 BCU	
Issuing cash to legal entities (for payment of wages, pensions, benefits, and other essential payments)	Free-of-charge	Up to 1%	
Issuing certificates, approvals, and duplicate statements for clients	10% of BCU	2-3 USD	
Maintenance of a "Bank - Client" software	20% of BCU		

Source: www.bank.uz

Table 3.2. Commission charged by commercial banks for client services 2/2				
Transactions In national currency	In foreign currency			
SMS-Banking service: -monthly fee 10 000-15 000 UZS	1.5 USD			
Managing an account in the "Internet Banking" system for legal entities	Monthly 0.15-0.25 of BCU or free of charge depending on agreed tariff			
Closing a deposit account of clients including transfer of an account to another bank Free-of-charge	Free-of-charge			
Guarantees				
Issuing guarantees at a request of Bank's clients between 0.1%-5% APR of the amount of the guarantee				

Making payments on the guarantees at the demand of the Beneficiary of short-term lending transactions based on rates of short term loans

Export/import contract registration

Registration and making records of export, import, barter contracts: up to 50,000 USD from 50,000 USD 60 000 UZS-100 000 UZS up to 1 mln. USD from 1 mln. USD and above

Registration of an addendum to export, import, and barter contracts 60 000 UZS-200 000 UZS

Issuance of "Transactions history" records 50 000 UZS-100 000 UZS

Unregistering unfulfilled export, import, barter contracts when a client switches to another bank

60 000 UZS-100 000 UZS per contract*

Source: www.bank.uz

Financial services (4/11)

Table 3.3. Tariffs on non-cash transactions via UZS debit cards	
Types of services	Effective tariff
Payment for services of the bank on issuance of debit cards:	
Issuance of debit card in the framework of payroll, pension and stipends	Free-of-charge
Debit card of an individual	Based on an agreement with a client (up to 30 000 UZS)
Debit card of a legal entity and an individual entrepreneur	Based on an agreement with a client (up to 30 000 UZS)
Retail card of POS terminal	Free-of-charge or 0.2%
Payment for services of the bank related to technical maintenance of UZS debit card:	
Extension of the period of validity of UZS-denominated debit card	25 000-50 000 UZS
Unblocking a debit card	Free-of-charge
Adding a debit card to the Stop List (for all types of debit cards)	Free-of-charge
Commission for collection of funds, drawn by POS terminals, installed by the bank at retail, catering and service sites:	
- for clients of the bank	Free-of-charge or 0.2%
- for clients of other banks	Free-of-charge or 0.2%
Commission for renting out POS terminals by the bank:	
Rental cost, charged to legal entities for POS terminals (monthly)	Free-of-charge or 25 000 - 50 000 UZS
Rental cost, charged to individual entrepreneurs for POS terminals (monthly)	Free-of-charge or 15 000 - 50 000 UZS
Commission for renting out POS terminals by the bank:	
For using debit card funds by individuals at POS terminals	Free-of-charge
For using debit card funds by individuals at infokiosks and ATM machines	Free-of-charge (inforkiosks) and 0.5%-1% (ATMs)
For issuance of individuals' funds from a debit card in cash (regardless of an issuing bank)	Free-of-charge
Commission charged for deposits into corporate debit cards of legal entities and individual entrepreneurs:	
When transfering funds from a main account to a card upon performing deposit of funds into corporate debit cards of legal entities and individual entrepreneurs	Based on an agreement with a client (up to 1% of transferred amount)

^{*} The tari rates are only applicable to transactions performed according to the regular procedures. Any services as well as relevant commission not indicated in taris are subject to separate agreement.

Lending and leasing

Commercial banks are the main source of lending to businesses in Uzbekistan, which make loans for various purposes: generating startup capital, replenishment of current assets, procurement of equipment and technologies, financing export-import operations, etc. In general, collateral is required to obtain a bank loan according to the Civil Code of Uzbekistan and the Law of Uzbekistan "On Collateral".

^{**} Excluding commission of a bank for correspondent transactions with a foreign bank. Sources: www.cbu.uz, www.bank.uz

Financial services (5/11)

In practice, banks require a client to provide collateral with a value equivalent of at least 125% of the loan amount as well as an insurance policy. Only a movable property or non-residential real estate can serve as a collateral. Banks often request customers (especially individual customers) to make a downpayment of around 25-30% of the project costs. Interest rates of loans made in national currency (UZS) are within the refinancing rate of the Central Bank (equivalent to 14% as of October 1, 2020) + 3-10% per annum depending on the cost recovery and the risk of the project. In case of procurement of import equipment and technologies, businesses can use certain benefits related to the loan and its insurance, i.e. obtaining the loan with discounted interest rates, benefits in customs clearance, etc. Furthermore, commercial banks can provide loans to their clients in hard currency using credit lines of foreign banks with the rates ranging within LIBOR + 2-8% per annum.

Table 3.4. Average interest rates on commercial loans 1/2				
Type of loan	Annual interest rate (%)	Maximum amount of the loan	Maturity	Collateral
Overdraft	20-32	from 10 BCU up to 3 months salary of the applicant	12 months	Guarantee of an individual or third party warranty or insurance or other valid assets
Auto Loan	20-32	from 1,000 BCU up to 3,500 BCU	24-60 months	in the amount of at least 125% of the amount of the loan (Down Payment not less than 30%)
Consumer loan	from 21	from 10 BCU up to 4,484 BCU	12-36 months	Guarantee of an individual or third party warranty or insurance or other valid highly liquid assets
Mortgage for new buildings	18-23	Up to 1,580-5,000 BCU	120-240 months	Collateralized property (Down Payment not less than 20%-30%)
Mortgage for the secondary market	17-27	Up to 5000 BCU	Up to 240 months	Collateralized property (Down Payment not less than 10%-35%)

Source: www.bank.uz

The leasing services market, including over 44 leasing companies and 15 of them were banks' subsidiaries, has been actively developing in the country. The lessors are primarily commercial banks and major commercial institutions involved in importing machinery and technological equipment. Most leased items in the sector are agricultural machinery (40% of total transactions) and freight vehicles (18% of total transactions). Prior to 2019, banks were restricted to provide leasing services directly.

Entrepreneurs – lessees have an opportunity to use a number of benets and preferences. Inter alia, lessee is exempted from VAT on lease payment and property taxes, while imported technological equipment as per the lease agreement is exempted from customs duties and VAT.

	Maximum amou	nt of financing	Amount of	Interest	rates
Timeframe of leasing services, years	in UZS	in hard currency, USD	advance payment	in UZS, %	in hard currency, ⁹
Up to 96 months*	more than 2000 BCU		At least 25% of the cost of leased object	not less than 18%	

^{*}Aloqa Bank, Hamkorbank oer long-term lease (up to 8 years).

Financial services (6/11)

Approximate list of documents required to obtain a bank loan

- 1. A loan application indicating the amount, maturity, purpose and collateral of the loan.
- 2. Charter and Memorandum of Association of a company (notarized), Certificate of state registration.
- 3. Accounting statements for the last 2 quarters of the financial operations of a company (with the seal of the State Tax Authority):
 - a. Balance sheet of the company Form-1 (quarterly, annual);
 - b. Income Statement Form 2 (quarterly, annual).
 - c. If required, a bank can request a breakdown of some lines of balance sheet, Form 1 and 2
- 4. Breakdown of accounts payable and receivable with relevant dates.
- 5. The certificate of financial obligations to third parties (earlier issued guarantees of payment. etc.) If a borrower is another bank's client, then this certificate should indicate the existence of Card-index-2, existence of bank loans and recent turnover as per accounts with seal and signatures of bank ocials.
- 6. The Business Plan (Project Feasibility Study).
- 7. In case of purchase of equipment, technical characteristics and technical passports should be attached as well as a competitive list of purchased equipment with indication of at least 3 alternative suppliers compared to which, the selected equipment is advantageous.
- 8. The license, certifying the right to engage in indicated activity, if that type of activity is included in the list that requires special licenses.
- 9. Project examination (emission of chemical substances, etc.) by the State Committee on Nature Protection of Uzbekistan.
- 10. Land registry documents of buildings and structures or a lease contract if an enterprise rents its premises.
- 11. Contracts or letters of intent for acquisition of an object (raw materials, equipment, goods, etc.)
- 12. Contracts or letters of intent for sales of manufactured goods/services.

Loan Collaterals:

- In case of guarantee Balance forms 1 and 2 for the last 2 quarters, Charter, Memorandums of Association of a guarantor, copy of samples of guarantor's signatures, certificate of financial audit of guarantor, certificate of financial obligations to third parties (if currently acting as a guarantor, etc.), if a guarantor is from another bank, then this certificate should indicate the existence of Card-index-2, existence of bank loans as well as recent turnover as per accounts with seal and signatures of bank ocials.
- In case of collateral submission of documents certifying collateral ownership rights, certificate of state registration at land registry authorities. In case if the borrower is a joint venture an audit report is required.

Microcredit and micro leasing

Commercial banks and microfinance organizations offer microcredit and micro leasing services. The biggest provider of microcredit and micro leasing services in the county is the joint-stock commercial "Mikrokreditbank" established by the Decree of the President of Uzbekistan dated May 5, 2006. Today "Mikrokreditbank" has extensive financial infrastructure in all regions of Uzbekistan, consisting of 82 branches and mini-banks. The authorized funds of the bank amount to 150 billion UZS. Microcredits are issued both under collateral and based on trust. The main form of microcredit collateral is property. Any property, including items and property-related (claims) can be an object of collateral according to the Law of Uzbekistan "On Collateral".

Main clients are represented by small businesses and private entrepreneurs. To stimulate the market of microcredit organisations, the GoU eased licensing procedure and reduced the required minimum capital for opening microcredit organisations. As such, costs of entry are relatively low compared to banks. The total assets of microcredit organisations as of 1st January 2019 - USD 0.4 billion. All microloan organisations in Uzbekistan are non-deposit taking institutions. Deposit-taking microfinance institutions like credit unions ceased operation in 2010 due to the abolition of the Credit Union Law. As suggested, credit unions had been eliminated since they could explode the market position of banks (ADB, 2018).

Financial services (7/11)

Table 3.6 Microcredit services fees 1/2		
Purpose of the loan	Replenishment of working capital	To finance investment projects
Recipients	Individual entrepreneurs; dekhkan househ farmer; micro-firm; small business	olds with a status of a legal entity; commercial
Loan maturity	Up to 36 months	up to 60 months
Loan amount	Up to 1000 BCU	up to 1 bn UZS
Loan interest rate	22-36% in UZS	not less than 20% in UZS

Source: www.bank.uz

Table 3.7 Micro leasing services fees 2	:/2	
Type of Leasing	Microleasing services	Financial Leasing services
Recipients	Individual entrepreneurs; dekhkan hou farmer; micro-firm; small business	sholds with a status of a legal entity; commercial
Lease period	up to 36 months	from 12 up to 96 months
Amount of lease	2000 BCU	negotiable between parties
Interest rate	18-20%	not less than annual 20%
Downpayment		not less than 30% of whole project
Source: www.bank.uz		

Money transfers

Table 3.8 Tariffs for domestic and international electronic money	transfers
Amount of an electronic money transfer (in UZS)	Fee charged for electronic money transfer (EMT) between automated workplaces (including VAT)
Sending international money transfers of individuals without opening a bank account (Western Union, MoneyGram, Zolotaya Korona, Unistream, Contact located in more than 180 countries)	From 0.1% depending on the transfer amount, location and recipient's bank
Receiving international money transfers of individuals without opening a bank account (Western Union, MoneyGram, Zolotaya Korona, Unistream, Contact located in more than 180 countries)	Free of charge
Cash withdrawal of foreign currency from an account on demand received in non-cash form	0.5-1%
When transferring funds from plastic debit cards according to an application in a non-cash form for payment of other payments, transferring funds from another branch or bank through a bank terminal	0.5-1%
Cash withdrawal from plastic debit cards of individuals or cashing out funds through a bank ATM	1%

Source: www.bank.uz

Insurance

There are systems of mandatory and voluntary insurance in Uzbekistan. Mandatory types of insurance were introduced by respective laws and intended to share liability in insurance cases between insurers and the government. At present, 36 insurance companies operate in the insurance services market, including 28 in general insurance, 8 in the life insurance sector and others. Of all insurance companies, 22 are surveyor adjusters, 5 are insurance brokers, and 5 offer actuary services. Over 8,900 insurance agents operate in the sector. The largest insurance companies are State Joint Stock Insurance Company "Uzagrosugurta", National Company for Export-Import Insurance "Uzbekinvest", "Kafolat" Insurance Company, "Kapital Sug'urta" JSC, "Alfa Invest" LLC, "Alskom" JSC and other joint stock or limited liability insurance companies such as "Gross insurance", "Euroasia Insurance", "Asia Insurance", "New Life Insurance".

Financial services (8/11)

Insurance market in Uzbekistan is not well developed since the local business and population don't have trust in the insurance system. The process of getting an insurance payment in the country is difficult and most businesses and people prefer not to buy insurance. To date, the most common type of insurance is compulsory car insurance (known as OSAGO for its Russian abbreviation), but starting 2021 the general population will be required to acquire mandatory medical insurance.

Government officials highlight the ineffectiveness of the insurance market. As was recently outlined in mass media, the outflow of funds to foreign reinsurance companies is nearly 30 times higher than the inflow of insurance premiums (USD 33 million vs. USD 1.2 million). Per capita insurance premiums in Uzbekistan are in the region of USD 6 while in Europe and Eastern Asia they reach USD 3000 and 280, respectively.

Table 3.9 List of insurance services and amount of insurance p	premiums
Insurance services	Basic rate of insurance premium, as % of insurance amount
Property insurance	0.05–0.2 *
Insurance of collateral	0.1–0.7*
Insurance of property in transit	0.1-0.4
Insurance of motor vehicles	56 000–201 600 UZS
Insurance of agrarian transport vehicles	from 0.25 or 22400-67200 UZS
Voluntary insurance against construction and assembly risks	0.05–0.3
Insurance of export contracts	from 0.5
Insurance of guarantees	from 1
Insurance of a mortgaged object	0.05
Insurance of property – leasing object	0.03-1.5
Insurance of professional responsibility	0.5-0.1
Insurance of civil liability of employer	depends on the payroll (its numbers) and the type of activity
Insurance of animals	2-8

Compulsory insurance of transport operator's civil liability

In line with the Law of Uzbekistan "On Compulsory Insurance of Transport Operator's Civil Liability" dated 26.05.2015, starting from November 2015 compulsory insurance by transport operator of own civil liability for inflicting damage to life, health and (or) property of passengers prior to provision of transportation services. Herewith, transport operator is a legal entity providing commercial transportation services of passengers and their property by urban commute, railroad, air, road, river and other transport, and possessing special permission (license) for this activity.

Property interests of transport operators in case of occurrence of its civil liability to compensate for damages indicated to life, health and (or) property of passengers serve as the object of compulsory insurance of civil liability of transport operator. Transport operator, insurer, passenger, victim and beneficiary serve as subjects of compulsory civil liability.

The agreement of compulsory insurance of transport operator's civil liability is public in nature. According to the agreement, the insurer commits itself, for agreed payment (insurance premium), in case of occurrence of insured accident, to compensate victim, beneficiary or transport operator for inflicted damage to life, health and (or) property within the confines of the insured amount of the agreement.

Insurer covers all claimed and provable costs of a transport operator occurred in time of urgent measures for prevention and (or) reduction of damage inflicted to life, health and (or) property of passengers, taken by a transport operator's initiative or at an insurer's request even in those cases when these measures were not successful. Herewith, total amount of insurance compensation and these expenses of a transport operator can not exceed insurance amount.

Insurance compensation does not cover judicial expenses, fines and other such payments.

Financial services (9/11)

Stock market and securities

The Republican Stock Exchange "Tashkent" is a basic trading platform in the stock market of Uzbekistan, housing more than 100 brokerages and branches in all regions of the country, and equipped with the necessary equipment, communications infrastructure as well as the Single software-technical system for organizing trades from any branch. The Stock Exchange was established according to the Decree of the President of Uzbekistan 'On measures for further deepening economic reforms, ensuring protection of a private property and development of business' dated January 21, 1994 No. 745.

When executing buy/sell operations with securities on the Stock Exchange, brokerages' commissions vary depending on the amount of the deal, package size and liquidity of certain securities. Besides brokerage fees, mandatory fees of "Tashkent" Republican Stock Exchange (over-the-counter platforms), Central Depository, secondary depositories of the deal parties and Clearing houses should be taken into account when performing securities deals.

The Central Securities Depository provides its customers a wide range of depositary and related services, ensures the settling of transactions with securities concluded on the trading platforms of the Stock Exchange and the OTC trading system "Elsis SAVDO". It also assigns international codes to the issuers of securities. In doing so, all transactions are carried out electronically.

Table 3.10 STOCK MARKET AND SECURITIES: The scale of fees in Republican Stock Exchange "Tashkent"		
Market category	Amount of deal	Fee
Tashkent RSE		
Stock Market:		
G1- main section «Main Board» (№1)	Up to 1.0 billion UZS Over 1 billion UZS to 5 billion UZS Over 5 billion UZS	0.45% 0.25% 0.15%
T1- Section in negotiated auction mode «Nego Board» (№2)	Up to 10 billion UZS Over 10 billion UZS to 50 billion UZS From 50 billion UZS to 100 billion UZS From 100 billion UZS and more	0.35% 0.20% 0.15% 0.1%
NC- Section for transactions of purchase and sale for individuals without clearing «NC Board» (№3)	Regardless of deal amount	0,35%
R1- Section of REPO transactions with shares of Repo Board JSC (No. 4)	Up to 1.0 billion UZS Over 1 billion UZS	0.15% 0.1%
Bond Market:		
G1- Main section «Main Board» (№5)	Up to 10 billion UZS Over 10 billion UZS to 50 billion UZS Over 50 billion UZS	0.07% 0.05% 0.04%
T1- Section in negotiated auction mode «Nego Board» (№6)	Regardless of deal amount	0,07%
R1- Section of REPO transactions with corporate and infrastructure bonds «Repo Board» (№7)	Regardless of deal amount	0,03%
Government securities market:		
G1- Main section «Main Board» (№5)	Regardless of deal amount	0,03%
T1- Section in negotiated auction mode «Nego Board» (№6)	Regardless of deal amount	0,03%
R1- Section of REPO transactions with corporate and infrastructure bonds «Repo Board» (№7)	Regardless of deal amount	0,03%

*Note: The amount of commission collected is established from the amount of transaction and is raised from each party of the transaction (the buyer and the seller), except acquisition of the securities by the organizations financed from the state budget. Source: uzse.uz

Financial services (10/11)

The securities market for foreign currency transactions «FCT Market»:	
G1- Main section «Main Board» (№8)	up to 5 million US dollars inclusive 0.3% More than 5 million US 0,2% dollars
T1- Section in negotiated auction mode «Nego Board» (№9)	up to 5 million US dollars inclusive 0.3% More than 5 million US 0,15% dollars

Also, the Central Depository provides its customers about 30 types of depository and related services. In addition to basic services, the Central Depository provides the following information and consulting services to joint-stock companies during their corporate actions:

- Custody services
- Information services
- Consulting services
- Information Technology Services
- Training seminars

Table 3.11 STOCK MARKET AND SECURITIES: Fees for Central Depositary (CD) services		
Service	Fee	
Registration of the CD client in the Integrated database of depositors: a) legal entity b) individual	1 BCU 0.07 BCU	
Registration of the issuance of securities, 1st issue	3 BCU	
Changes and (or) additions to previously registered securities issues, according to the details of the service	1 BCU	
Crediting securities to securities accounts when placing them without concluding agreements, according to the details of the service	1 BCU	
Service	Fee	
Depositing securities into the trading account at the CD based on the results of trading in the organized market (of the deal amount), transfer of:		
- shares	0.1 %	
- bonds and other securities in the primary and secondary market	0.015% but at least 0.5 BCU and not more than 30 BCU	
 government securities (treasury bonds, government bonds and others) 	0.001% of the deal amount	
Collection and formation of the register of securities owners in the form of an electronic document:		
from 1 to 50 shareholders	0.9 BCU	
from 51 to 500 shareholders	0.9 BCU + 0.002 BCU for every line after 50th	
from 501 to 2000 shareholders	1.8 BCU + 0.001 BCU for each line after 500th	
from 2001 to 3000 shareholders	3.3 BCU + 0.0008 BCU for each line after 2000	
from 3001 shareholders and more	4.1 BCU + 0.0005 BCU for each line after 3000, but not more than 10 BCU	

Financial services (11/11)

Registration in the form of a paper document of the generated register:	
from 1 to 50 shareholders	0.05 BCU
from 51 to 500 shareholders	0.05 BCU + 0.002 BCU for each line after 50th
from 501 to 2000 shareholders	0.95 BCU + 0.0005 BCU for each line after the 500th
from 2001 to 3000 shareholders	1.7 BCU + 0.0004 BCU for each line after 2000
from 3001 shareholders and more	2.1 BCU + 0.0002 BCU for each line after 3000, but not more than 5 BCU
Providing the depositor with a depo account statement and other obligatory reports	free of charge
Formation of data on state assets in the authorized funds of JSC	0.5 BCU
Formation and printing of a list of holders of securities for 1 security	0.006 BCU
Formation of a list of holders of securities in electronic form for 1 security	y 0.02 BCU
Accounting for rights to securities on securities accounts:	
a) on depositors' accounts	
- up to 100 million UZS	0.00020 percent, but not less than 0.1 sum
- from 100,000,001 to 1 billion UZS	0.00016 percent
- from 1,000,000,001 to 100 billion UZS	0.000016 percent
- over 100 billion UZS	0.000014 percent
b) on the correspondent account of the investment intermediary	
- up to 100 million UZS	0.00020 percent, but not less than 0.1 sum
- from 100,000,001 to 1 billion UZS	0.00016 percent
- from 1,000,000,001 to 100 billion UZS	0.000016 percent
- over 100 billion UZS	0.000014 percent
c) registration of rights to state securities paper	free of charge
Maintenance of the issue and portfolio of the Privatization Investment Fund	1.2% of the average annual value of IF's net assets per year, in accordance with the terms of the IF's contract with the Central Securities Depository for depository services, but no more than 10 million UZS per year
Registration of over-the-counter transactions in securities:	
a) when transferring securities to trust management or operational management	0.05% of the item of the transmitted packet, but not more than 1 BCU
b) when transferring securities as collateral / mortgage	0.3% of the value of the securities pledged as collateral, but not more than 3 BCU
c) for other transactions upon disposal of securities *	1.5% of the cost of the transferred package, but not more than 5 BCU
Consulting services to joint stock companies in the course of corporate actions and in the preparation of prospectuses for securities emission	negotiable
Transfer of securities under a registered transaction:	
a) when transferring securities to trust management or operational management	0.05% of the item of the transmitted packet, but not more than 1 BCU
b) when transferring securities as collateral / mortgage	0.2% of the value of the securities pledged as collateral, but not more than 2 BCU
c) for other transactions upon disposal of securities *	2% of the cost of the transferred package, but not more than 10 BCU
Registration of an additional agreement to a registered OTC transaction in securities	0.1% of the value of the transferred package, but not more than 2 \ensuremath{BCU}

Legal support (1/6)

Local and international law firms, which offer a range of legal services, operate in the legal services market of Uzbekistan. The most on-demand services include legal support to business processes, which include consultations, pre-contractual services, activities related to claims and lawsuits, recommendations on optimization of taxation, legal support during audits by supervisory bodies, administrative and judicial appeal of results of inspections, etc. Civil legal services are quite high in demand. Below is the approximate cost of services of specialists of law firms.

able 3.12 Fees for the Legal Services	
Services	Fees, in USD
egal support to a legal entity (drafting legal reports, contracts)	from 100 per hour
Managing cases related to claims and lawsuits	from 100 per hour
Registration of a legal entity	from 1000
Consulting on legislation of Uzbekistan	from 100 per hour

National legislative database - LEX. UZ

The information and search system of – LexUz operates pursuant to the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Dissemination of Legal Information and Providing Access to it" and Presidential Resolution "On Fundamental Improvement of Legislative Acts' Dissemination" No. 2761 as of 08 February 2017.

LexUZ provides public access to legal acts through an online platform (https://lex.uz). There is no need to register to view legal acts. The system is managed by the Ministry of Justice of the Republic of Uzbekistan, which receives the respective legislative acts for publication purposes directly from the state authorities that approved the act, ensuring the information credibility.

Access to LexUz system for all users is free of charge. Publicly available legal acts include Constitution, Codes and Laws of Uzbekistan, Decrees, Resolutions, and Executive Orders of the President of Uzbekistan, Resolutions and Orders of the Government of Uzbekistan, legal acts of ministries, rulings of the Constitutional Court, Supreme Court, international treaties of Uzbekistan, technical documents, etc.

The judicial system of Uzbekistan

Uzbekistan is a civil law system, in other words, the sources of its law is derived primarily from a codified set of legal and regulatory acts, while the judicial precedents are not recognized as a valid source of law.

The state courts apply and interpret literally the relevant laws and regulations under their ordinary meaning. The clarification of legislative acts' application and generalisation of judicial practice are set out in the resolutions of the Supreme Court Plenum, which are mandatory for state courts, state bodies, enterprises, institutions, organizations and officials applying the respective legislative act.

Legal support (2/6)

Having clarified the above, a closer look should be taken at the structural division of the judicial system of Uzbekistan. In accordance with the Law on Courts the following types of courts are currently operating in Uzbekistan within the determined limits of their jurisdiction:

- The Constitutional Court;
- The Supreme Court;
- The Civil court of the Republic of Karakalpakstan, regions and Tashkent;
- The Criminal court of the Republic of Karakalpakstan, regions and Tashkent city;
- Economic courts of the Republic of Karakalpakstan, regions and Tashkent city;
- Administrative courts of the Republic of Karakalpakstan, regions and Tashkent city;
- Inter-district, district (city) civil courts;
- District (city) criminal courts;
- Inter-district, district (city) economic courts;
- District (city) administrative courts; and
- Military courts.

It is important to note that jurisdiction of each court is determined under the relevant legislative act, including the Economic Procedural Code, the Administrative Proceedings' Code, the Civil Procedural Code.

Resolution of economic disputes

Economic courts have the jurisdiction over economy disputes arising from civil, administrative and other legal relations between legal entities and individual entrepreneurs, as well as natural person in case of corporate dispute.

Moreover, the Economic Courts consider matters related to establishment of facts pertinent to the rights of legal entities and individual entrepreneurs; bankruptcy cases; cases related to domestic arbitration proceedings, corporate disputes (with exception of labour disputes); and, cases on recognition and enforcement of decisions of foreign courts and arbitrations.

The Presidential Decree No. UP-6034 stipulates significant changes in Uzbekistan's justice system starting from 01 January 2021. First, the judicial reform envisages establishment of *general jurisdiction courts* of the Republic of Karakalpakstan, regions and Tashkent city based on regional or equivalent criminal, civil, and economic courts. The general jurisdiction courts shall function, preserving the strict specialization of judges and establishing separate judicial chambers for civil, criminal, and economic legal proceedings. Furthermore, the general jurisdiction courts shall operate as appellate courts for decisions rendered by the first instance courts, i.e. inter-district, district (city) civil, criminal and economic courts, as well as first instance court for separate categories of cases.

Second, a specialized Judicial Panel shall be set up within the structure of the Supreme Court of the Republic of Uzbekistan aimed at adjudication of investment disputes between the investor and state bodies, as well competition disputes. Notably, only major investors, i.e. those, whose investments amount to at least the equivalent of 20 (twenty) million US dollars shall have a right to bring a claim to the Judicial Panel.

All judicial reforms provided in Presidential Decree No. UP-6034 shall be included in the Law on Courts, which is supposed to be adopted in the new edition in 2020.

Legal support (3/6)

Table 3.13 Rates of State Duties for Litigation	
Type of litigation	Amount of state duty
property-related claims filed to the economic courts	$2\ \%$ of the claimed amount, but not less than 1 BCU
non-property-related claims filed to the economic courts	10 BCU
filing to the economic courts of bankruptcy application of the legal entities or individual entrepreneurs	3 BCU
application of claims to the economic courts relating to the disputes arising out of conclusion, amendment or termination of the commercial agreements	10 BCU
application of claims for challenging the decisions rendered by the domestic arbitration court as well as applications for issuance of the enforcement order for mandatory implementation of the domestic arbitration court decisions	2 BCU
for issuance of a duplicate of decisions, orders, and other resolutions of an economic court as well as copies of other documents of the case, released by the economic court at the request of the parties and other persons involved in the case	2 % of BCU per page
appeal, cassation and supervisory complaint	50 percent of the rate payable for filing applications in the court of the first instance
application for the recognition and enforcement of decisions of foreign courts (arbitrations)	2 BCU

Legal support (4/6)

E-Document management in economic courts

Please note that starting from 01 January 2013 the procedure for filing claims and petitions in electronic form was introduced in economic courts of the country. Furthermore, video conferencing of court hearings became available starting from 01 September 2014. For these purposes, necessary modern technologies and equipment was installed and put into function at all economic courts.

Starting from 10 March 2020 the claims and petitions to economic courts can be filed online through the personal account of the taxpayer at my.soliq.uz. In addition, all judicial acts (decisions, rulings, resolutions, court orders, etc.) can be generated in the form of an electronic document.

Domestic arbitration

Domestic arbitration proceedings are regulated by the Law on Domestic Arbitration, which sets forth a regulatory framework for incorporation of domestic arbitration courts and their operation, including requirements to appointment of arbitrators, competence of domestic arbitration courts and general rules of arbitration proceedings. The domestic arbitration court, either temporary or permanent is defined under the Law on Domestic Arbitration as a non-governmental body which resolves the disputes arising out of civil legal relations, including economic disputes between the business entities. It is worth to note that administrative, labour, family and other matters as determined by law do not fall within the jurisdiction of domestic arbitration courts and are to be resolved by means of litigation in the respective state courts. Domestic arbitration courts resolve the disputes only in accordance with Uzbek law.

As mentioned above, the domestic arbitration courts may be divided into two categories, namely, temporal and permanent ones. The temporal domestic arbitration courts are formed by the parties with a concrete objective to resolve the dispute between them and after settling the dispute such courts cease to exist accordingly. The permanent courts meanwhile could be incorporated by legal entities and continue to operate under such entities. The number of domestic arbitration courts is therefore unlimited.

International commercial arbitration

The ICAC was established under the CCI in 2011. The ICAC is entitled to resolve the commercial disputes between the domestic and foreign legal entities as well as between individuals, including non-residents of Uzbekistan. Furthermore, the TIAC, which was introduced in 2018, has competence to resolve the disputes arising from a range of civil law matters including the contractual relations between commercial entities by means of international arbitration. The TIAC is authorized to settle the disputes through mediation and other alternative dispute resolution methods provided for under the relevant laws. Notably, Uzbekistan is in the process of adopting Law on International Commercial Arbitration based on UNCITRAL Model Law.

Uzbekistan is a signatory party of the New York Convention and therefore it is possible to enforce the decisions of the foreign arbitration tribunals in Uzbekistan. In such a case, an application should be filed to the relevant economic court with the payment of the established state fee. In addition, Uzbekistan is a party to other international multilateral and regional treaties relating to international commercial and investment arbitration, including the ICSID Convention.

Mediation proceedings

In 2018, the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Mediation" No. ZRU-482 was adopted setting forth the regulatory climate for mediation proceedings in Uzbekistan. It should be noted however that up to date the mediation practice has not been resorted to on a regular basis since there is no instrument to enforce mediation settlement agreements under the current laws.

Nevertheless, please note that the economic court shall not allow a claim to proceed if the claimant did not provide the proof of conducting mediation session with respondent, if the organization of pre-trial mediation is mandated by law or stipulated in the contract between the claimant and respondent.

Legal support (5/6)

State duties for notary services

Legal support usually involves incurring certain expenses at notary offices and state authorities. For the most widespread expenses at notary office and state authorities connected with rendering legal services, please see below.

Table 3.14 State duties for notary services (in excerpts)	
State duty	
For notarial services: a) for certification of contracts related to disposal of immovable property	Up to 3% of BCU depending on the size of the property
b) for certification of mortgage agreement, leasing, etc. a depending on the sum of the agreement by individuals:	s well as certifying adopted amendments to such documents
- up to 1000 BCU	1 BCU
- from 1000 to 5000 BCU	1,5 BCU
- for 5000 BCU and above	2 BCU
b) for certification of mortgage agreement, leasing, etc. as well as the sum of the agreement by legal entities	certifying adopted amendments to such documents depending on
- up to 1000 BCU	2 BCU
- from 1000 to 5000 BCU	3 BCU
- for 5000 BCU and above	4 BCU

Legal support (6/6)

c) for certification of written agreements (contracts) between a bank and a borrower on repayment of debts on loans at the expense of debtor's liquid assets

0.5 BCU

d) for certification of precision of written translation of documents from one language to another

1% of BCU per page

e) writ of execution

1% of collected amount but not more than 10 BCU

Table 3.15 Other Duties and Fees Payable to State Authorities	
Services of state authorities	Rate in UZS
Fee for accreditation of offices of foreign commercial organizations	48 BCU

Consulting (1/3)

/alue of contract or goods excluding costs of additional services	Fee excluding VAT,
n thousands UZS*	
From 1 000 to 10 000	0.2% of the contract amount
From 10 000 to 25 000	20 mln UZS + 0.15% of the amount ove 10,000 thousands UZS
From 25 000 to 100 000	42.5 mln UZS + 0.1% of the amount ove 25,000 thousands UZS
From 100 000 and over	117.5 mln UZS + 0.05% of the amount of 100,000 thousands UZS
Certification of origin of goods	44 600 - 487 225 UZS
Certification of property imported by enterprises with foreign investment for their own production needs	1 BCU
ssuance of an opinion on determining the ownership of products subject to mandatory certification	172 500 UZS
Product classification by state EEA codes	23 000 - 57 500 UZS
Expertise of goods in terms of quantity and quality of imported products	115 000 UZS
Expertise on the number of exported products	103 500 UZS
Examination of goods in terms of quantity and quality per hour	57 500 UZS
Examination of goods in terms of the quantity and quality of timber	20 700 UZS
Examination of goods by the amount of mineral fertilizers	28 750 UZS
aboratory testing of food and agricultural products	92 000 UZS
Laboratory tests of light and textile products	115 000 UZS
aboratory testing of chemical products	138 000 UZS
nspection of production during certification according to schemes No. 3.4	460 000 UZS
nspection of production during inspection control according to schemes No. 3.4	345 000 UZS
Document analysis, sampling and identification	57 500 UZS
Registration of a certificate of conformity according to scheme No. 7	138 000 UZS
Registration of a certificate of conformity according to schemes No. 3.4	207 000 UZS
Registration of the certificate of conformity according to the scheme No. 7A	977 500 UZS
Jse of the conformity mark	128 225 UZS
Consultation of foreign economic activity participants (in drafting import / export contracts, shipping documents, in the development of technical passports and diagrams for equipment and technological lines)	0.5 BCU
ssuance of reports' duplicates	51 750 UZS

Consulting (2/3)

Table 3.17 Fees for conducting a feasibility study or development of a business plan					
Contract value	Ratio of complexity of works	Cost			
Up to 5,000 USD	1	2.0%			
From 5,001 USD to 25,000 USD	1-2	1.0-1.1%			
From 25,001 USD to 50,000 USD	1-2	0.8-0.9%			
From 50,001 USD to 75,000 USD	1-2	0.6-0.7%			
From 75,001 USD to 100,000 USD	1-2	0.4-0.5%			
From 100,001 USD to 500,000 USD	1-2	0.3-0.4%			
From 500,001 USD to 1,000,000 USD	1-2	0.15-0.25%			
From 1,000,001 USD to 2,000,000 USD	1-2	0.10-0.15%			
From 2,000,001 USD and above	1	0.04%			

Property assessment

In order to determine liquidity of the property, including the one being collateralized, its market value is assessed as being the most feasible price at which the property may be sold in the open market and competitive conditions. Furthermore, certain properties deals require prior independent assessment of the subject of the deal according to legislation.

According to decree No.UP-6044 dated on August 24 signed President of Uzbekistan Sh. Mirziyoyev, "On measures for radical enhancement of licensing and permissive procedures" that from January 1, 2021, 70 of 266 types of licensed activities will be canceled including licencing of appraisal activities.

The cost of assessment works is determined depending on the condition of the property and complexity of technical works.

Table 3.18 Fees for assessment works		
		Cost of services,
Object of Assessment	Unit of Measurement	1 unit/thousand UZS, excluding VAT
Apartments	1 unit	from 450,0
Houses and cottages	1 unit	from 500,0
Buildings and premises with finalized construction	1 unit	from 750,0
Structures and communications devices	1 unit	from 300,0
Motor vehicles	1 unit	from 250,0
Operating machinery and equipment	1 unit	from 110,0
Technological lines	1 unit	from 1200,0
Office equipment	1 unit	from 100,0
Business (Packages of shares)	1 unit	from 5 000,0

Consulting (3/3)

Table 3.19 Fees for accounting services						
Number of transactions* per	General taxation scheme, thousand UZS per month					
month	Local companies	Foreign companies	Local companies	Foreign companies		
up to 60	550	1100	685	1365		
from 60 to 100	740	1480	975	2106		
from 100 to 150	1100	2180	1365	2730		
from 150 to 200	1350	2730	2045	4095		
from 200 and above	2500	5460	4095	8190		

^{*}Transaction implies the object of accounting defined in the 1C accounting software.

Table 3.20 Additional accounting services				
Services	Cost, thousand UZS per reporting period			
	Simplified taxation scheme	General taxation Scheme		
Submission of tax reports to the State tax authorities	75	150		
Submission of statistical reports to the State statistics authorities	45	120		
Submission of accounting (financial) reports to the state authorities	105	180		
Processing insurance documents	30	30		
Preparation and re-submission of reports	225	375		
Reproducing synthetic, analytical, and and tax registers as well as reports of the organization based on submitted documents	from 1000			
Reproducing synthetic, analytical, and and tax registers as well as reports of the organization in the absence of the full set of primary documents		from 1 600		

Logistics (1/11)

Cost of transportation by any mode of transport, be it automobile, railway, or air depends on shipping distance, type of freight and country of destination. Due to its geographic location and remoteness from the sea ports, Uzbekistan's exporters and importers bear additional burden in the form of higher transportation and logistics costs.

As a double landlocked country, goods bound for Uzbekistan face at least four "clearance" processes, while coastal countries face only one. The border crossings contribute to significant delays. The World Bank study "Landlocked Countries: Higher Transport Costs, Delays, Less Trade" in 2008 found that trucks can face a delay of three days at the Uzbek border. As a result of delays and infrastructure inefficiencies, shipping costs are also generally far higher for many low-income and landlocked countries.

At present the following shipping routes for exports and imports are used by Uzbekistan:

Table 3.21 Shipping routes for exports and	imports are used by Uzbekistan	
	Direction	Length
Corridor 1	Ports of Baltic countries (transit via Kazakhstan and Russia) – Claipeda (Lithuania), Riga	4,354 km
Corridor 2	Belarus and Ukraine (transit via Kazakhstan and Russia) – Chop (Ukraine) and Brest (Belarus) border crossing points, further to Europe	4,257 km
Corridor 3	Ukrainian port Ilichyovsk (transit via Kazakhstan and Russia), with access to the Black Sea	4,236 km
Corridor 4	Eastbound across Kazakh – Chinese border crossing point up to oriental ports of China as well as Far Eastern ports of Nakhodka, Vladivostok.	8,730 km
Corridor 5	Towards Transcaucasian corridor (transit via Turkmenistan, Azerbaijan and Kazakhstan), with access to the Black Sea, known as TRACECA corridor	2,050 km
Corridor 6	Towards Iranian port Bandar-Abbas (transit via Turkmenistan) with access to the Persian Gulf	2,909 km
Corridor 7	Towards Chinese ports (transit via Kyrgyzstan) with access to the Yellow Sea, East China Sea and South China Sea	Planned
Corridor 8	Towards Iranian and Pakistan ports of Bandar-Abbas, Chahbahar (Iran), Gwadar and Karachi (Pakistan) with transit via Afghanistan (subject to stabilization of situation in the country)	Planned

Source:mift.uz

Uzbekistan is trying to diversify its transportation routes and decrease the cost of shipping. As part of this drive, the Uzbekistan has become a founding member of the Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB), and welcomed "One Belt - One Road" Initiative of the Government of People's Republic of China. These projects are expected to benefit Uzbekistan and the Central Asian region in the long-run.

In recent years, a number of transport projects have been implemented in this direction. On February 17, 2018, a new road corridor Tashkent-Andijan-Osh-Irkeshtam-Kashgar with a length of 920 km was opened, which connected Uzbekistan with China through Kyrgyzstan. And on July 17, 2019, Uzbekistan and Kazakhstan opened a new international transport corridor Beineu-Akzhigit-border of Uzbekistan. On May 15, 2019, Uzbekistan dispatched the first transit container cargo from the Kazakh port of Aktau. Also, a new air cargo route was launched on July 15, 2019 between Xinjiang Uygur Autonomous Region of China and Tashkent.

Logistics (2/11)

The construction of the Mazar-i-Sharif-Kabul-Peshawar railway with access to the Pakistani port of Gwadar may also be very promising. Uzbekistan, together with Afghanistan, Kazakhstan, Pakistan and the Russian Federation, has already begun discussing this project. In December 2018 and March 2019, five-sided meetings of the heads of railway departments were held in Tashkent, during which a decision was made to create a working group for its implementation.(Source: review.uz)

Table 3.22 Transport corridors and foreign t	rade routes	
Name of the transport corridor and foreign trade route	Direction	Length
I. South and South - West direction	"Termez Cargo Center - Hairaton - Mazori Sharif"	85 km
I. South and South - West direction	"Tashkent - Bukhara - Turkmenabat - Mari - Sarakhs - the port of Bandar Abbas (Iran)"	3 065 km
I. South and South - West direction	"Tashkent - Bukhara - Turkmenabat - Mari - Sarakhs - the port of Mersin (Turkey)"	4 208 km
I. South and South - West direction	"Tashkent - Bukhara - Turkmenabat - Mari - Sarakhs - Istanbul - Sofia (Bulgaria)"	5 156 km
II. North and North - West direction	"Tashkent - Kungrad - Beineu - Saratov - Moscow - the port of Riga / Liepaja (Latvia) or Vilnius"	4 781 km (Riga) 4 857 km (Vilnius)
II. North and North - West direction	"Tashkent - Kungrad - Beineu - Saratov - Smolensk - Brest - (hereinafter Poland, Germany, France, Spain, etc.)"	4 421 km(Minsk) 4 800 km(Warsaw) 5 400 km (Berlin) 6 493 km (Amsterdam) 6 842 km (Paris) 8 117 km (Madrid)
II. North and North - West direction	"Tashkent - Kungrad - Beineu - Astrakhan - Volgograd - Kiev - Chop (hereinafter Poland, Czech Republic, Austria, Slovakia, etc.)"	4 140 km (Kiev) 5 400 km (Prague) 5 400 km (Vienna) 5 400 km (Bratislava)
II. North and North - West direction	"Tashkent - Kungrad - Beineu - Astrakhan - Tbilisi - Batumi - Trabzon - Samsun - Istanbul"	5 500 km (Sofia) 5 600 km (Bucharest)
III. Western direction	"Tashkent - Kungrad - Beineu - Aktau - Baku - Tbilisi - Poti - (Bulgaria, Romania, etc.)"	4 558 km (Constanta) 4 645 km (Burgas)
III. Western direction	"Tashkent - Bukhara - Turkmenabat - Mari - Turkmenbashi - Baku - Tbilisi - Poti port - (Bulgaria, Romania, Hungary, etc.)"	4 320 km (Burgas) 4 233 km (Constanta)
IV. Eastern directions	"Tashkent - Almaty - Khorgos (Altynkol) - Urumqi"	1 850 km

Source:mift.uz

In calculation of the cost of international transportation (exports, imports, transit), the rates of the Price List 10-01 of the Tariff Policy of Uzbekistan Railways SJSC are used which are differentiated based on the type of cargo, distance of transportation, type of rolling stock, and the weight of the cargo in the wagon. These taris are applied by all CIS countries according to international agreements. For shipment of cargoes through domestic transportation routes, the rate of the Price List 10-01 with discount ratio of 0.9 is applied.

Logistics (3/11)

Departure	Carriage charge in Uzbekistan (UZS)			Carriage charge in Kazakhstan (USD)		Carriage charge of Russian Railways (USD)		Total	
stations-Destination stations	per section (200 t)	add. services	for 1 ton	for 1 ton	per section (200 t)	for 1 ton	per section (200 t)	for 1 ton	per section (200 t)
Tashkent-lletsk-1	9 481 206	2 600 000	60 406	37,38	7576,00	0,00	0,00	54,12	10 825,2
Tashkent-St. Petersburg	9 481 206	2 600 000	60 406	37,38	7576,00	139,60	27 920,00	193,72	38 745,2
Tashkent-Ekaterinburg	9 481 206	2 600 000	60 406	36,44	7388,00	64,83	12 966,00	118,00	23 603,2
Tashkent-Moscow	9 481 206	2 600 000	60 406	40,66	8232,00	84,04	16 808,00	141,44	28 289,2
Samarkand-lletsk-1	16 106 895	2 086 475	90 967	37,38	7 576,00	0,00	0,00	62,34	12 469,1
Samarkand-St. Petersburg	34 779 294	2 086 475	184 329	25,26	5 152,00	143,66	28 732,00	218,99	43 799,1
Samarkand-Ekaterinburg	16 106 895	2 086 475	90 967	36,44	7 388,00	64,83	12 966,00	126,23	25 247,1
Samarkand-Moscow	34 779 294	2 086 475	184 329	25,26	5 152,00	99,33	19 866,00	174,66	34 933,1
Urgench-Iletsk-1	21 133 794	2 000 000	115 669	30,81	6 262,00	0,00	0,00	94,96	12 483,9
Urgench-St. Petersburg	21 133 794	2 000 000	115 669	25,26	5 152,00	143,66	28 732,00	200,52	40 105,9
Urgench-Ekaterinburg	21 133 794	2 000 000	115 669	29,77	6 054,00	64,83	12 966,00	126,20	25 241,9
Urgench-Moscow	21 133 794	2 000 000	115 669	25,26	5 152,00	99,33	19 866,00	156,19	31 239,9
Andijan-Iletsk-1	19 787 834	601 000	101 944	37,38	7 576,00	0,00	0,00	65,29	13 059,6
Andijan-St. Petersburg	19 787 834	601 000	101 944	37,38	7 576,00	139,60	27 920,00	204,89	40 979,6
Andijan-Ekaterinburg	19 787 834	601 000	101 944	36,44	7 388,00	64,83	12 966,00	129,18	25 837,6
Andijan-Moscow	19 787 834	601 000	101 944	40,66	8 232,00	84,04	16 808,00	152,61	30 523,6
Karshi-lletsk-1	18 679 834	1 500 000	100 899	37,38	7 576,00	0,00	0,00	65,00	13 003,4
Karshi-St. Petersburg	35 560 099	1 500 000	185 300	25,26	5 152,00	143,66	28 732,00	219,25	43 851,4
Karshi-Ekaterinburg	18 679 834	1 500 000	100 899	36,44	7 388,00	64,83	12 966,00	128,90	25 781,4
Karshi-Moscow	35 560 099	1 500 000	185 300	25,26	5 152,00	99,33	19 866,00	174,92	34 985,4
Termez-lletsk-1	28 629 524	1 800 000	152 148	37,38	7 576,00	0,00	0,00	78,80	15 760,1
Source:www.railway.uz									

Logistics (4/11)

Departure	Carriage charge in Uzbekistan (UZS)			Carriage charge in Kazakhstan (USD)		Carriage charge of Russian Railways (USD)		Total	
stations-Destination stations	per section (200 t)	add. services	for 1 ton	for 1 ton	per section (200 t)	for 1 ton	per section (200 t)	for 1 ton	per section (200 t)
Termez-St. Petersburg	43 717 654	1 800 000	227 588	25,26	5 152,00	143,66	28 732,00	230,63	46 126,1
Termez-Ekaterinburg	28 629 524	1 800 000	152 148	36,44	7 388,00	64,83	12 966,00	142,69	28 538,1
Termez-Moscow	43 717 654	1 800 000	227 588	25,26	5 152,00	99,33	19 866,00	186,30	37 260,1
Nukus-lletsk-1	17 006 680	800 000	89 033	30,81	6 262,00	0,00	0,00	55,25	11 051,1
Nukus-St. Petersburg	17 006 680	800 000	89 033	25,26	5 152,00	143,66	28 732,00	193,36	38 673,1
Nukus-Ekaterinburg	17 006 680	800 000	89 033	29,77	6 054,00	64,83	12 966,00	119,00	23 809,1
Nukus-Moscow	17 006 680	800 000	89 033	25,26	5 152,00	99,33	19 866,00	149,00	29 807,1
Altyaryk-lletsk-1	19 178 062	990 060	100 841	37,38	7 576,00	0,00	0,00	65,00	13 000,2
Altyaryk-St. Petersburg	19 178 062	990 060	100 841	37,38	7 576,00	139,60	27 920,00	204,60	40 920,2
Altyaryk-Ekaterinburg	19 178 062	990 060	100 841	36,44	7 388,00	64,83	12966,00	128,89	25 778,2
Altyaryk-Moscow	19 178 062	990 060	100 841	40,66	8 232,00	84,04	16 808,00	152,32	30 464,2

Fare for transportation of loaded 20-feet, 30-feet and 40-feet containers, except the specialized ones, is calculated based on the rates according to the Tariff Policy of Uzbekistan Railways in International Freight Transportation.

In transportation in universal containers from one consignor to one consignee of the shipment containing cargo consisting of various items including those which require higher rates (dangerous freight, nonferrous metals and nonferrous items for industrial use), carriage fee is calculated according to the rate for universal containers with relevant increase of the tariff share for the portion of freight, which is subject to a higher tari. The share of tari, which requires increase, is determined by the proportional weight of this freight to the whole weight of freight in a container.

Logistics (5/11)

Major logistics centers of Uzbekistan

- "Navoi" international multimodal logistics center based at the airport of Navoi city can process 300 tons of cargo daily. Cargo terminal of the center has six workstations for loading/unloading works, 20-ton and 5-ton scales, refrigeration and freezer chambers, heating chamber, zones for storage of dangerous cargo, perishable products and animals. Currently the center is used for cargo flights to Seoul, Milan, Bangkok, Frankfurt, Brussels, Dakka, Delhi, Mumbai, etc.
 - In addition to being an aviation hub, the center also has high transit potential for road transportation. Located in the very center of the region on the crossroads of "North South" and "East West" international road and air corridors, Navoi airport is an ideal regional center for managing international cargo ows.
- "Angren" Logistics Center was established in 2009 and currently it is one of the major logistics centers in Uzbekistan. Its founders with equal shares of 16.66% are Uzautosanoat JSC, Uzbekistan Railways SJCRC, Uzbekneftegaz NHC, Uzkimyosanoat SJSC, Uzstroymateriali JSC, and the Association of Food and Oil/Fat Industry.
 - Currently "Angren" Logistics Center has warehouses, a combined terminal, access roads/tracks, maneuring platforms, a hotel, and security structures. The area of the transit-cargo terminal occupies the territory of 8.6 hectares and equipped with the rail infrastructure for loading/unloading. The terminal capacity enables to reload up to 22 containers, store 60 containers, and process up to 1,500 tons in the warehouses.
- "Pop" Logistics Center under "Uzbekistan Railways" SJCRC was established in 2015 with the target capacity of handling up to 4 million tons of cargo per annum. The Center is designed to enable an integrated multimodal scheme for delivery of cargo to the territory of Ferghana valley in full coordination with "Angren" Logistics Center to transport cargo across Qamchiq pass. The Center uses specialized stations (warehouses) of Ferghana regional railway hub with the storage capacity of 91,700 tons of cargo with the following breakdown:
- "Tashkent Tovarniy" station is the biggest actor on the market of containerized transportation by rail and offers the following handling services:
 - Small shipments of cargo that needs to be stored in roof-covered warehouses of the stations;
 - Cargo shipped in wagons and small batches, that are loaded in full wagons, only on access tracks and beyond common areas;
 - In-wagon shipping of cargo, which must be stored in roof-covered warehouses of stations;
 - Cargo in universal containers of the transport with the total weight of 3-5 tons in stations.

Passenger transportation

Air tickets can be purchased at ticketing offices, travel agencies, airports or online. Generally, there are two classes of services: business and economy. Cost of flight, which includes fare, airport charges and other fees, depends on the class of services, itinerary, proximity of departure date, length of stay, etc. If airfares are purchased by non-residents and residents, the payment can be made in national and foreign currency.

Tickets for trains and intercity coaches can be purchased online, bus terminals or train stations. Ticket prices for buses and trains depend on the class of service and additional services included.

Logistics (6/11)

Table 3.25 Airfare 1/2		
Flights from Tashkent (round trip	Cost, UZS	
tickets):	Economy	Business class
Domestic flights		
Andijan	No flight	
Bukhara	401 365	1 277 069
Zarafshan	No flight	
Qarshi	377 040	1 252 744
Navoi	364 877	1 240 581
Namangan	279 739	1 106 793
Nukus	668 941	1 581 133
Samarkand	267 577	1 155 444
Termez	522 990	1 362 207
Urgench	620 291	1 581 133
Ferghana	279 739	1 131 118
International flights, Euros		
Almaty	260	460
Baku	385	1125
Bangkok	450	1715
Table 3.26 Airfare 2/2		
Flights from Tashkent (round trip	Cost, euros	
tickets):	Economy	Business class
Dubai	600	2700
Yekaterinburg	980	1500
Kiev	870	2090
Kuala-Lumpur	1453	5574
London	802	2349
Madrid	1047	2199
Moscow	806	2091
Beijing	430	2350
Riga	807	3249
Seoul	1348	5101
Istanbul	667	1360
Frankfurt on Main	948	2223

International airport of Uzbekistan

"Tashkent" International Airport. It was renamed to Tashkent Islam Karimov International Airport in May 2017. The airport handles more than 20.5 million passengers per annum; the terminal capacity is over 1,400 passengers per hour. Tashkent International Airport is connected by regular flights with more than 50 international destinations worldwide in three continents - Europe, Asia and North America, has ICAO Category 2, and is capable of receiving all types of aircrafts.

Logistics (7/11)

The Airport has three terminals which are Tashkent International (Terminal 2) and Tashkent Domestic (Terminal 3) and the Transfer Terminal. Departures on domestic routes are handled through the new Terminal 3 for domestic flights. Departures and arrivals on international routes are handled through the comfortable Terminal 2, equipped with the modern equipment. Gates at the departure and arrival halls are equipped with four air bridges. The system of automatic check-in of passengers (DCS) has been introduced; passenger service starting from the check-in procedure up to boarding has been significantly improved.

The following services for guests and residents of Uzbekistan are available in the Airport building: spacious furnished waiting space/ lounges; round-the-clock services of passport, customs, and border control; information desk, modern baggage handling conveyor system; international telephone line; airlines ticket counters, baggage wrapping and baggage storage, lost & found office, a children's playground, medical center, and a barber shop; a post office, duty-free shops(also sell telephone cards); restaurant & bar; fast food, currency exchange office and ATM banking, etc.

There are VIP and CIP lounges for business and first class passengers. Comfortable shuttles transport passengers from the aircraft to the terminal and vice versa. New & spacious Uzbekistan Airways' Business Lounge, opened April 2016, offers capacity for 160 passengers, has a separate room for mother-and-child care with a play area, showers, medical center, free Wi-Fi access and duty-free shops. Also, the Arrivals Hall for business-class passengers has been overhauled

"Samarkand" International Airport. The airport handles over 300,000 passengers per annum, the airport capacity is 400 passengers per hour, operates round-the-clock and complies with all international standards and receives all types of modern aircrafts, such as A310, A320, B757, B767, B777, II-76, II-114. There are flights to Kiev, Moscow, St. Petersburg, Kaliningrad, Kazan, Yekaterinburg, Tashkent.

The following services are available in the terminal for convenience of passengers: first aid; mother and child room; currency exchange office; VIP and CIP lounges, restaurant and snack bar; the electronic system of informing passengers on departures and arrivals has been introduced; duty free shops; ticketing office; post office.

"Bukhara" International Airport. The airport handles over 120,000 passengers per annum, including more than 15,000 foreign tourists; the airport capacity is up to 400 passengers and recently increased by 250 passengers reaching overall 650 passengers per hour after the completion of reconstruction and modernisation project in the following 2020. There are daily scheduled flights to Tashkent, ve times per week to "Domodedovo" airport (Moscow), once per week to "Vnukovo" airport (Moscow), and two ights per week to "Pulkovo" airport (Saint Petersburg). "the fifth air freedom" was used in the open skies mode at "Bukhara" International Airport starting from October, 2019

The passenger terminal has comfortable lounges: waiting room for arrivals and departures, VIP and CIP halls. Additionally, there are cosy bars, mother-and-child room, first aid, information desk, duty free shop.

"Urgench" International airport. The airport belongs to Category 1 airport according to ICAO definition. The capacity of the new terminal is approximately 300 passengers per hour. Division of arriving and departing passenger flows enables terminal services to operate more efficiently and to enhance passenger comfort. The quality of catering on board and in the airport fully meets international standards.

Logistics (8/11)

"Navoi" International Airport. The airport is one of the fastest growing airports in Central Asia, and continuously increases the level of cargo transportation, constantly improves new standards in operational efficiency and conducts expertise of level of satisfaction of its customers' growing demands. Air and ground transportation is progressing under the supervision of Korean Air and Hanjin. The airport is located in the immediate vicinity to the "Navoi" free industrial and economic zone (Navoi FIEZ). The airport consists of two Terminals, Terminal 'A' for domestic flights, Terminal 'B' for international flights, and is able to handle 400 passengers per hour. The airport handles approximately 850,000 passengers and 100,000 tons of Cargo per annum.(Source:www.navoiairport.uz)

"Namangan" International Airport. The airport handles approximately 200,000 passengers per annum, terminal capacity is 200 passengers per hour. Namangan IV airport operates round-the-clock, and is an alternate for Tashkent airport. The airport operates the following types of aircrafts: IL 76, B-767, B-757, B-737, A-310, A-319, A-320, A-321, Tu-214, Tu-154, Tu-134, RJ-85, IL-114, AN-12, AN-24, AN-2 and others; all types of helicopters.

Currently the following flights operate from the "Namangan" International Airport to: Tashkent, Moscow, St. Petersburg, Yekaterinburg, Novosibirsk, Krasnoyarsk, Krasnodar, Nizhny Novgorod and Chelyabinsk.

"Termez" International airport. The airport capacity is 600 passengers per hour. It complies with Category 8 on re safety. The airport operates round-the –clock and receives all types of aircrafts including A-320, A-310, B737, B757, B767, IL-114, IL-76, as well as helicopters of all types. "Termez" International airport has a "Certificate of Quality Management System Compliance" corresponding to the international standard ISO 9001: 2015. Maintenance and operation of aircraft at the "Termez" International airport complies with ICAO international standards.

There are scheduled flights from the airport to Tashkent, Moscow and charter flights to countries in Europe and Asia. The terminal has roomy lounges; information desks; ticketing oces, currency exchange oces, VIP lounge.(Source:termezairport.uz)

Table 3.27 Railway Passenger Fares				
Fares from Tashkent (one-way ticket) and № of train	Cost, in UZS			
	First class	Compartment	Reserved seat	
	LOCAL LINES			
Bukhara	115,000	157,000	273,000	
Sariosiyo	140,000	195,000	349,000	
Samarkand	93,000	123,000	104,000	
Qarshi	107,000	143,000	245,000	
Kungrad	175,000	250,000	461,000	
Nukus	166,000	236,000	433,000	
Termez	140,000	195,000	349,000	
Urgench / Khiva	158,000	223,000	405,000	
Shovot	158,000	223,000	405,000	
	VIP	BUSINESS CLASS	ECONOMY CLASS	
Samarkand №162 "Afrosiyob" (high speed)	204000	142000	105000	
	VIP	BUSINESS CLASS	ECONOMY CLASS	
Qarshi №08 "Nasaf"	238000	113000	94000	
Bukhara №10 "Sharq"	268000	148000	103000	

Note: International train services have been canceled due to the Covid-19 pandemi

Logistics (9/11)

Type of Motor Vehicle		Cost of service	s. 1 hour / USD	
Premium car		up to 100	5, 1 Hour 7 00B	
SUV		up to 60		
Passenger car (sedan)		up to 60		
Small car		up to 40		
Van		60-100		
Bus		150-200		
Truck		150-200		
Table 3.29 Retail prices	for gasoline			
Fuel		Price, 1 litre/UZ	S	
Gasoline for motor vehicle	e:			
– Ai-80		4500		
– Ai-91		5600		
Fuel		Price, 1 litre/UZ	S	
– A-92		5500		
– Ai-95		6500		
Diesel fuel		6500		
Diesel fuel ECO		5700		
Compressed natural gas,	m3	2500		
Compressed natural gas,	m3	1300		
Table 3.30 Retail prices	for cars manufactured by U	zAuto Motors JSC 2020		
Model	Price, UZS			
Chevrolet Damas\Labo	78,283,000.00	79,198,000.00	75,928,000.00	
	DLX	LABO	VAN	
Chevrolet Spark	73,477,000.00	92,821,000.00	75,402,000.00	94,249,000.00
•	LS M/T	LT A/T	LS M/T Optimum Plus	LT A/T Elegant Plus
Chevrolet Nexia	87,320,000.00	106,429,000.00	89,916,000.00	109,025,000.00
	LT M/T	LTZ A/T	LT M/T Optimum Plus	LTZ A/T Elegant Plu
Chevrolet Cobalt	95,768,000.00	115,390,000.00	111,233,000.00	108,277,000.00
	LT c/ĸ	LTZ A/T	Elegant M/T	Optimum A/T
Chevrolet Lacetti	114,449,000.00	136,728,000.00	115,607,000.00	138,126,000.00
	SX	CDX A/T	SX M/T Comfort Plus	CDX A/T Elegant Plu
Chevrolet Lacetti с ГБО	123,287,000.00	124,445,000.00		
	SX	SX CNG Plus		
Chevrolet Malibu 2	311,124,067.00	284,055,204.00	278,322,334.00	324,450,000.00
	LT 2.0л (турбо) with hatch	LT 2,5л with hatch	LT 1,5л. with hatch	LTZ 2.0л (турбо) with

Logistics (10/11)

Model	Price, UZS					
Chevrolet Tracker	189,838,121.00	222,1	50,992.00			
	1.8 л. LT M/T	1,8 л.	Premier A/T			
Chevrolet Trailblazer	398,000,000.00					
I	LTZ 6AT					
Chevrolet Equinox	349,000,000.00					
	2,0L Turbo LT 9AT					
	596,000,000.00					
	Premier AT 795,000,000.00					
	Premier AT					
Table 3.32 Retail prices fo	or the trucks manufact	ured by M	AN Auto-Uzbekista	an JV 2020¹ Full	Load on	
	Duine in Alex			mass	the SSU	
/ehicle type Vehicle mod	el Price in the domestic market	Power	Environmental	Car / Full		Short description
designation	(Uzbek sum)	Engine	norm	mass of the road	capacity (road	
				train	trains)	
SADDLE TRACTOR						
Semi trailer tractor MAN TO	GS .			19,000	11,500 kg	Fuel tank 800 + 460 I and 85 I
19.440 4x2 BLS (Efficient	866,250,000	440 h.p.	EURO 5	kg 44,000	30,500	AdBlue Cab type LX, air
Line)				kg	kg	conditioning
Semi trailer tractor MAN TO	3S			19,000	11,500 kg	Fuel tank 800 + 460 I and 85 I
19.400 4x2 BLS (Efficient	866,250,000	400 h.p.	EURO 5	kg 44,000	30,500	Adblue Cab type LX, air
_ine)				kg	kg	conditioning
Semi trailer tractor MAN TO	29			26,000 kg	17,000 kg	Fuel tank 590 I
26.400 6x4 BLS (Medium)	987,275,000	400 h.p.	EURO 3	50,000	45,000	
				kg	kg	Cab type LX, air conditioning
Semi Trailer tractor MAN C	ΙΔ			18,000 kg	10500 kg	Fuel tank 335 I
18.280 4x2 BBS	484,380,000	280 h.p.	EURO 3	36,000	24,000	MI tune ask air conditioner
				kg	kg	ML type cab, air conditioner
/AN						
All-metal van MAN CLA	400.055.000	0001	FUDC 1	16,000	0.000	Body volume 41 m3 Cabin type M
16.230 4X2 BB	492,855,000	230 h.p.	EURO 3	kg	8,000 kg	(CS25)
Isothermal van MAN CLA 16.230 4X2 BB	496,666,000	230 h.p.	EURO 3	16,000	8,000 kg	Body volume 42 m3 Cabin type N (CS25)
To.230 4A2 BB Curtain van MAN TGS 26.4	100	400 h	FUDO 2	kg 26,000	16,000	Body volume 52 m3 Cab type LX,
SX4 BL	1,078,110,000	400 hp	EURO 3	kg	kg	air conditioning
sothermal van MAN TGS 26.400 6X4 BL	1,080,530,000	400 hp	EURO 3	26,000 kg	15,000 kg	Body volume 52 m3 Cab type LX, air conditioning
Curtain van MAN CLA 31.2	280	200 h =	EUDO 2	31,000	16,000	Body volume 48 m3 Cabin type M
6X4 BB	710,500,000	280 h.p.	EURO 3	kg	kg	(CS28)
sothermal van MAN CLA 31.280 6X4 BB	637,158,000	280 h.p.	EURO 3	31,000 kg	15 500 kg	Body volume 47 m3 Cabin type N (CS28)
All-metal van MAN CLA	650 000 000	200 h =	EUDO 2	31,000	15 500	Body volume 48 m3 Cabin type M
31.280 6X4 BB	650,033,000	280 h.p.	EURO 3	kg	kg	(CS28)

Logistics (11/11)

Table 3.33 Retail prices for the	e trucks manufact	ured by MA	N Auto-Uzbekista	n JV 2020*		
Vehicle type Vehicle model designation SADDLE TRACTOR	Price in the domestic market (Uzbek sum)	Power Engine	Environmental norm	Full mass Car / Full mass of the road train	capacity	Short description
				19,000		
Semitrailer tractor MAN TGS 19.440 4x2 BLS (Efficient Line)	866,250,000	440 h.p.	EURO 5	kg 44,000 kg	11,500 kg 30,500 kg	Fuel tank 800 + 460 I and 85 I AdBlue Cab type LX, air conditioning
Semitrailer tractor MAN TGS 19.400 4x2 BLS (Efficient Line)	866,250,000	400 h.p.	EURO 5	19,000 kg 44,000 kg	11,500 kg 30,500 kg	Fuel tank 800 + 460 I and 85 I Adblue Cab type LX, air conditioning
Semitrailer tractor MAN TGS 26.400 6x4 BLS (Medium)	987,275,000	400 h.p.	EURO 3	26,000 kg 50,000 kg	17,000 kg 45,000 kg	Fuel tank 590 I Cab type LX, air conditioning
0 " " 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				18,000	10500 kg	Fuel tank 335 I
Semitrailer tractor MAN CLA 18.280 4x2 BBS	484,380,000	280 h.p.	EURO 3	kg 36,000 kg	24,000 kg	ML type cab, air conditioner
Dump trucks						
Dump truck MAN TGS 40.400 6x4 BB	1,068,522,000	400 h.p.	EURO 2	40,000 kg	25,000 kg	Body volume 18 m3, M cab, air conditioning
Dump truck MAN TGS 40.440 6x4 BB	1,143,300,000	440 h.p.	EURO2	40,000 kg	25,000 kg	Body volume 18 m3, Hardox M cab, air conditioning
Dump truck MAN TGS 41.400 8x4 BB	1,141,137,000	400 h.p.	EURO3	41,000 kg	30,000 kg	Body volume 20 m3, Hardox M cab, air conditioning
Dump truck MAN TGS 33.400 6x4 BB	1,129,000,000	400 h.p.	EURO 3	33,000 kg	20,000 kg	Body volume 16 m3, M cab, air conditioning
Dump truck MAN CLA 18.280 4x2 BB	571,800,000	280 h.p.	EURO3	18,000 kg	9,000 kg	Body volume 8 m3, ST52 Cab type K, air conditioning
SPECIAL EQUIPMENT						
Truck crane MAN CLA 31.280 6x4 BB	1,556,433,000	280 h.p.	EURO3	26,000 kg	32,000 kg	Boom length 31 m K type cab, (CS06) air conditioning
Truck crane MAN CLA 31.280 6x4 BB	1,425,520,000	280 h.p.	EURO 3	24,000 kg	25,000 kg	Boom length 21.7 m Cab type K (CS13) air conditioner
Onboard auto platform with loader crane MAN CLA 16.230 4x2 BB	860,085,000	230 h.p.	EURO 3	16,000 kg	5 300 kg	Lifting capacity crane 5.3 t Lifting height 12.3 m Internal body length 5.9 m

Telecommunications services (1/9)

Table 3.34 Local landline services				
	Fee, in UZS			
Types of services	Legal entities		Households	
	Subscription	Pay-as-you-go	Subscription	Pay-as-you-go
Payment for access to the telephone networks at the pre	mises without landlines			
Tashkent city, Nukus and regional centers	18000		10000	
Region-subordinated towns and district centers	25000		15000	
Other settlements	40000		25000	
Subscription fee for the use of main telephone line, per n	nonth			
Urban telephone network	9650		5800	
Rural telephone network	6000		2600	
Pay-as-you-go fee for every complete or incomplete minute of call over the set limit of calls in the amount of 180 minutes per month (in UZS)	12			

^{*} Premises with landlines – premises with the subscriber line from telephone station to the telephone socket.

Table 3.35 International telephone services	
International telephone calls to subscribers in the following countries	Cost, 1 min./UZS
Russia	410
Ukraine	680
Belarus	935
Kazakhstan	425
Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan	560
Caucasus	700
Europe	1350
Turkey	1140
Moldova	550
Europe (including Latvia, Lithuania, Estonia)	1140
Asia (Bahrain, Malaysia, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, Turkey)	1275
Asia (other countries)	1520
Africa and America	1265
Australia and New Zealand	1725

Source: http://telekarta.uz/

Telecommunications services (2/9)

Global satellite communications services

Table 3.36 Inmarsat BGAN Supplemental Services				
Service	Price			
Fax	\$6.00/min			
ISDN/3.1kHz	\$6.00/min			
32 kbps (Streaming IP)	\$2.86/min			
64 kbps (Streaming IP)	\$6.08/min			
128 kbps (Streaming IP)	\$10.49/min			
175 kbps (Streaming IP)	\$14.74/min			
256 kbps (Streaming IP)	\$18.04/min			
450 kbps Xstream (Streaming IP)	\$21.68/min			
650 kbps HDR Half Channel 64 kbps uplink	\$15.47/min			
650 kbps HDR Half Channel Symmetric	\$20.93/min			
Son & https://satellitephonestore.com/bgan-service	\$23.92/min			
650 kbps HDR Full Channel Symmetric	\$28.41/min			

Telecommunications services (3/9)

Cellular communications and internet

There are 6 operators who provide mobile communications services in Uzbekistan. There is no connection fee for most of the tariff plans. Virtually all companies, regardless of the mobile communications standard provide incoming calls free-of-charge. All mobile operators provide their clients with 3G or 4G Internet access. Depending on tariff plans, users pay a daily or monthly subscription fee. The market of Internet services is also well-developed: there are over 793 operators and providers, while the number of domains in the «.uz» zone is over 21,000. Average speed of Internet access is 19.2 Gbit/sec. The cost of Internet access varies depending on connection speed and selected package of services.

Table 3.37 Tariffs for mobile communications services				
	Price, in USD			
Incoming calls (min), all	Free			
Outgoing calls (min)				
Intra-network calls	0.0024			
To mobile and other telephones	0.0024			
Internet packages				
1 Mb GPRS-Internet	0.0024			
500 MB	0.96			
1500 MB	1.45			
3000 MB	2.32			
5000 MB	3.09			
8000 MB	3.96			
12000 MB	4.82			
20000 MB	6.27			
30000 MB	7.24			
50000 MB	8.20			
75000 MB	10.61			

Table 3.38 Tariffs for high-speed Broadband Internet Access (FTTX/VDSL, ADSL)*						
SERIES OF TARIFF PLANS WITH UNLIMITED TRAFFIC for individuals						
Monthly subscription fee, UZS	Speed of Internet access	Internet connection speed, from 00:00 to 12:00 (FTTX)				
Tariffs - "UNLIM"						
88,000	4 Mbit/s	100 Mbit/s				
99,000	6 Mbit/s	100 Mbit/s				
109,000	7 Mbit/s	100 Mbit/s				
119,000	10 Mbit/s	100 Mbit/s				
139,000	10 Mbit/s	300 Mbit/s				
149,000	20 Mbit/s	100 Mbit/s				
199,000	30 Mbit/s	100 Mbit/s				
249,000	40 Mbit/s	100 Mbit/s				
599,000	100 Mbit/s	100 Mbit/s				
Tariff - "Maktab"	Tariff - "Maktab"					
55,000	6 Mbit/s	20 Mbit/s				

Telecommunications services (4/9)

Monthly subscription fee, UZS	Speed of Internet access	Given limit for one month period
Tariffs - "Run" (FTTX/VDSL)		
30,000	5 Mbit/s	6000 MB
50,000	8 Mbit/s	13000 MB
70,000	15 Mbit/s	21000 MB
Tariffs - "Active NEW" (ADSL)		
10,000	4 Mbit/s	9500 MB
55,000	4 Mbit/s	15000 MB
70,000	4 Mbit/s	21500 MB
Tariffs - "Start NEW" (ADSL)		
20,000	2 Mbit/s	3000 MB
30,000	2 Mbit/s	6000 MB
SERIES OF TARIFF PLANS WITH UNLIMI	TED TRAFFIC for Businesses	
Monthly subscription fee, UZS	Speed of Internet access	Internet connection speed
		from 00:00 to 12:00 (FTTX)
Tariff - "Milliy" (ADSL) - TAS-IX only	4 BAL:4/a	4 BMb;t/c
45,000	1 Mbit/s	1 Mbit/s
Tariffs - "Tadbirkor" (FTTX/VDSL, ADSL)	A 841 717	A N. 111
384,000	1 Mbit/s	4 Mbit/s
615,000	2 Mbit/s	8 Mbit/s
984,000	8 Mbit/s	16 Mbit/s
1,380,000	4 Mbit/s	24 Mbit/s
1,656,000	8 Mbit/s	32 Mbit/s
1,990,000	10 Mbit/s	40 Mbit/s
Tariffs - "ZiyoNET" (FTTX/VDSL, ADSL)		
109,409	6 Mbit/s	100 Mbit/s
148,643	10 Mbit/s	100 Mbit/s
442,901	40 Mbit/s	100 Mbit/s
1,031,418	100 Mbit/s	100 Mbit/s
Tariffs - "Teznet"		
400,000	3 Mbit/s	3 Mbit/s
640,000	6 Mbit/s	6 Mbit/s
1,030,000	10 Mbit/s	10 Mbit/s
1,650,000	20 Mbit/s	20 Mbit/s
2,310,000	30 Mbit/s	30 Mbit/s
3,010,000	40 Mbit/s	40 Mbit/s
3,680,000	50 Mbit/s	50 Mbit/s
SERIES OF TARIFF PLANS WITH LIMITE	D TRAFFIC for businesses	
Monthly subscription fee, UZS	Speed of Internet access	Given limit for one month period
Tariffs - "Mini-office"		
55,000	2 Mbit/s	5000 MB
100,000	2 Mbit/s	10000 MB
150,000	2 Mbit/s	17000 MB

Source: uztelecom.uz

Telecommunications services (5/9)

Table 3.39 Wireless Internet*					
Tariff Plan	Connection fee		Included tariff, Mb (2 Mbit/sec)	Cost above limit, 1 Mb/USD	
Starter 1	110	69	35,000	0.24	
Starter 2	110	79	45,000	0.24	
Starter 3	110	89	55,000	0.24	

^{*} EVO trademark offers services of telephony, Internet access, and wireless network solutions (VPN) based on the WiMAX technology.

Table 3.40 Smartphones prices		
Model	Platform	Price, thousand UZS
Apple iPhone 11 (64Γб)	Super Retina XDR Displey 6,5-inch, all-screen OLED, IOS 13	7900
Samsung Galaxy A51 (128Γ6)	Super AMOLED screen 6,5-inch, 4,000 mAh battery	2950
Huawei P30 Pro (256 Γб)	6,47-inch OLED Displey, 4200 mAh battery,NFC	8000
Xiomi Redmi Note 9 Pro (128 Γδ)	(6,67) FHD+Dot Displey,Qualcomm Snapdragon 720G, 5020 mAh battery,NFC	2740
Vivo V17 (128Γ6)	6,38-inch AMOLED, 4500 mAh battery	2993
Honor 9X	6,59-inch, 4000 mAh battery	2741

Source: www.mobinfo.uz www.asaxiy.uz

Delivery and postal services

Table 3.41 Exp	Table 3.41 Express Mail Tariffs							
Woight (kg)		Cost of International Deliveries, in USD					Cost of deliveries within Uzbekistan, in	
Weight (kg)	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Zone 4	Zone 5	Zone 6	USD	
Documents								
0.25	18	23	27	35	38	45	3	
0.5	21	28	33	42	46	57	3.6	
1	25	32	38	48	52	67	4.2	
2	28	36	43	55	58	78	7	
Parcels								
0.5	23	33	39	43	47	60	4.2	
1	30	43	49	53	59	82	5.5	
5	50	70	78	100	111	153	7	
10	68	102	118	153	173	238	9.4	
20	100	166	199	242	280	380	14	
30	135	224	281	319	387	508	19	
Over + 1.0 kg	4	6	7	8	11	14	-	

Note: Zones are according to the distance between cities. Total weight of single delivery should not exceed 30.0~kg~.

Source: www.emspost.uz

Telecommunications services (6/9)

	Tariff (UZS)				
Types of deliveries and	Tallii (023)	CIS countries		Non-CIS coun	ntriae
services	Within Uzbekistan	Ground	Air	Ground	Air
Sending a postcard		Ground		Ground	
Regular	1600	3300	3400	3900	4200
Registered	3000	3800	4000	4700	4900
Sending a letter					
Regular, weight:					
up to 20 g	1600	3300	3400	3900	4200
20 to 100 g	1900	7500	7600	9200	10000
100 to 250 g	3100	19700	20500	24700	26900
250 to 500 g	6400	41800	43600	52500	57300
500 to 1000 g	11200	85800	23700	103500	113400
1000 to 2000 g	18500	227800	38600	262100	282100
Registered:					
Fee for registration –					
regardless of weight, for entire delivery	1600	17500		17500	
With declared value:					
ee for registration –					
regardless of weight, for entire delivery	1600	17500		17500	
Fee for insurance – for every JZS of declared value	0.05	5% based on the	ne exchange rate of SDR	5% based on t exchange rate	
Delivery of parcels					
Regular, weight:					
up to 20 g	1600	3300	3400	3900	4200
20 to 100 g	1900	7500	7600	9200	10000
100 to 250 g	3100	19700	20500	24700	26900
250 to 500 g	6400	41800	43600	52500	57300
500 to 1000 g	11200	82300	85800	103500	113400
1000 to 2000 g	18500	220400	227800	262100	282100
Per additional complete or ncomplete 1000 g	3700	42400	47800	48300	63400
Registered:					
Fee for registration – regardless of the weight for	2400	17500		17500	
entire delivery					
Critic delivery					

Source: www.pochta.uz

Telecommunications services (7/9)

Information and advertising services

Table 3.43 Website Maintenance Fees	
Types of works	Cost of services, in USD/UZS
Design of a website	320
Design of an Internet shop	520
Design of corporate website and portal	from 570
Unique design	1600
Design of a static banner	from 120
Types of works	Cost of services, in USD/UZS
Design of a flash banner	from 120
Design of a flash backdrop of a website	from 100
Programming	from 400
Website promotion (in Uzbekistan) per month	from 100
Hosting (monthly)	from 3
Domain registration (per annum)	from 10
Monthly support of websites	10
Registration of secondary domains in the ".uz" zone	20 000 UZS
Registration of VPN connection point with subscriber's modem	35 000 UZS
Registration for VPN connection point with operator's modem	83 000 UZS

Table 3.44 Fees for Virtual Private Networks (VPN)					
Connection Speed	Traffic	Monthly fee, UZS			
1 mbps	unlimited	200 000			
2mbps	unlimited	300 000			
4mbps	unlimited	600 000			
6mbps	unlimited	900 000			
8mbps	unlimited	1200 000			
10mbps	unlimited	1500 000			
20mbps	unlimited	3000 000			

Source: http://bcc.uz/en/internet-en/virtual-private-network

Table 3.45 Tariffs for Video Conference services (VCS) on terminal equipment						
Service	nnection spots					
Service	2 spots	5 spots	9 spots	12 spots		
Subscription fee	1 010 400	2,526,200	4 547 100	6 062 900		
Paid time limit (min) 60						
Payment for full / incomplete overlimit minute	6,300	18,900	39900	48400		

Table 3.46 Tariffs for IPTV services				
0	Subscription fee (60	Subscription fee (60 channels), UZS		
Services offered to:	Basic	IPTV-10*		
Individuals	5000	18500		
Legal entities	12000	22000		

Telecommunications services (8/9)

Services	Cost (UZS)
Software installation and setting up for windows	
nstallation of Windows OS 2000/2003/2008 Server	42,000
nstallation and setting-up of Active Directory	650,000
nstallation and setting-up of File-server	377,650
nstallation and setting-up of Proxy-server	700,000
nstallation and setting-up of FTP-server	300,000
nstallation and setting-up of DHCP-server (MSExchange)	250,000
oftware installation and setting up for linux services	
nstallation of Linux OS	210,000
nstallation and setting-up of File-server	300,000
nstallation and setting-up of Proxy-server	420,000
nstallation and setting-up of FTP-server	300,000
nstallation and setting-up of DNS-server	300,000
nstallation and setting-up of DHCP-server	250,000
nstallation and setting-up of WEB-server	150,000
nstallation and setting-up of SAMBA	180,000
nstallation and setting-up of mail server(qmail, Sendmail, Postfix)	130,000
nstallation of server on Linux OS and setting-up as a gate	300,000
etting-up Linux OS platforms	Negotiable
connecting computers to local area network	
connection of network equipment	42,000
nstallation and setting-up of ADSL modem in the bridge mode	42,000
nstallation and setting-up of ADSL modem in the router mode	38,000
nstallation and setting-up of ADSL modem + WI-FI	45,000
nstallation and setting-up of wireless Wi-Fi hotspot	52,000
nstallation and setting-up of Wi-Fi wireless router	63,000
nstallation and setting-up of switchboard (Level 2 OSI)	80,000
nstallation and setting-up of routing switchboard (Level 3 OSI)	120,000
onnection of one workstation to the network	20,000
intry of a new workstation into domain and setting-up of Internet gate	32,000
biagnostics and fixing problems with ADSL data transmission line (Depending on complexity of works)	from 42000 to 84000

Source: www.sks.u	ız, www.interce	decorporation	.gl.uz
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Table 3.48 Digital TV*				
	Subscription fee** (UZS)			
	Econom plus (10 channels)	Standart (14 channels)	Mix (32 channels)	Mix T2 (45 channels)
Individuals	10,000	12000	18,000	18500
Legal entities	-	16000	21,500	22000

Source: http://uzdtv.uz/ru/faq

Telecommunications services (9/9)

Table 3.49 Brand promotion services	
Services	Cost of services, in USD
Conducting preliminary market studies	from 3000 to 4000
Design of corporate brand-book (trademark, logo, slogan, corporate font, letterhead, business cards, envelopes, folders, etc.)	from 4000 to 5000
Design of creative concept (strategy of public positioning of a brand, logo, or a slogan)	from 5000
Design of PR materials (1 page, A4 format)	from 100
Design of corporate identity for presentation products (logo, letterhead, pens, T-shirts, caps, backpacks, notepads)	from 1200
Conducting focus group studies (8-10 respondents)	from 1000

Table 3.50 Wide Format Printing Services	
Services	Cost of services, 1 m2/UZS
Banner print	12 000-14 500
Oracal print	22 000
Vinyl print	25 000– 35 000
Backprint	52 000

Table 3.51 Outdoor advertising	
Dantel of atmostores	Cost of rent al, USD / month
Rental of structures	Tashkent
3 x 6 m billboard	150-200
8 x 18 m megaboard	500-600
Flag structure, 0.9 x 2.75 m, 2 sides	80
Firewall, roof structure, m2	800
Light box, 6 x 3 m	300
Light box, 2 x 0.5 m (standard)	65
Prismavision display, 3 x 6 m	250-300
Bus stops, 1.2 x1.8 m	150-350
MUPI (city format)	150
Street banner 1.2 x 8m	25

Table 3.52 Advertising on outdoor LED screens				
Screen locations	Number of demons	Number of demonstrations Cost of placement, 1 day/USD		/USD
ocieen locations	per day	10 sec	15 sec	20 sec
Intersections of major streets of Tashkent	300	20	20 - 30	-
Intersections of major streets in administrative centers of regions	300	20	25	30
Placement of text advertisements (for individuals)	18, 12	12	12	-
Design of advertising video (depending on complexity)	-	100	150	225





Social and household services (1/4)

Professional development

In Uzbekistan there is 11-year schooling (starting at the age of 6-7): primary school (grades 1-4), basic school (grades 5-9), then there is a choice to continue studies at school (grades 10-11) or apply for vocational colleges and academic lyceums (last two years). Education at public basic schools is free. There are many private pre-school institutions and several international schools with tuition fees.

Higher education system is also public and oers two-tiers of education on undergraduate and postgraduate level. There is a system of state scholarships and tuition fee-based education (bank loans are also available). There are several international universities in Tashkent, which oer international education programs.

Table 4.1 Fees for top universities in Tashkent		
Tuition fee, per annum*		
University	Bachelor degree	Master degree
National University of Uzbekistan named after Mirzo-Ulugbek, in thousands of UZS	7800	8500
University of World Economy and Diplomacy	22 000	24 000
Tashkent State University of Law	9 782	11 005
Tashkent State University of Economics, in thousands of UZS	9400	10 700
Tashkent State Finance Institute	9500	10 800
Akfa university	58 000	-
Westminster International University in Tashkent, in thousands of UZS	30 000	44 991
TEAM University	38 350	-
Webster University	36151	38 733
Management Development Institute of Singapore in Tashkent, in thousands of UZS	29994	51 264
Turin Polytechnic University in Tashkent	28 500	-
Puchon University	34 085	-
Amity University	30 000	50 000
INHA University in Tashkent, in thousands of UZS	30 750	51 645
YEOJU Technical Institute in Tashkent	26 000	-
Branch of the Moscow State University named after M. Lomonosov	52 230	49 579
Branch of Russian University of Economics named after Plekhanov in Tashkent, in thousands of UZS	25 500	27 500
Branch of Russian State University of Oil and Gas named after Gubkin in Tashkent, in thousands of UZS	6 244	-

^{*} Payment is made in UZS based on the exchange rate of the Central Bank of Uzbekistan on the payment day.

Table 4.2 Fees for educational courses		
Course	Number of hours	Cost, thousand UZS
1C-Accounting (in groups)	12	700
Corporate Crisis Management	36	700
Business Manager	36	1500

Social and household services (2/4)

Course	Number of hours	Cost, thousand UZS
Microsoft office courses	9	405
Accounting and tax reporting courses	9	346
Annual shareholders' meeting: Practical issues of preparation, convening and holding		
Accounting Policy courses	10	276
Courses on developing a business plan	48	1000
Corporate and Financial Management	140	4500
Auditing course	96	2500
tax consultant course	165	5000
Law courses	80	1500
Training of valuation experts	600	6,000
Training of realtors	600	6,000
Advanced language courses (English, German, French, Korean)	18	550

 $Source: \underline{https://etz.uz/ru/kursv/bukhqalteriva}; \underline{https://glotr.uz/kursv-menedzment-turizma-p271212/}; \underline{https://kursv.uz/course/business/kelajak-ilmi}; \underline{https://uztraining.uz/en/}; \underline{https://uztraining.uz/en/}; \underline{http://www.naaa.uz/index.php/en/raspisanie/stoimost}; \underline{https://training-center.uz/uchebnyy_kurs_ocenka_imuschestva}.$

Table 4.3 Medical services and Health	
Services	Cost of services, thousand UZS
Counseling by Doctors	50 - 200
Counseling of otolaryngologist	30
Counseling of neurologist	58
Counseling of dentist	50
Counseling of therapist	25-40
Detailed ECG	42339
6-channel electrocardiography	25
Ultrasound	16.5
Echocardiography	46.4
Gastroscopy	20
Electroneuromyography of the facial nerve	34.5
Coronagraphy. KAG	394
Balloon angioplasty of lower limb arteries	933
Colono Fibroscopy (diagnostic)	171
Therapy	67
Manual therapy	43
Darsonval	16.3
Electrophoresis with medication	42
Laser magnetic therapy	46
Physiotherapy (electrophoresis + laser)	40
Electro Sleep	17
Courses price lists of private clinics in Tachkant (https://gloty.uz/lov.	200405/ https://optimo.du.m/sophi.ug/ugi thos//glataum/konsultonia nouvenatalaga n 272465/

Source: price lists of private clinics in Tashkent (https://qlotr.uz/or-p269495/; https://qlotr.uz/uslugi-terapevta-p291209/; <a

Social and household services (3/4)

Table 4.4 Sports and Fitness services	
Service	Cost, thousand UZS/1 hour
Motordrome	8
Swimming pool	15
Billiard	15
Martial arts	45778
Bowling (per line)	45
Ice rink	40
Shooting range	25-60
Tennis	11 70
Workout gym	15 - 50
Fitness	16 - 50
Mini football field	50

Source: http://vot.uz/article/2019/08/26/lokomotiv-anhor; https://pools.uz/news/37-articles/225-basseyni; http://vot.uz/article/2019/08/23/zabivayem; https://glotr.uz/uslugi-tennisnyh-kortov-v-taskente/.

Table 4.5 Public catering			
Type of Business	Breakfast	Average bill per person, in UZS Business lunch	Dinner
Bistro	15000-30000	25000-40000	25000-40001
Café	20000-30000	18500-40000	18500-40000
Catering	12000-18000	18500-40000	18500-40000
Restaurant	50000-95000	50000-70000	18500-40000
Fast food	15000-40000	30000-45000	30000-45000

Source: https://mvday.uz/eda/obzor-zavtraki-v-tashkente ; https://www.afisha.uz/restaurants/2013/06/25/biznes-lanchi-vtashkente/

Table 4.6 Public transportation fares in Tashkent city	
Service	Cost, in UZS
Taxi	
Within the city:	
Minimum fare in Tashkent up to 5 km	8400
Delivery of goods up to 5 km	8400
For every 1 km, above minimum distance of 5 km	1080
Waiting for the client, 1 min.	400
Outside the city limits:	
One-way fare (1 km)	1080
Round trip (1 km)	1080
Bus, metro, tram, shuttle mini-bus	
One trip	1200
Monthly pass (bus + tram)	100,000
Suburban train	
Tashkent – Guliston	15000-25000
Tashkent – Angren	20000-35000

Source: https://taxi.vandex.uz/?lang=ru#index

Social and household services (4/4)

Table 4.7 Hotel accommodation		
Type of hotel	Average declared rate per night, in USD	
Type of flote.	Single	Double
Tashkent		
5-star hotel	from 150	from 200
4-star hotel	100-150	130-200
3-star hotel	40-60	60-80
B&B	17-30	20-50
Samarkand		
4-star hotel	60-85	95-120
3-star hotel	40-90	65-110
B&B	30-50	35-60
Bukhara		
4-star hotel	45-70	60-95
3-star hotel	35-60	50-75
B&B	20-25	25-35
Andijan		
3-star hotel	25-40	50-75
B&B	15-40	20-50

Source:https: www.booking.com

Table 4.8 Utility fees (as of October 1, 2020)						
Services	Unit of measurement	Cost, UZS				
Electricity for household needs (incl VAT)	1 kWh	250				
Electricity for households of apartment blocks with electric stoves (incl VAT)	1 kWh	125				
Natural gas for households with gas meters	10 m3	320				
Hot water supply (excluding VAT)	1 m3	4332				
Central heating (excluding VAT)	sq.m.	1463.53				
Potable water	1 m3	850				
Solid waste collection	per person/month	3900				

^{*} Tariffs for Tashkent. Source: <u>www.e-kommunal.uz</u>

Minimum daily rate					
thousand UZS	in USD				
150	14.5				
100	9.5				
75	7.2				
150	14.5				
120	12				
0.55	0.055				
150	14.5				
70	6.8				
50	4.8				
120	12				
150	14.5				
	thousand UZS 150 100 75 150 120 0.55 150 70 50 120				

Source: https://iibb.uz/en/menu/rilash-hizmati





Regions of Uzbekistan (1/15)

Table 5.1	Distance	between	the cities	in Uzbeki	istan (km)								
City	Tash	And	Bukh	Gul	Jizz	Qar				Sam	Ter	Fer	Urg
Tash	-	447	616	118	203	558	509	432	1255	354	708	419	1119
And	447	-	784	375	421	668	669	67	1342	516	892	73	1566
Bukh	616	784	-	485	363	161	125	778	558	268	434	749	503
Gul	118	375	465	-	106	353	354	369	1027	201	557	340	1001
Jizz	203	421	363	106	-	247	248	415	921	95	471	386	916
Qar	558	668	161	353	247	-	241	662	719	152	273	663	664
Nav	509	669	125	354	248	241	-	663	383	153	477	634	610
Nam	432	67	778	369	415	662	663	-	1336	510	886	85	1552
Nuk	1255	1342	558	1027	921	719	683	1336	-	826	992	1307	136
Sam	354	516	268	201	95	152	153	510	826	-	376	481	765
Ter	708	892	434	577	471	273	477	886	992	376	-	857	937
	419	73	749	340	386	633	634	85	1307	481	857	-	1538
Urg	1119	1566	503	1001	916	664	610	1552	136	765	937	1538	-

Regions of Uzbekistan (2/15)



TASHKENT CITY

Territory: 334.8 sq. km.

Administrative center: Tashkent is the capital of Uzbekistan

Districts: Bektemir, Mirobod, Mirzo Ulugbek, Sergeli, Olmazor, Uchtepa, Shaykhontohur,

Yashnobod, Chilonzor, Yunusobod, Yakkasaroy.

Khokimiat of Tashkent city

Address: 100066, Islam Karimov street 51, Chilanzar district, Tashkent, Uzbekistan

City Hall Hours - Open to the Public: 9:00 a.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed Saturday, Sunday and Legal Holidays.

Office Tel: 71-210-03-36

Press - service of the Tashkent City Hall (Hokimiyat) Tel: 71-210-01-63

Email: umumiybolim@tashkent.uz, murojaatlar@tashkent.uz

Website: www.tashkent.uz

Chamber of Commerce and Industry

Address: Block 6, 4, Amir Temur street, Tashkent city **Tel./ Fax:** 0-371 233-51-46, 236-78-45, 233-72-80

E-mail: th@chamber.uz
Website: www.chamber.uz

Table 5.2 Tashkent city					
Indicators	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Average annual number of permanent residents, thousand persons	2,393	2,424	2,464	2,509	2,571
Number of workforce, thousand persons	1,441.30	1,445.40	1,454.10	1,466.30	1,469.40
GRP in current prices, billion UZS	26,178.70	33,118.20	40,720.40	54,694.30	74,527.60
Sectoral composition of GRP, in %:					
- Manufacturing	27.9	27.7	29.6	30.3	31.9
- Construction	7.0	6.3	6.7	8.7	8.9
- Retail and Catering	16.0	18.5	17.4	15.8	14.4
- Transportation and Communications	15.0	13.6	14.7	14.3	12.0
- Taxes	12.1	11.4	10.5	9.8	12.7
- Other	22.0	22.5	21.1	21.1	20.2
Investments into fixed assets in actual prices, billion UZS	6,854.60	9,268.90	13,573.70	26,435.70	30,834.90

Regions of Uzbekistan (3/15)



REPUBLIC OF KARAKALPAKSTAN

Territory: 166,6 thousand sq.km.

Capital: Nukus city

Districts: Amudarya, Beruniy, Qorauzak, Kegeyli, Qonlikol, Qongirot, Moynoq, Nukus, Takhtakopir, Tortkol, Khojayli,

Chimboy, Shumanay, Ellikqala.

Council of Ministers

Address: 112 I.Karimov guzari st., Nukus, 230100 **Tel./ Fax:** (+99861) 222-97-84 (+99861) 222-98-22

E-mail: info@parliamentrk.gov.uz
Website: www.joqargikenes.uz

Chamber of Commerce and Industry

Address: 112 Amir Temur st, Nukus

Tel./ Fax: (99861) 770-71-01 E-mail: gr@chamber.uz

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
1,763.0	1,791.0	1,817.0	1,842.0	1,869.0
1,091.4	1,105.1	1,115.9	1,127.0	1,129.8
6,227.1	8,036.0	10,243.0	15,009.4	18,735.7
13.3	20.0	25.3	28.8	28.1
33.4	30.1	27.2	26.7	24.8
8.8	6.6	6.1	6.4	7.6
6.9	6.6	6.0	5.0	4.7
7.1	8.8	7.6	6.2	5.4
3.8	5.0	6.2	8.2	9.2
26.7	23.0	21.6	18.6	20.1
6,021.2	3,778.3	2,822.0	6,757.8	7,023.8
	1,763.0 1,091.4 6,227.1 13.3 33.4 8.8 6.9 7.1 3.8 26.7	1,763.0 1,791.0 1,091.4 1,105.1 6,227.1 8,036.0 13.3 20.0 33.4 30.1 8.8 6.6 6.9 6.6 7.1 8.8 3.8 5.0 26.7 23.0	1,763.0 1,791.0 1,817.0 1,091.4 1,105.1 1,115.9 6,227.1 8,036.0 10,243.0 13.3 20.0 25.3 33.4 30.1 27.2 8.8 6.6 6.1 6.9 6.6 6.0 7.1 8.8 7.6 3.8 5.0 6.2 26.7 23.0 21.6	1,763.0 1,791.0 1,817.0 1,842.0 1,091.4 1,105.1 1,115.9 1,127.0 6,227.1 8,036.0 10,243.0 15,009.4 13.3 20.0 25.3 28.8 33.4 30.1 27.2 26.7 8.8 6.6 6.1 6.4 6.9 6.6 6.0 5.0 7.1 8.8 7.6 6.2 3.8 5.0 6.2 8.2 26.7 23.0 21.6 18.6

Regions of Uzbekistan (4/15)



ANDIJAN REGION

Territory: 4,3 thousand sq.km. **Administrative center:** Andijan city

Districts: Andijan, Asaka, Baliqchi, Buloqboshi, Bo'z, Jalolquduq, Izboskan, Markhamat, Oltinko'l, Pakhtaobod,

Ulugnor, Khojaobod, Shahrikhon, Qorgontepa, Khonobod.

Khokimiyat

Address: 239 Abdurauf Fitrat st.,

Andijan, 170120 **Tel.:** 0 (374) 223-30-31 **Fax:** (99874) 223-28-25 **E-mail:** qabulhona@andijan.uz

Website: www.andijan.uz

Chamber of Commerce and Industry Address: 122 Navoi st., Andijan Tel./ Fax: (99874) 298-1101, E-mail: an@chamber.uz

Table 5.4 Andijan region					
Indicators	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Average annual number of permanent residents, thousand persons	2,857	2,910	2,962	3,011	3,066
Number of workforce, thousand persons	1,788.1	1,801.4	1,813.7	1,827.4	1,830.8
GRP in current prices, billion UZS	13,474.60	15,628.20	19,206.00	26,503.00	32,897.20
Sectoral composition of GRP, in %:					
- Manufacturing	16.2	11.2	14.0	22.4	21.8
- Agriculture	47.5	50.2	50.0	44.6	43.5
- Construction	4.5	4.5	4.2	4.8	5.3
- Retail and Catering	6.6	7.5	7.2	6.3	5.9
- Transportation and Communications	6.5	7.8	7.3	5.7	5.0
- Taxes	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.4	3.5
- Other	16.5	16.5	15.1	13.8	15.0
Investments into fixed assets in actual prices, billion UZS	1,956.5	2,188.5	2,986.0	4,711.9	6,085.3

Regions of Uzbekistan (5/15)



BUKHARA REGION

Territory: 40,32 thousand sq.km. **Administrative center:** Bukhara city

Districts: Bukhara, Vobkent, Jondor, Kogon, Olot, Peshku, Romitan, Shorkon, Qorovulbozor, Qorako'l, Gijduvon, city

of Kogon.

Khokimiyat

Address: 1 Muminov st., Bukhara, 200100

Tel.: 998-65 224-41-10 Fax: 998-65 224-05-95 E-mail:info@buxoro.uz Website: www.buxoro.uz

Chamber of Commerce and Industry Address: 1a, Mustaqillik, Bukhara Tel./ Fax: (99865) 770-1101

E-mail: bx@chamber.uz

Table 5.5 Bukhara region					
Indicators	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Average annual number of permanent residents, thousand persons	1,785	1,815	1,843	1,870	1,894
Number of workforce, thousand persons	1,128	1,136	1,145	1,149	1,150
GRP in current prices, billion UZS	11,817	13,780	16,504	21,158	26,695
Sectoral composition of GRP, in %:					
- Manufacturing	14.2	14.0	12.3	12.6	16.1
- Agriculture	44.5	43.5	46.7	47.3	42.2
- Construction	7.8	7.2	6.8	7.5	7.2
- Retail and Catering	7.0	7.9	7.4	7.1	6.5
- Transportation and Communications	6.2	7.3	7.1	6.2	5.5
- Taxes	6.8	7	6.8	6.3	8.3
- Other	13.5	13.1	13.0	13.0	14.2
Investments into fixed assets in actual prices, billion UZS	4,075.9	5,922.9	11,613.4	9,610.9	10,366.6

Regions of Uzbekistan (6/15)



JIZZAKH REGION

Territory: 21,2 thousand sq.km. **Administrative center:** Jizzakh city

Districts: Arnasoy, Bakhmal, Do'stlik, Jizzakh, Zarbdor, Zafarobod, Zomin, Mirzacho'l, Pakhtakor, Yangiobod, Forish,

G'allaorol.

Khokimiyat

Address: 64 Sh. Rashidov st., Jizzakh, 130000

Tel.: (998 72) 226-30-90 Fax: (998 72) 226-04-84 Email: <u>info@jizzax.uz</u> Website: <u>www.jizzax.uz</u>

Chamber of Commerce and Industry

Address: 63 Sh. Rashidov st., Jizzakh

Tel./ Fax: (99872) 771-7101 E-mail: <u>jz@chamber.uz</u>

Table 5.6 Jizzakh region					
Indicators	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Average annual number of permanent residents, thousand persons	1,250.0	1,276.0	1,300.0	1,324.0	1,352.0
Number of workforce, thousand persons	1,822.7	1,851.7	1,875.3	1,897.6	1,903.3
GRP in current prices, billion UZS	6,318.3	7,347.7	9,148.1	12,074.7	15,211.9
Sectoral composition of GRP, in %:					
- Manufacturing	8.1	9.4	9.1	9.6	10.4
- Agriculture	56.7	55.4	57.6	57.1	54.2
- Construction	5.4	5.5	5.0	5.8	6.3
- Retail and Catering	6.0	6.8	6.4	6.5	6.0
- Transportation and Communications	5.6	5.4	5.1	4.1	3.6
- Taxes	2.1	2.1	2.6	3.0	4.5
- Other	16.2	15.5	14.3	13.9	14.9
Investments into fixed assets in actual prices, billion UZS	1,304.9	1,449.7	1,788.2	3,606.3	7,900.9

Regions of Uzbekistan (7/15)



KASHKADARYA REGION

Territory: 28,6 thousand sq.km. **Administrative center:** Qarshi city

Districts: Dehqonobod, Kasbi, Kitob, Koson, Mirishkor, Muborak, Nishon, Chiroqchi, Shahrisabz, Yakkabog, Qamashi,

Qarshi, Guzor.

Khokimiyat

Address: 1 Mustaqillik square, Qarshi, 180100

Tel.: (71) 200-55-05, (75) 221-07-60

Fax: (75) 221-13-40

E-mail: info@qashqadaryo.uz
Website: www.qashqadaryo.uz

Chamber of Commerce and Industry

Address: 3 Mustaqillik st., Qarshi, Tel./ Fax: 0-375 226-00-35

E-mail: qd@chamber.uz

Table 5.7 Kashkadarya region					
Indicators	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Average annual number of permanent residents, thousand persons	2,958.9	3,025.6	3,088.9	3,148.4	3,213.1
Number of workforce, thousand persons	1,822.7	1,851.7	1,875.3	1,897.6	1,903.3
GRP in current prices, billion UZS	16,519.1	19,163.3	22,633.4	27,962.2	36,470.1
Sectoral composition of GRP, in %:					
- Manufacturing	28.0	26.6	24.5	25.8	28.8
- Agriculture	35.4	37.7	40.4	38.2	33.8
- Construction	5.6	5.9	5.4	5.9	5.7
- Retail and Catering	5.5	5.9	5.7	5.7	5.1
- Transportation and Communications	4.5	5.5	5.2	4.5	4.1
- Taxes	5.9	4.3	4.9	5.5	7.2
- Other	15.1	14.1	13.8	14.5	15.4
Investments into fixed assets in actual prices, billion UZS	5,894.7	7,304.4	11,175.3	16,518.5	14,804.8

Regions of Uzbekistan (8/15)



NAVOI REGION

Territory: 110,9 thousand sq.km. **Administrative center:** Navoi city

Districts: Konimekh, Navbahor, Navoi, Nurota, Tomdi, Uchquduq, Khatirchi, Qiziltepa.

Khokimiyat

Address: 77a Islom Karimov st., Navoi, 210100,

Tel.: 0 (436) 229-6206 Fax: 0(436)229-62-80 E-mail: info@navoi.uz Website: www.navoi.uz

Chamber of Commerce and Industry

Address: 33 Memorlar st., Navoi Tel./ Fax: (998436) 770-3101 E-mail: nv@chamber.uz

Table 5.8 Navoi region					
Indicators	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Average annual number of permanent residents, thousand persons	913.2	927.9	942.8	958.0	979.5
Number of workforce, thousand persons	577.3	581.0	585.1	592.4	594.2
GRP in current prices, billion UZS	10,207.9	11,581.9	14,232.2	22,132.2	36,685.2
Sectoral composition of GRP, in %:					
- Manufacturing	44.5	45.2	46.2	54.0	64.8
- Agriculture	26.3	26.4	27.7	22.8	16.2
- Construction	4.5	4.4	4.1	4.4	4.4
- Retail and Catering	4.8	5.8	5.4	4.3	3.1
- Transportation and Communications	6.3	4.1	4.0	2.9	1.9
- Taxes	2.8	3.4	2.7	3.3	3.0
- Other	10.8	10.7	9.9	8.3	6.6
Investments into fixed assets in actual prices, billion UZS	1,809.1	2,963.2	3,977.9	10,579.5	13,155.2

Regions of Uzbekistan (9/15)



NAMANGAN REGION

Territory: 7,4 thousand sq.km.

Administrative center: Namangan city

Districts: Kosonsoy, Mingbuloq, Namangan, Norin, Pop, Turaqorgon, Uychi, Uchqorgon, Chortoq, Chust,

Yangiqorgon.

Khokimiyat

Address: 57 . Istiqlol st. Namangan, 160100

Tel.: (0-369) 227-07-22, 227-12-25

Fax: (0-369) 227-07-22 E-mail: namvilhok@umail.uz Website: www.namangan.uz

Chamber of Commerce and Industry

Address: 7 Usmon Nosir st. Namangan city

Tel./ Fax: (99869) 223-1101 E-mail: na@chamber.uz

Table 5.9 Namangan region					
Indicators	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Average annual number of permanent residents, thousand persons	2,554.2	2,603.4	2,652.4	2,699.5	2,752.9
Number of workforce, thousand persons	1,611.0	1,626.2	1,640.4	1,656.0	1,659.9
GRP in current prices, billion UZS	10,254.4	12,184.1	14,501.2	18,046.0	23,239.0
Sectoral composition of GRP, in %:					
- Manufacturing	10.4	11.1	11.6	12.9	14.4
- Agriculture	48.6	46.8	48.0	46.4	43.2
- Construction	4.4	4.7	4.7	5.6	6.6
- Retail and Catering	6.7	8.5	7.7	7.5	6.8
- Transportation and Communications	6.0	6.7	6.7	5.9	5.2
- Taxes	2.6	2.2	2.4	2.7	3.9
- Other Source: SCS (2019)	21.2	20.0	18.8	18.9	19.8

Regions of Uzbekistan (10/15)



SAMARKAND REGION

Territory: 16,8 thousand sq.km.

Administrative center: Samarkand city.

Districts: Bulungur, Jomboy, Ishtikhon, Kattaqorgon, Narpay, Nurobod, Oqdaryo, Payariq, Pastdargom, Pakhtachi,

Samarkand, Toyloq, Urgut, Qoshrabot, city of Kattaqorgon.

Khokimiyat

Address:1 Kok saroy st., Samarkand

Tel./ Fax: 0 (366) 230-47-77, 0 (366) 235-20-18

E-mail: qabulxona@samarkand.uz; murojaat@samarkand.uz

Website: www.samarkand.uz

Chamber of Commerce and Industry

Address: №58, A.Navoi st., Samarkand

Tel./ Fax: (99866) 210-1101 E-mail: <u>sn@chamber.uz</u>

Table 5.10 Samarkand region					
Indicators	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Average annual number of permanent residents, thousand persons	3,514.7	3,583.9	3,651.7	3,720.0	3,798.9
Number of workforce, thousand persons	2,150.8	2,173.2	2,194.7	2,218.6	2,224.5
GRP in current prices, billion UZS	17,572.4	21,830.0	25,569.8	31,233.5	37,593.9
Sectoral composition of GRP, in %:					
- Manufacturing	12.1	12.4	13.0	15.3	15.3
- Agriculture	51.8	51.4	51.7	49.2	46.5
- Construction	5.1	4.5	4.2	4.8	4.9
- Retail and Catering	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.4	6.3
- Transportation and Communications	5.2	7.5	7.5	6.8	6.2
- Taxes	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.8	3.0
- Other	17.7	16.2	15.7	15.7	17.8
Investments into fixed assets in actual prices, billion UZS	3,237.2	3,623.5	4,384.2	7,061.4	7,173.6

Regions of Uzbekistan (11/15)



SURKHANDARYA REGION

Territory: 20,1 thousand sq.km. **Administrative center:** Termez city

Districts: Angor, Boysun, Denov, Jarqorgon, Qiziriq, Qumqorgon, Muzrabot, Oltinsoy, Sariosiyo, Termiz, Uzun,

Sherobod, Shurchi.

Khokimiyat

Address: 1 at - Termiziy sq., Termez

Tel.: +998 (76) 224-00-15 Fax: (99876) 222-7019 E-mail: <u>gov@sdv.uz</u>

Website: https://www.surxondaryo.uz/

Chamber of Commerce and Industry

Address: 1 F.Hodzhaeva st., Termez

Tel./ Fax: (99876) 770-8101 **E-mail:** <u>sd@chamber.uz</u>

Indicators	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Average annual number of permanent residents, thousand persons	2,358.3	2,411.5	2,462.3	2,514.2	2,569.9
Number of workforce, thousand persons	1,458.9	1,480.6	1,499.3	1,519.7	1,524.8
GRP in current prices, billion UZS	10,558.2	11,546.0	13,702.2	17,802.0	22,349.3
Sectoral composition of GRP, in %:					
- Manufacturing	9.7	9.2	7.9	6.8	7.6
- Agriculture	36.4	31.4	38.9	51.6	48.9
- Construction	9.3	7.7	7.5	7.1	7.8
- Retail and Catering	11.1	9.8	10.7	9.9	9.4
- Transportation and Communications	11.5	11.3	6.8	4.7	4.2
- Taxes	3.4	2.9	3.5	3	3.9
- Other	18.6	27.7	24.7	16.9	18.2
Investments into fixed assets in actual prices, billion UZS	1,843.6	2,142.4	3,551.0	7,240.6	5,519.1

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Regions of Uzbekistan (12/15)



SYRDARYA REGION

Territory: 4,28 thousand sq.km. **Administrative center:** Gulistan city.

Districts: Boyovut, Guliston, Mirzaobod, Oqoltin, Saykhunobod, Sardoba, Sirdaryo, Khovos, Shirin city, Yangiyer city.

Khokimiyat

Address: 60 Mustaqillik st., Gulistan, 120100 **Tel.:** (367) 225-07-78, +99898 305 72 14

Fax: (99867) 225-3431

E-mail: <u>oashurmatov@sirdaryo.uz</u>
Website: <u>www.sirdaryo.uz</u>

Chamber of Commerce and Industry Address: 35 Mustaqillik st., Gulistan

Tel./ Fax: (99867) 221-1101 E-mail: <u>sr@chamber.uz</u>

Table 5.12 Syrdarya region					
Indicators	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Average annual number of permanent residents, thousand persons	777.0	790.6	803.0	815.9	829.9
Number of workforce, thousand persons	489.0	494.2	499.5	505.8	507.4
GRP in current prices, billion UZS	4,742.2	5,717.0	6,432.2	8,066.3	10,477.7
Sectoral composition of GRP, in %:					
- Manufacturing	17.9	21.5	20.2	21.7	24.0
- Agriculture	49.5	47.8	48.4	43.6	39.3
- Construction	4.6	4.3	3.8	5.6	6.2
- Retail and Catering	5.3	5.0	5.3	5.3	4.7
- Transportation and Communications	4.5	4.6	4.8	4.2	3.6
- Taxes	2.9	3.0	3.8	5.6	7.6
- Other	15.3	13.8	13.7	14.0	14.6
Investments into fixed assets in actual prices, billion UZS	1,083.3	1,322.9	1,628.0	2,699.3	4,060.5

Regions of Uzbekistan (13/15)



TASHKENT REGION

Territory: 15.2 thousand sq.km. **Administrative center:** Tashkent city

Districts: Bekobod, Buka, Bostonliq, Zangiota, Oqqorgon, Ohangaron, Parkent, Piskent, Chinoz, Yuqori Chirchiq, Yangiyul, Urta Chirchiq, Qibray, Quyi Chirchiq, city of Olmaliq, city of Angren, city of Bekobod, city of Chirchiq

Khokimiyat

Address: 90, Tashkent yuli st., Nurafshon city, Tashkent 110500

Tel.: 232-80-58, 232-80-63 **Fax:** 0 370 76 21-988

E-mail: devonxona@toshvil.uz
Website: www.toshvil.uz

Chamber of Commerce and Industry

Address: 4 / 68 Aviasozlar st., Tashkent

Tel./ Fax: (99871) 150-9101 E-mail: <u>tv@chamber.uz</u>

Table 5.13 Tashkent region					
Indicators	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Average annual number of permanent residents, thousand persons	2,758.3	2,794.1	2,829.3	2,861.2	2,898.5
Number of workforce, thousand persons	1,704.8	1,711.3	1,716.4	1,723.0	1,724.7
GRP in current prices, billion UZS	21,051.8	22,729.6	27,847.6	38,774.3	50,117.8
Sectoral composition of GRP, in %:					
- Manufacturing	27.4	29.7	32.4	39.7	44.0
- Agriculture	33.6	33.3	32.4	28.5	22.9
- Construction	3.3	3.2	2.9	3.4	4.3
- Retail and Catering	7.8	8.0	7.5	6.6	5.9
- Transportation and Communications	10.4	7.4	6.9	5.3	4.6
- Taxes	5.4	5.9	6.1	5.9	7.1
- Other	12.1	12.4	11.7	10.6	11.1

Regions of Uzbekistan (14/15)



FERGHANA REGION

Territory: 6.8 thousand sq.km.

Administrative center: Ferghana city.

Districts: Bagdod, Beshariq, Buvayda, Dangara, Yozyovon, Oltiariq, Qoshtepa, Rishton, Sokh, Toshloq, Uchkoprik,

Ferghana, Furqat, Uzbekistan, Quva, city of Kokand, Margilan, city of Quvasoy.

Khokimiyat

Address: 15 Alisher Navoi st., Ferghana

Tel.: (0373) 244 05 23 Fax: (0373) 244 05 23 E-mail: info@ferghana.uz Website: www.fergana.uz

Chamber of Commerce and Industry

Address: 58 B.Margilony, Ferghana

Tel./ Fax: 0-373 230-78-42, **E-mail:** <u>fa@chamber.uz</u>

Table 5.14 Ferghana region					
Indicators	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Average annual number of permanent residents, thousand persons	3,444.9	3,505.3	3,564.8	3,620.2	3,683.3
Number of workforce, thousand persons	2,160.5	2,176.0	2,189.8	2,205.3	2,209.2
GRP in current prices, billion UZS	15,698.7	17,290.9	19,837.5	26,611.5	32,943.3
Sectoral composition of GRP, in %:					
- Manufacturing	18.3	18.8	18.7	19.5	23.0
- Agriculture	37.2	35.7	36.6	38.5	33.6
- Construction	4.7	4.8	4.5	4.9	5.5
- Retail and Catering	7.1	8.2	8.2	7.5	7.2
- Transportation and Communications	8.0	8.0	8.0	6.5	5.8
- Taxes	5.3	4.7	4.9	5.1	5.2
- Other	19.4	19.8	19.1	18.0	19.7
Investments into fixed assets in actual prices, billion UZS	2,542.3	2,643.6	2,954.5	5,539.1	7,040.1

Regions of Uzbekistan (15/15)



KHOREZM REGION

Territory: 6.1 thousand sq.km. **Administrative center:** Urgench city.

Districts: Bogot, Gurlan, Qoshkopir, Urgench, Khiva, Khonqa, Shovot, Yangiariq, Yangibozor, Khazorasp.

Khokimiyat

Address: 29 al Khorezmi st., Urgench, 220100

Tel.: (0362) 223 00 06, Fax: (0362) 223 00 06 E-mail: <u>info@xorazm.uz</u> Website: <u>www.xorazm.uz</u>

Chamber of Commerce and Industry

Address: 18A Yoshlik st., Urgench **Tel./Fax:** (99862) 770-5101

E-mail: xz@chamber.uz

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Table 5.15 Khorezm region					
Indicators	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Average annual number of permanent residents, thousand persons	1,715.6	1,746.9	1,776.7	1,804.9	1,835.7
Number of workforce, thousand persons	1,068.7	1,083.2	1,096.2	1,108.9	1,112.1
GRP in current prices, billion UZS	8,473.4	9,766.1	11,457.2	15,242.5	19,136.5
Sectoral composition of GRP, in %:					
- Manufacturing	11.3	10.2	11.6	13.0	14.1
- Agriculture	48.7	50.3	49.0	49.0	45.6
- Construction	6.2	5.6	5.4	5.5	6.1
- Retail and Catering	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.4
- Transportation and Communications	6.7	7.9	7.8	6.3	5.4
- Taxes	3.0	2.6	2.9	3.3	4.4
- Other	18.6	18.0	17.8	17.3	18.8
Investments into fixed assets in actual prices, billion UZS	1,531.5	1,560.5	2,175.9	3,013.8	3,819.4





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Useful Contacts

The Ministry of Investments and Foreign Trade of the Republic of Uzbekistan

Address: 1, Islam Karimov Street, Tashkent, 100029

Tel.: +998 (71) 238-50-00, Helpline: +998 (71) 238-50-05 E-mail: info@mift.uz; mift@exat.uz

Website: www.mift.uz

The Chamber of Commerce and Industry of the Republic of Uzbekistan

Address: 4 Amir Temur st., 100047

Tel.: (99871) 150-6006, Fax: (99871) 232-0903 E-mail: info@chmaber.uz Website: www.chamber.uz

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Uzbekistan

Address: 3, Amir Temur st., Tashkent, 100000

Tel.: +998 71-233-80-98 Fax: +998 71-239-15-17 E-mail: info@mfa.uz Website: www.mfa.uz

The Ministry for Development of Information Technologies and Communications of the Republic of Uzbekistan

Address: 4, Amir Temur Avenue, Tashkent city, 100047

Tel.: (998 71) 238-41-59 Fax: (998 71) 239-87-82 E-mail: <u>info@mitc.uz</u> Website: <u>www.mitc.uz</u>

The Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Uzbekistan

Address: 29, Istiklol st., Tashkent city, 100017 **Tel.**: (998 71) 239-12-52, (998 71) 239-15-69

Fax: (998 71) 244-56-43 E-mail: info@mf.uz Website: www.mf.uz

The Ministry of Justice of the Republic of Uzbekistan

Address: 5, Sayilgoh st., Tashkent city, 100047 **Tel.**: (0371) 207-04-43; (+998 71) 233-13-05

Fax: (+998 71) 233-48-44 E-mail: info@minjust.gov.uz Website: www.minjust.uz

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List of organizations under the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of Uzbekistan

ARBITRATION COURT under CCI - Review of civil, legal and economic disputes of any complexity between legal entities including foreign companies; enforcement of the rulings of Arbitration Court

CENTER FOR DEVELOPMENT OF ARBITRATION - Public attestation of arbiters and certification of existing arbitration courts; conducting trainings and seminars for arbiters

CENTER OF EXPERT ASSESSMENT AND CLEAN PRODUCTION - Trainings and consulting to reduce the cost of products of companies; trainings, consulting and facilitation of implementation of international standards ISO 9001 and ISO 14001

"BUSINESS MONITORING GROUP" UNITARY ENTERPRISE - Rapid support to business entities at the time of inspections of their operations by supervisory bodies; explaining existing regulations for conducting the inspections

"SSP-MAROQAND" UNITARY ENTERPRISE - Development of software and information support for websites; development of software products; electronic trading

"CHAMBER BUSINESS SOLUTIONS" UNITARY ENTERPRISE - Consulting on all issues of doing business; Possibility of rapid communication with experts of any agency and companies of Uzbekistan.

"CENTRAL ARCHIVE OF CCI OF UZBEKISTAN" LLC - Scientific and technical processing and storage of documents

"BUSINESS CONSULTANT" MAGAZINE - Publication of materials for counseling small and private businesses; advertising and information materials

Exchanges

TASHKENT REPUBLICAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Address: 109, Mustagillik avenue, Tashkent

Tel.: +998 71 267-18-23 Fax: +998 71 267-18-23 E-mail: <u>info@uzse.uz</u> Website: <u>www.uzse.uz</u>

UZBEK REPUBLICAN COMMODITIES EXCHANGE

Address: 77 Bobur st., Tashkent, 100090

Tel.: (+998 71) 207 0033 Fax: (+998 71) 213 3319 E-mail: info@rtsb.uz Website: www.uzex.uz

UZBEK REPUBLICAN CURRENCY EXCHANGE

Address: 4 Sh. Rashidov st., Tashkent

Tel.: +998 71 238-68-37 Fax: +998 71 237-61-36 E-mail: info@uzrvb.uz Website: www.uzrvb.uz

REPUBLICAN UNIVERSAL AGROINDUSTRIAL EXCHANGE

Address: 18 Kushbegi st., Tashkent, 100022

Tel.: +998 71 250 52 04(06,21)
Fax: (+99871) 250-1005
Email:info@exchange.uz
Website: www.exchange.uz

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Banks

CENTRAL BANK OF UZBEKISTAN

Address: 6, Islam Karimov st., Tashkent, 100001

Tel.: (+998 71) 212-62-05 Fax: (+998 71) 233-35-09 E-mail: info@cbu.uz Website: www.cbu.uz

National Bank for Foreign Economic Activity of the Republic of Uzbekistan

Address: 101, Amir Temur Ave., Yunusabad district,

Tashkent, 100084,
Tel.: +998 78 147-15-04
Fax: +998 78 148-00-10
E-mail: info@nbu.uz
Website: www.nbu.uz

Joint-Stock Commercial People's Bank of the Republic of Uzbekistan

Address: 46, Katartal s., Chilanzar district, Tashkent, 100096

Tel.: +998 71-200-00-55 Fax: +998 (71) 210-20-02 E-mail: info@xb.uz Website: www.xb.uz

Joint-Stock Commercial Bank "Asaka"

Address: 67, Nukus str., Mirabad district, Tashkent, 100015

Tel.: (+99871) 200-55-22 Fax: (+99871) 120-82-47 Email: office@asakabank.uz Website: www.asakabank.uz

Joint-Stock Commercial Bank "Asia Alliance Bank"

Address: 2A, Makhtumquli street, Tashkent, 100047

Tel.: 71-289-42-42, 71-231-60-04

Fax: (+99871) 289-64-44 Email: info@aab.uz Website: www.aab.uz

Joint-Stock Company "Poytaxt bank"

Address: 55, Islam Karimov str., Chilanzar dstr.,

Tashkent, 100063,

Tel.: + (998 71) 214 20 00 Fax: + (998 71) 245 33 44 Email: info@poytaxtbank.uz Website: www.poytaxtbank.uz

Joint-Stock Commercial Mortgage Bank "Ipoteka Bank"

Address: 30, Shahrisabz Street, Tashkent, 100000

Tel.: +998 (78) 150-89-56
Fax: +998 (78) 150-98-25
E-mail: info@ipotekabank.uz
Website: www.ipotekabank.uz

Joint-Stock Commercial Bank "Uzpromstroybank"

Address: 3, Shahrisabz Street, Tashkent, 100084,

Tel.: +998 71-200-43-43, 78-120-45-01

Fax: +998 71 200 43 43 E-mail: info@uzpsb.uz Website: www.uzpsb.uz

Joint-Stock Commercial Bank "Agrobank"

Address: 43, Mukimi str., Tashkent, 100096

Tel.: +998 71 203 88 88 **Fax:** +998 71 150 53 95

E-mail: headoffice@agrobank.uz
Website: www.agrobank.uz

Joint-Stock Commercial Bank "Qishloq Qurilish Bank"

Address: 18A, Navoi str., Tashkent, 100011

Tel.: +998 78 150-39-93, 150-93-39

Fax: +998 78 150-93-39 Email: <u>headoffice@ggb.uz</u>

Website: www.gishloggurilishbank.uz

Joint-Stock Commercial Turon Bank

Address: 4a, Abay str., Shaykhantakhur district,

Tashkent, 100011

Tel.: (+998 95) 144-60-00 Fax: (+998 71) 244-88-65 Email: info@turonbank.uz Website: www.turonbank.uz

Joint-Stock Commercial Microcreditbank

Address: 14, Lutfi street, Tashkent, 100096

Tel.: (+998 71) 202-99-99
Fax: (+998 71) 273-05-90
Email: info@mikrokreditbank.uz
Website: www.mikrokreditbank.uz

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Joint-Stock Commercial "Alogabank"

Address: 4, Amir Temur Ave., Mirabad district,

Tashkent, 100047

Tel.: (+998 71) 230-77-77 Fax: (+998 71) 233-47-10 E-mail: info@aloqabank.uz Website: www.aloqabank.uz

Joint-Stock Innovation Commercial Bank "Ipak Yuli"

Address: 2, Abdulla Kadyri str., Yunusabad district,

Tashkent, 100017

Tel.: +998 78 140 69 00

Fax: +998 78 140 78 00

E-mail: info@ipakyulibank.uz

Website: www.ipakyulibank.uz

Joint-Stock Commercial Bank "Kapitalbank"

Address: 7, Sayilgokh str., Yunusabad district,

Tashkent, 100047

Tel.: (+998 71) 200-15-15
Fax: (+998 71) 232-26-07
E-mail: info@kapitalbank.uz
Website: www.kapitalbank.uz

Joint-Stock Commercial Bank "Invest Finance Bank"

Address: 1, Shevchenko str., Mirabad district,

Tashkent, 100029
Tel.: (99871) 202 50 60
Fax: (99871) 202 50 70
Email: info@infinbank.com
Website: www.infinbank.com

Joint-Stock Commercial Bank "Tenge Bank"

Address: 66, Parkent street, Yashnabod district,

Tashkent, 100007
Tel.: +99871 2038899
Fax: +99871 2030065
Email: info@tengebank.uz
Website: www.tengebank.uz

Joint-Stock Commercial Bank "TBC Bank"

Address: 118/1, Amir Temur str., Tashkent, 100084

Tel.: +998 78 777 27 27 Email: contact@tbcbank.uz Website: www.tbcbank.uz

Joint-Stock Company "ANOR BANK"

Address: 5, Shahrisabz Street, Tashkent, 100000

E-mail: info@anorbank.uz Website: www.anorbank.uz

Private Joint-Stock Bank "Trustbank"

Address: 7, Navoi str., Shaykhantakhur district,

Tashkent, 100011

Tel.: (+998 78) 140-00-88
Fax: (+998 71) 244-76-61
E-mail: info@trustbank.uz
Website: www.trustbank.uz

Private Joint-Stock Commercial Bank Turkistan

Address: 48 a, Zargarlik str., Uchtepa District,

Tashkent, 100208

Tel.: (998 71) 200 00 08

Fax: (998 71) 276 16 31

E-mail: info@turkistonbank.uz

Website: www.turkistonbank.uz

Private Joint-Stock Commercial Bank

"Davr Bank"

Address: 17B, Shimoly Olmazor str., Almazar district

Tashkent, 100057
Tel.: +998 71 207-40-40
Fax: +998 71 248-35-10
Email: info@davrbank.uz
Website: www.davrbank.uz

Joint-Stock Company "Ravnaq-bank"

Address: 2, Furkat str., Shaykhantakhur district,

Tashkent, 100021

Tel.: (+99871) 202-33-33

Fax: (+99871) 202-03-33

Email: info@ravnaqbank.uz

Website: www.ravnaqbank.uz

Private Closed Joint-Stock Commercial Bank

"HI-TECH BANK"

Address: 15A, Shaxrisabz str., Mirabad district

Tashkent, 100060

Tel.: +998 (78) 150 3366

Email: info@htb.uz

Website: www.htb.uz

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Private Closed Joint-Stock Commercial Bank "Orient Finans"

Address: 5, Osiyo str., Mirzo-Ulugbek district,

Tashkent, 100052 Tel.: +998 71 200-88-99 E-mail: info@ofb.uz Website: www.ofb.uz

Private Joint-Stock Commercial Bank "Universal Bank"

Address: Shokhrukhabad str., Kokand, Ferghana region,

150700

Tel.: +998 (71) 200-11-10 Fax: +998 73 542-05-78 E-mail: info@universalbank.uz Website: www.universalbank.uz

Private Joint-Stock Commercial "Madad Invest Bank"

Address: 312, Mustaqillik str., Ferghana region, 150118

Tel.: 0 (373) 241-70-32

E-mail: info@madadinvestbank.uz Website: www.madadinvestbank.uz

Joint-Stock Commercial Bank with foreign capital "HAMKORBANK"

Address: 85, Bobur shoh str., Andijan region, 170119

Tel.: 0 800 1 200 200 Fax: (99871) 202 50 70

Email: contact@hamkorbank.uz Website: www.hamkorbank.uz

Joint-Stock Commercial Bank with foreign

capital "Savdogar"

Address: 78, Said Baraka str., Tashkent, 100060

Tel.: (99871) 200-27-00

Email: info@savdogarbank.uz Website: www.savdogarbank.uz

Joint-Stock Company "KDB Bank Uzbekistan"

Address: 3, Bukharo Str., Tashkent, 100047

Tel.: (+998 78) 120-80-00 Fax: +99878-120-69-70 Email: info@kdb.uz Website: www.kdb.uz

Joint-Stock Company "ZIRAAT BANK UZBEKISTAN"

Address: 15 ABV, Bunyodkor Avenue, Tashkent,

100043

Tel.: (+998 78) 147-67-67 Fax: (+998 71) 273-90-51 E-mail: info@ziraatbank.uz Website: www.ziraatbank.uz

Bank Saderat Tashkent

Address: 10, Fidokor str., Tashkent, 100060

Tel.: (998-71) 252-11-61, 252-68-49 E-mail: contact@saderatbank.uz Website: www.saderatbank.uz

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Leasing companies

JSC UZBEKLEASING INTERNATIONAL

Address: 1 Beshyogoch st. (4th oor), Tashkent, 100066

Tel.: (+998 71) 120-02-02
Fax: (+998 71) 140-37-74
E-mail: uzlease@sarkor.uz
Website: www.uzbekleasing.com

UZAVTOSANOAT LIZING LLC

Address: 8 Nukus st., Tashkent Tel.: 254-85-12; 254-85-17(18) Fax: 267-41-24. 254-8531 Email: info@autoleasing.uz

Website: uzlk.uz

UZ AGROLEASING LTD.

Address: 42A Bobur st., Tashkent,

Tel.: (71) 207-77-12 **Fax:** (71) 207-30-41

E-mail: info@agroleasing.uz
Website: http://www.agroleasing.uz/

website: nttp://www.agroleasing.t

"ASAKA-TRANS-LEASING" LLC

Address: 9 Muqumi st, Tashkent, 100100

Tel.: (78) 1203959, (90) 8083959

Fax: (78) 1203959
E-mail: info@atl.uz
Website: http://www.atl.uz/

"INFIN LEASING" LLC

Address: 10 Fidokor st, Tashkent, 100060

Tel.: (78) 1405000, (97) 9115000

Fax: (78) 1405007

E-mail: info@infinleasing.uz
Website: http://infinleasing.uz/

"ARTUM LEASING GROUP" LLC

Address: 10 Fidokor st, Tashkent, 100060

Tel.: (78) 1405000, (97) 9115000

Fax: (78) 1405007

E-mail: info@infinleasing.uz
Website: http://infinleasing.uz/

Valuation companies

"BUSINESSTANDART" LLC

Address: 17, 7th SAYRAM (former ERKIN MUMINOV St.)

pass., Tashkent, 100170 Tel.: +998 (71) 150-1515 Fax: (+998 71) 268-0295

E-mail: <u>business_standart@mail.ru</u>
Website: <u>www.business-standart.uz</u>

" MASTER EXPERT" LTD.

Address: 6A Bunyodkor st., Tashkent

Tel.: +998 71 200-32-32
Fax: +998 71 245-05-80
Email:info@masterexpert.uz
Website: http://masterexpert.uz/

"UHY APPRAISERS" LTD.

Address: 25 Amir Temur st., Tashkent,

Tel.: +998 71 209 22 47
Fax: +998 71 209 91 05
E-mail: appraisers@uhy-uz.com

Website: http://www.uhy-appraisers.uz/

"GRANT THORNTON VALUATION" LTD.

Address: 1A ABAY st, Tashkent, 100011

Tel.: (+998 (71) 244 47 45 **Fax:** (78) 1203959 **E-mail:** audit@uz.gt.com

Website: https://www.grantthornton.uz

WEST CONSULT LTD.

Address: 9\4 Kichik Khalka yuli st, Tashkent,

100022

Tel.: (78) 1405000, (97) 9115000

Fax: (78) 1405007

Website: www.westcom.uz

"DISKONT-INVEST" LTD.

Address: 100 Furkat st, Kokand city, Fergana region

Tel.: (94) 5580444, (91) 2057658

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Insurance companies

AGROINVESTSUG'URTA

6 Luty st., Tashkent Tel.: 273-7486

KAFOLAT

5 Mustaqillik Ave., Tashkent

Tel.: 239 -4886

ALFA INVEST

41 Buyuk Turon st., Tashkent

Tel.:120-6800

KAPITAL SUG'URTA

44 Mahatma Gand ist., Tashkent

Tel.: 237-8899

ALSKOM

109 Amir Temur st., Tashkent

Tel.: 273 80 05

O'ZAGROSUG'URTA

5 Mustaqillik sq., Tashkent

Tel.: 239 10 65

GROSS INSURANCE

6, psg 1 A. Temur str., Tashkent, 100000 Uzbekistan

Tel.: 1166

APEX INSURANCE

154A, BUYUK IPAK YULI str.,, 100077, Tashkent

Tel,: +998 (71) 203 08 08 / 1188

ASIA INSURANCE

34a S. Baraka st., Tashkent

Tel.: 233 11 11

O'ZBEKINVEST

2 A. Qodiriy st., Tashkent,

Tel.: 235 78 01

TEMIRYO'L - SUG'URTA

30 Movarounnahr st., Tashkent

Tel.: 236 01 36

O'ZBEKINVEST HAYOT

68 Lisunov estate 4, Tashkent

Tel.: 252 78 48

INGO-UZBEKISTAN

112 Zulyakhonim st., Tashkent

Tel.: 150 99 99

UVT-INSURANCE

52/1 S. Azimov st., Tashkent

Tel.: 233 74 24

Certifying bodies

UZBEKEKSPERTIZA OJSC

Address: 51 Parkent st., Tashkent, 100007

Tel.: (99871) 238-5357 **Fax:** (99871) 140-0920

E-mail: uzbekexpert@yahoo.com

Bar Coding Center

Address: 9 Chopon ota st., Tashkent, 100059

Tel.: (99871) 253-80-70 **Fax:** (99871) 253-80-70 **E-mail:** biserovkamil@mail.ru

Uzbek Agency of Standardization, Metrology and

Certification (Uzstandard Agency)

Address: 333 Farobiy st., Tashkent, 100049 **Tel.:** (99871) 244-96-01, 396-85-07, 396-19-61

Hotline: 393-16-13

Fax: (99871) 244-80-28, 244-80-31

Website: www.standart.uz E-mail: uzst@standart.uz

Research Institute of Standardization, Metrology and Certification

Address: 9 Chopon ota st., Tashkent, 100059

Tel.: (99871) 362-85-67, 362-80-55

Fax: (99871) 362-85-55 Website: www.smsiti.ilim.uz E-mail: smsiti@uzsci.net

Republican Center of Testing and Certification

Address: 333 Forobiy st., Tashkent, 100049

Tel.: (99871) 150-63-53, Fax: (99871) 150-63-54 Hotline: (99871) 114-37-80 E-mail: sertcenter@standart.uz

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Center of National Etalons (CNE)

Address: 333 Forobiy st., Tashkent, 100049

Tel.: (99871) 249-35-08, **Fax:** (99871) 249-35-08 **E-mail:** nscenter@standart.uz

Headquarters, Bureau for Export Promotion

Address: 333A Farobiy st., Tashkent, 100049

Tel.: (99871) 249-38-39 **E-mail:** export@standart.uz

Center of Metrology Services

Address: 333 Forobiy st., Tashkent, 100049 **Tel.:** (99871) 150-26-03, Hotline: 150-26-12

Fax: (99871) 150-26-15 **E-mail:** metrolog@sarkor.uz

"GS1 Uzbekistan" Association

Address: 6 Bukhara st., Tashkent, 100047

Tel.: (99871) 236 71 31, **Fax**: (99871) 236 79 46 **Website**: www.gs1uz.org **E-mail:** info@gs1uz.org

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Useful Links

Services	Responsible Agency	Website
Receipt, registration and consideration of citizens' inquiries	Cabinet of Ministers, state agencies and state-owned corporations, local authorities	www.gov.uz www.my.gov.uz
Providing information on state services and functions rom the Registry of state services	Cabinet of Ministers, state agencies and state-owned corporations, local authorities	www.gov.uz www.my.gov.uz
Receipt, registration and consideration of applications for admission to pre-school, and general secondary education institutions	Ministry of Development of Information Technologies and Communications of Uzbekistan	www.uzedu.uz
Receipt, registration and consideration of applications for admission to pre-school, and general secondary education institutions	Ministry of Public Education	www.uzedu.uz
Providing access to the combined electronic catalog and full-text electronic databases	National Library of Uzbekistan named after Alisher Navoi, Ministry of Development of Information Technologies and Communications of Uzbekistan	www.natlib.uz www.ccitt.uz
Receipt, registration and review of applications for receiving a certificate of tax inspectorates about absence of tax liabilities.	State Tax Committee	www.solig.uz
Implementation of the mechanism of state registration of business entities (except for credit institutions) with the use of electronic digital signature	Chamber of Commerce and Industry, State Tax Committee, Ministry of Justice, Ministry of Development of Information Technologies and Communications of Uzbekistan, Council of Ministers of Karakalpakstan, khokimiats of regions and Tashkent city	www.chamber.uz www.soliq.uz www.minjust.uz www.ccitt.uz www. gov.uz
Receipt, registration and review of applications to obtain the status of a customs broker	State Customs Committee	www.customs.uz
Declaring goods by business entities for customs clearance	State Customs Committee	www.customs.uz
Receipt, registration and review of applications for state registration of the property rights	State Committee on Land Resources, Geodesy, Cartography, and Cadastre	www.ygk.uz

Appendix I (10 / 10)

Services	Responsible Agency	Website
Receipt, registration and review of applications to obtain qualifications certificate of a real estate agent	State Committee for Privatization, Demonopolization and Promotion of Competition of Uzbekistan	www.gkk.uz
Receipt, registration and review of requests related to insurance services	National Exports-Imports Insurance company "Uzbekinvest"	www.uzbekinvest.uz
Booking and selling air tickets of "Uzbekistan Airways" lights	Uzbekistan Airways	www.uzairways.com
Booking and sales of electronic train tickets of "Uzbekistan Railways"	"Uzbekistan Railways" State Joint-stock Company	www.uzrailway.uz
Creating opportunity for prompt payment for utility and other fees, as well as enabling access to personal accounts of users of these services	Utility service providers, commercial banks	www.cbu.uz
Providing opportunity to search for vacant jobs and information related to employment of job seekers	Ministry of Labor and Social Protection of Population	www.mehnat.uz
Search for pharmaceutical drugs from the State Register	Ministry of Health	www.minzdrav.uz
Search for information on health institutions and private medical clinics	Ministry of Health	www.minzdrav.uz
Search for information on cultural and sports institutions	Ministry of Culture and Sports	www.mcs.uz
Receipt, registration and review of complaints about violation of consumer rights	State Committee for Privatization, Demonopolization, and Promotion of Competition	www.gki.uz
Providing information on registered objects of intellectual property	Agency on Intellectual Property	www.ima.uz
Receipt, registration and review of requests for verification of wages, record of work, training and awards	"Uzarchive" Agency	www.archive.uz

Appendix II (1/5)

List of technological equipment exempt from customs duty and VAT at importation to the territory of Uzbekistan

Table 5.17 List of technolog	gical equipment exempt from customs duty and VAT at importation to the territory of Uzbekistan
HS Code	Brief title of the commodity
7304 11 000	Pipes for oil and gas pipelines
7304 22 000, 7304 23 000, 7304 24 000, 7304 29	Casing, tubing and drill pipes for drilling oil or gas wells
8401 10 000 0 – 8401 30 000 0	Nuclear reactors; equipment and apparatus for isotope separation
8402 11 000 – 8402 20 000 9	Steam boilers or other steam generating boilers; water boilers with a superheater
8403 10 100 0	Central heating boilers made of cast iron
8404 10 000 0 – 8404 20 000 0	Auxiliary equipment for use with boilers of 8402 or 8403, condensers for steam-water or other steam power plants
8405 10 000 0	Gas-generators or water gas generators, with or without purifiers
8406 10 000 0 – 8406 82 000 0	Water steam turbines and other steam turbines
8410 11 000 0 – 8410 13 000 0	Hydraulic turbines, water wheels and regulators
8412 10 000 – 8412 80 800 0	Engines and power plants
8413 40 000 — 8413 60 800 0, 8413 81 — 8413 82	Liquid pumps, with/without flow measure unit; liquid elevators
8414 10, 8414 40, 8414 80	Air or vacuum pumps
8415 81 001 0	Industrial air conditioners with automatic temperature and humidity control for maintaining a microclimate in special production rooms
8417 10 000 0 - 8417 80 700 0	Hearth and furnaces, industrial or for labs
8418 61 00 – 8418 69 000	Refrigerators, freezers, heat pumps
8419 (except 8419 11, 8419 19, 8419 81, 8419 90)	Machines, industrial and laboratory equipment with electric and non-electric heating for processing materials in a processes with a change in temperature
8420 10	Calenders or other roller machines
8421 11 000 0 - 8421 39 (except 8421 12, 8421 23, 8421 31 and household water filters)	Centrifuges, including centrifugal dryers; equipment and devices for filtering or purifying gases and liquids

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HS Code	Brief title of the commodity
8422 20 000 – 8422 40 000	Machinery for cleaning and drying bottles or other vessels; Equipment for filling, sealing bottles, cans, closing boxes; equipment for packing or wrapping;
8423 20 000 0 — 8423 30 000 0, 8423 82 100 0	Equipment for weighing of goods, including counting or checking machines, operated by the weight of the measured load
8426 11 000 0 - 8426 12 000 0, 8426 20 000 0 (except for tower cranes carrying capacity up to 20 tons), 8426 30,000 0 - 8426 99,000 0	Ship's derricks; cranes, including cable cranes; mobile lifting farms, straddle carriers and trolleys equipped with a crane
8427	Forklift trucks; other forklifts equipped with a lift and handling equipment
8428 (except for elevators, used in civil engineering)	Machinery for lifting, moving, loading and unloading; other
8429 (except 8429 11 009 0 - other crawler bulldozers with a capacity of less than 200 hp; 8429 51 990 0 - other single-bucket front loaders, with a bucket volume less than 5 cubic meters; 8429 52 100 9 - other caterpillar excavators with a bucket volume of less than 2 cubic meters; 8429 52 900 0 - other full-revolving machines with a bucket volume of less than 5 cubic meters.)	Bulldozers with straight blade and angle blade, graders, levelers, road rollers, self-propelled
8430	Machinery and other mechanisms for leveling, compaction, excavation or drilling of soil; equipment for piling and extraction of piles; plow and rotary snow blowers
8434 10 000 0, 8434 20 000 0	Milking installations and machines, equipment for milk processing
8437 10 000 0, 8437 80 000 0	Machines for cleaning, sorting or grading seed, grain or dried legume crops, machinery used in the milling industry
8438 10 - 8438 80 (except 8438 80 100 0)	Equipment for industrial preparation or manufacturing food products or drinks, or for the extraction or preparation of animal fatty substance or non-volatile oils
8439 10 000 — 8439 30 000 0	Equipment for manufacturing pulp from fibrous cellulosic material or for manufacture of paper or finishing paper or cardboard
8440 10	Bookbinding equipment, including machines for stitching book blocks
8441 10 — 8441 80 000 0	Equipment for production of paper pulp, paper or cardboard, including different types of cutting machines, etc.

Appendix II (3 / 5)

HS Code	Brief title of the commodity
8443 11 000 0 —8443 19	Printing machines, auxiliary machines used in the printing process
8444 00	Machines for extruding, drawing, texturing or cutting artificial textile materials
8445	Machines for preparing textile fibers; spinning, reed or twisting machines and other machinery for producing textile yarns
8446	Weaving machines
8447 (except 8447 90)	Knitting machines, stitch-bonding machines, tufting machines
8448 11 000 0, 8448 19 000 0	Auxiliary equipment for use with machines of 8444, 8445, 8446 or 8447
8449 00 000 0	Equipment for the manufacturing or finishing of felt or non-woven materials in a piece or in a cut; doodles for making hats
8451 10 000 0 — 8451 80	Equipment for washing, cleaning, wringing, drying, ironing, pressing, bleaching, dyeing, dressing, finishing, coating or impregnating yarns, fabrics or finished textile products
8452 21 000 0, 8452 29 000 0	Sewing machines
8453 10 000 0 — 8453 80 000 0	Machinery for preparation, tanning or processing of hides, skins or leather or for manufacture or repair of footwear
8454 10 000 0 — 8454 30	Converters, ladles, molds and casting machines, used in metallurgy or foundry
8455 10 000 0 — 8455 30	Metal-rolling mills and rolls
8456	Machine tools for processing any materials by removal the material using laser or other light or photon rays
8456 8457	Machine tools for processing any materials by removal the material using laser or other light or photon rays Machining centers, modular single-station and multi-station machines, for metal processing
8457	Machining centers, modular single-station and multi-station machines, for metal processing
8457 8458	Machining centers, modular single-station and multi-station machines, for metal processing Turning lathes, metal cutting
8457 8458 8459	Machining centers, modular single-station and multi-station machines, for metal processing Turning lathes, metal cutting Metal cutting lathes, for drilling, boring, milling, outer or inner threading
8457 8458 8459 8460	Machining centers, modular single-station and multi-station machines, for metal processing Turning lathes, metal cutting Metal cutting lathes, for drilling, boring, milling, outer or inner threading Rough-grinding, sharpening, grinding, honing, lapping, polishing machines
8457 8458 8459 8460 8461	Machining centers, modular single-station and multi-station machines, for metal processing Turning lathes, metal cutting Metal cutting lathes, for drilling, boring, milling, outer or inner threading Rough-grinding, sharpening, grinding, honing, lapping, polishing machines Metal-planing machine, cross-planing, slotting machine, broaching machine
8457 8458 8459 8460 8461	Machining centers, modular single-station and multi-station machines, for metal processing Turning lathes, metal cutting Metal cutting lathes, for drilling, boring, milling, outer or inner threading Rough-grinding, sharpening, grinding, honing, lapping, polishing machines Metal-planing machine, cross-planing, slotting machine, broaching machine Machine tools for processing metals by die forging, forging or stamping
8457 8458 8459 8460 8461 8462 8463	Machining centers, modular single-station and multi-station machines, for metal processing Turning lathes, metal cutting Metal cutting lathes, for drilling, boring, milling, outer or inner threading Rough-grinding, sharpening, grinding, honing, lapping, polishing machines Metal-planing machine, cross-planing, slotting machine, broaching machine Machine tools for processing metals by die forging, forging or stamping Machine tools for processing metal or metal-ceramics, without removing material, other
8457 8458 8459 8460 8461 8462 8463	Machining centers, modular single-station and multi-station machines, for metal processing Turning lathes, metal cutting Metal cutting lathes, for drilling, boring, milling, outer or inner threading Rough-grinding, sharpening, grinding, honing, lapping, polishing machines Metal-planing machine, cross-planing, slotting machine, broaching machine Machine tools for processing metals by die forging, forging or stamping Machine tools for processing metal or metal-ceramics, without removing material, other Machine tools for processing stone, ceramics, concrete
8457 8458 8459 8460 8461 8462 8463 8464 8465 8468 10 000 0 -	Machining centers, modular single-station and multi-station machines, for metal processing Turning lathes, metal cutting Metal cutting lathes, for drilling, boring, milling, outer or inner threading Rough-grinding, sharpening, grinding, honing, lapping, polishing machines Metal-planing machine, cross-planing, slotting machine, broaching machine Machine tools for processing metals by die forging, forging or stamping Machine tools for processing metal or metal-ceramics, without removing material, other Machine tools for processing stone, ceramics, concrete Machines for processing wood, cork, bone, ebonite, hard plastics or similar hard materials
8457 8458 8459 8460 8461 8462 8463 8464 8465 8468 10 000 0 - 8468 80 000 0	Machining centers, modular single-station and multi-station machines, for metal processing Turning lathes, metal cutting Metal cutting lathes, for drilling, boring, milling, outer or inner threading Rough-grinding, sharpening, grinding, honing, lapping, polishing machines Metal-planing machine, cross-planing, slotting machine, broaching machine Machine tools for processing metals by die forging, forging or stamping Machine tools for processing metal or metal-ceramics, without removing material, other Machine tools for processing stone, ceramics, concrete Machines for processing wood, cork, bone, ebonite, hard plastics or similar hard materials Machinery and equipment for low-temperature soldering, high-temperature brazing or welding

Appendix II (4 / 5)

HS Code	Brief title of the commodity
8477 10 000 0 — 8477 80	Equipment for processing rubber or plastics or for the manufacture of products from these materials
8479 20 000 0 — 8479 89 600 9, 8479 89 970 9	Machinery and mechanical appliances with special functions
8502 13 200 0	Electric generating sets with a capacity of more than 375 kVA but not more than 750 kVA
8508 60 000 0 (only dust extractors used in production facilities)	Vacuum cleaners (except for household vacuum cleaners)
8514 10 — 8514 40 000 0	Industrial or laboratory electrical ovens and chambers
8515 21 — 8515 80	Machines and devices for electrical, laser or other luminous or photon low-temperature soldering or high-temperature brazing or welding
8449 00 000 0	Equipment for the manufacturing or nishing of felt or non-woven materials in the piece or in a cut; blanks for hats
8543 10 000 0, 8543 30 000 0	Particle accelerators, machines and apparatus for electroplating, electrolysis or electrophoresis
8601	Railway locomotives, powered by an external power source, or by battery
8602	Other railway locomotives; locomotive tenders
8604 00 000 0	Vehicles self-propelled or not self-propelled for the repair or maintenance of railway tracks
8605 00 000 0	Passenger not self-propelled railway wagons; not self-propelled baggage, postal and other special purpose wagons (excluding those included into heading 8604)
8606 10 000 0, 8606 30 000 0	All types of tank wagons; self-unloading wagons, other than those of subheading 8606 10
8701 30 000 9	Other caterpillar tractors
8702 (except 8702 10 19, 8702 10 99, 8702 90 19, 8702 90 39) - buses, intended for transportation 30 person or more, including the driver, corresponding to Euro 4 standard or higher	Motor vehicles for transportation of 30 pax or more, including the driver
8704 10 102 0, 8704 21 100 0, 8704 23 910 1, 8704 23 910 2, 8704 31 100 0, 8705 10 (except for mobile cranes with a lifting capacity of up to 50 tons), 8705 20 000 0, 8705 90 300 0, corresponding to Euro 4 standard or higher	Motor vehicles for shipping goods and special purpose vehicles
8709 11 — 8709 19	Self propelled industrial vehicles, not equipped with lifting or loading equipment used in factories, warehouses, ports or airports for transportation of goods over short distances

Appendix II (5 / 5)

HS Code	Brief title of the commodity
8905 10 900 0	Other dredgers
9011 10 900 0, 9011 80 000 0	Complex optical microscopes, including for microscopes for micro photography
9018 (except 9018 31 - 9018 39, 9018 49 100 0, 9018 90 100 0, 9018 90 500 1)	Instruments and appliances used in medicine, surgery
9022 12 000 0, 9022 29 000 0	Other apparatus based on the use of X-ray, alpha, beta or gamma radiation
9024 10 — 9024 80	Machines and equipment for testing the hardness, strength, compressibility, elasticity or other mechanical properties of materials
9026 10 — 9026 80	Instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking the flow, level, pressure or other variables of liquids or gases
9027 10 — 9027 80	Instruments and devices for physical and chemical analysis
9030 10 000 0 — 9030 89	Oscilloscopes, spectrum analyzers and other instruments and apparatus for measuring or controlling electrical parameters
9031 10 000 0 — 9031 80	Measurement or control devices, instruments, appliances and machines

Note: Exemption on customs duties and VAT are provided for new technological equipment, the HS codes of which are included in this list, and apply to the components and spare parts, provided those components and spare parts are supplied together with the new technological equipment in accordance with the single contract (agreement), and are an integral part of this equipment.

For legal purposes, the new technological equipment is the equipment, produced within 3 years prior to the date of the customs clearance under the customs regime "release for free circulation". To confirm the year of production during the clearance procedures, a technical passport of the manufacturer is provided, confirming the year of production of the imported technological equipment, or the producer's document that includes the relevant information, including the year of production.

Appendix III (1 / 20)

List of permit documents in the field of entrepreneurial activity

Please note that the respective permit documents that are subject to change pursuant to the Presidential Resolution No. 6044 are highlighted in *orange italics* and are further categorized under the asterisks as follows:

- * as types of permit documents to be abolished
- ** as types of permit documents to be abolished by the way of combining with other types of licensing activities / permit documents
- *** as types of permit documents to be obtained by the way of introducing simplified notification procedure

Table 6.2	Table 6.2 List of permit documents in the field of entrepreneurial activity		
No.	Name of the permit document (procedures)	Action and (or) Certain Activity, which requires permit document	Body, authorized to issue permit document
I. In the fi	eld of road, rail and air transport		
1	Permit for the carriage of heavy and bulky cargo, with the exception of radioactive waste of low and medium activity, by road**	Carriage of heavy and bulky cargo, with the exception of radioactive waste of low and medium activity, by road	Legal entities in charge of a certain highway, Ministry of Internal Affairs
2	Coordination of the route scheme for the transportation of heavy, bulky or dangerous goods, with the exception of radioactive waste of low and medium activity, by road**	Transportation of heavy, bulky or dangerous goods, with the exception of radioactive waste of low and medium activity, and obtaining a permit for the transportation of especially dangerous goods, with the exception of radioactive waste of low and medium activity, by road	
3	Certificate of admission of a vehicle for the carriage of dangerous goods	Transportation of dangerous goods by road	Ministry of Internal Affairs
4	Certificate of compliance of the design of a motor vehicle and (or) its part with road safety requirements*** and permission for re-equipment of motor vehicles	Re-equipment of a motor vehicle and (or) manufacture of a motor vehicle and (or) its part	
5	Automobile station passport (automobile terminal)***	Carrying out the activities of the automobile station (automobile terminal)	Ministry of Transport

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6	Expert conclusion on projects and works on acceptance into operation of facilities, products and technologies concerning their compliance with the established requirements in the field of railway transport*	Acceptance of facilities, products and technologies in the field of railway transport	Ministry of Transport
7	Coordination of technical solutions' usage in production of locomotives, freight and refrigerated trucks to extend their life service*	Extension of life services of of locomotives, freight and refrigerated trucks	Ministry of Transport of the Republic of Uzbekistan, Ministry of Transport of the Republic of Karakalpakstan, transport departments of regions and Tashkent city
8	Permission for the exit of rolling stock on public railways	The exit of rolling stock on public railways	
9	Approval of the project for the construction and reconstruction of railway sidings, as well as devices for loading, unloading and cleaning wagons and containers	Construction and reconstruction of railway sidings, as well as devices for loading, unloading and cleaning wagons and containers	Ministry of Transport of the Republic of Karakalpakstan, transport departments of regions and Tashkent city

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Certificate of Aircraft Maintenance

10	Authorization to carry out activities that may pose a threat to flight safety	Implementation of activities that may pose a threat to flight safety in the aerodrome area: construction of facilities and power lines; work, as a result of which electromagnetic, light, acoustic, corpuscular and other types of radiation arise in the air; placement of objects leading to a mass gathering of birds and wild animals (rodents) and worsening the ornithological situation, flight visibility and the state of airfield airfields; planting seedlings of tall trees in the take-off and landing zone of aircraft, as well as any other activity not directly related to the movement of material objects in airspace, but affecting the safety of flights of aircraft, other aircraft, their equipment and people on them	Civil Aviation Agency under the Ministry of Transport, Ministry of Defense
11	Air Operator Certificate	Air transportation or aerial work	
12	Certificate of civil aircraft registration	Presentation in course of obtaining civil aircraft airworthiness certificate	
13	Civil Aircraft Certificate of Airworthiness	Operation of civil aircraft in accordance with the requirements of standards and recommended practices of the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO)	Civil Aviation Agency under the Ministry of Transport
14	Noise certificate for civil aircraft	Operation of civil aircraft in accordance with the requirements of standards and recommended practices of the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO)	
15	Certificate for radio equipment of civil aircraft	Operation of civil aircraft in accordance with the requirements of standards and recommended practices of the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO)	

Aircraft maintenance

Appendix III (4/20)

II. In the	e area of trade		
17	Permit certificate for retail trade of alcoholic beverages***	Retail sale of alcoholic beverages	Special commissions under the
18	Permit certificate for the right to sell alcoholic products by public catering enterprises***	Sales of alcoholic beverages by public catering enterprises	khokimiyats of districts (cities) for the issuance of permits for the right to carry out retail trade of alcoholic beverages
19	Veterinary and sanitary conclusion on the compliance of the entity's activities for the production, storage and sale of products and raw materials of animal origin with veterinary, veterinary-sanitary rules and regulations**	Production, storage and sale of products and raw materials of animal origin	Veterinary and Livestock Development Committee of the Republic of Karakalpakstan, Veterinary and Livestock Development Administrations of regions and Tashkent city
20	Registration card of cash register with fiscal memory	The use of a cash register with fiscal memory for the sale of goods, performance of work, provision of services against receipt of cash	State Tax Committee
III. In th	e field of foreign economic activity		

21	Permit for exports, imports and transit of the cargo subject to supervision by state veterinary service through the territory of Uzbekistan	Issuance of veterinary documents for export (veterinary certificate) on the basis of veterinary requirements of importing country, issuance of veterinary documents for import (veterinary certificate) upon submission of veterinary certificate and transit of cargo under supervision of state veterinary service	State Committee for Veterinary Medicine and Livestock Development
22	Veterinary certificate (evidence)**	Exports and imports of cargo subject to supervision by state veterinary service	

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23	Quarantine permit	Import of seeds, plants and products of plant origin, and transit of cargo containing seeds, plants, and products of plant origin through the territory of Uzbekistan	State Inspection on Plant Quarantine under the Cabinet of Ministers
24	Phytosanitary certificate	Export of seeds, plant and products of plant origin	
25	License for exports and imports of specific goods	Export and import of specific goods, the list of which is established by legislation	Cabinet of Ministers
26	Report on import contract	Imports of goods (works, services)	SUE Center for Comprehensive Expertise of Projects and Import Contracts under the National Agency for Project Management under the President
27	Permission to export objects subject export control	Export of objects subject to export control	Ministry of Foreign Trade
28	Certificate for the right to export or temporary export of cultural property from the Republic of Uzbekistan	Export or temporary export of cultural property from the Republic of Uzbekistan	Ministry of Culture
29	Permission to export of certain types of products subject to decisions of the President of the Republic and the Government	Export of items and products, the export of which is carried out by decisions of the President of the Republic and the Government	Cabinet of Ministers

Appendix III (6/20)

IV. In the area of o	customs control		
30	Certificate of approval of a road vehicle for the carriage of goods under customs stamps and seals	Transportation of goods in a vehicle under customs seals and seals using TIR Carnets	State Customs Committee
31	Authorization to use TIR Carnets	Use of TIR Carnets by legal entities and individuals	State Customs Committee
V. In the area of la	abour and social protection of population		
32	Permit to hire foreign workforce*	Hiring foreign workforce	Agency for External Labor Migration under the Ministry of Employment and Labor Relations
VI. In the area of	capital construction		
33	Architectural and Planning Assignment	Development of drawings and cost estimates	
34	Coordination of design documentation with the Architectural and Urban Planning Council under the Main Directorate for Architecture and Construction in terms of its compliance with the architectural and planning assignment	Obtaining conclusion of the state examination of project documentation for fire safety and seismic resistance of the facility	
			Ministry of Construction
35	Coordination of changes in the a building's and structure's exterior	Changing the appearance of buildings and structures	
36	Permit for conversion and reconstruction of the facility**	Conversion and reconstruction of the facility without changing the volumes of building service	
37	Permit for construction and installation works	Construction and installation works	

Appendix III (7/20)

38	Conclusion of the state expertise on fire safety and seismic resistance of the facility	Obtaining a permit for construction and installation works	State expertise bodies
39	Decision on land allotment	Land use	Cabinet of Ministers, khokimiyat of the region, district (city), Tashkent city
40	Coordination of design, construction, reconstruction of buildings and structures, water supply systems, sewerage and wastewater treatment, hydraulic structures, other facilities for compliance with sanitary standards, rules and hygiene standards*	Approval of the project for the construction and reconstruction of buildings and structures, water supply systems, sewerage and wastewater treatment, hydraulic structures, other facilities for compliance with sanitary standards, rules and hygiene standards	Ministry of Health
41	Coordination of projects for the construction, reconstruction and repair of roads, road structures, railway crossings located along roads and streets of service points, gas filling stations, CNG filling stations and gas retail stations, buildings and structures, as well as vehicle structures	Approval of the project for the construction, reconstruction and repair of roads, road structures, railway crossings located along roads and streets of service points, gas filling stations, CNG filling stations and gas retail station, buildings and structures, as well as vehicle structures	Ministry of Internal Affairs
42	Expert conclusion on industrial safety	Construction, expansion, reconstruction, technical re-equipment, conservation, liquidation and operation of a hazardous production facility	Accredited expert organizations
43	Technical conditions for utilities connection	Development of an architectural and planning assignment	Municipal operating organization

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44	coordination of energy supply projects for consumer facilities with a capacity of over 10 kilowatts	installation works provided for by the agreed project of power supply (electricity and heat supply) of consumer facilities with a capacity of over 10 kilowatts	"Uzenergoinspektsiya"
45	Coordination of a project for the construction of new and reconstruction of existing enterprises related to the use of water resources and the discharge of drainage and wastewater*	Approval of the project for the construction of new and reconstruction of existing enterprises related to the use of surface waters	Ministry of Water Resources
	VII. In the Area	a of Banking, Auditing and Insurance	
	Preliminary approval for the acquisition, directly or indirectly, by individuals and legal entities or persons acting jointly, a share in the authorized capital of a bank**	Acquisition, directly or indirectly, by individuals and legal entities or persons acting jointly, including non-residents, of a share in the authorized capital of a	-

			bank, if as a result of one or several transactions amount to:	
			1) five and more percent, but not more than twenty percent;	
			2) twenty and more percent, but not more than fifty percent;	
			3) fifty or more percent.	
2	17	Preliminary approval for banks to acquire their own shares	Acquisition by banks of their own shares	-
2	18	Permission on bank reorganization	Bank reorganization	-

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49	Permission for voluntary bank liquidation	Voluntary bank liquidation	-
50	Permission for banks to open subsidiary banks and representative offices outside the Republic of Uzbekistan, create branches, participate in the capital of banks, including the creation of foreign banks	Opening of subsidiary banks and representative offices outside the Republic of Uzbekistan, establishment of branches, participation in the capital of banks, including the creation of foreign banks by the bank registered in the Republic of Uzbekistan	
			-
51	Permission for the import into the Republic of Uzbekistan and export outside the Republic of Uzbekistan of foreign and (or) national cash currency by banks***	Import into the Republic of Uzbekistan and export outside the Republic of Uzbekistan of foreign and (or) national cash currency by banks	
52	Decision on registration of a bank's branch***	Operations of bank's branch	
53	Certificate for conducting audits of banks*	Conducting audits of banks by auditing organizations	-
54	Preliminary permission for a bank to acquire shares of another bank	Acquisition by a bank of a share in another bank	Central Bank
55	Permission to receive the bank's shares in circumstances beyond the control of the recipient	Receiving the bank's shares under circumstances beyond the control of the recipient, in the following amounts: 1) five and more percent, but not more than twenty percent; 2) twenty and more percent, but not more than fifty percent; 3) fifty and more percent.	

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56	Permission to banks for outsourcing of certain types of services and operations	Transfer of certain types of services and operations by the bank to outsourcing	Central Bank
57	Permit for reorganization of an insurer	Reorganization of an insurer	
58	Approval of set of measures for financial rehabilitation of an insurer*	Financial rehabilitation of an insurer	State Agency on Insurance Market Development under of the Ministry of
59	Approval of the list of preventive measures nanced from the Reserve of preventive measures of an insur	Execution of preventive measures financed from the Reserve of preventive measures of an insurer	Finance
VIII. In the	area of natural resources management		
60	State examination report on geological materials for the subsoil plot	Obtaining a license for the right to use a subsoil plot for the construction and operation of underground facilities for the storage and disposal of waste, issued by the State Committee for Ecology	State Commission on Mineral Reserves under the State Committee for Geology
61	Decision to write off from the user's balance sheet mineral reserves that have lost their commercial importance or have not been confirmed during subsequent exploration or field development	Writing-off from the user's balance sheet mineral reserves that have lost their commercial importance or have not been confirmed during subsequent exploration or field development	
62	Decision on the advisability of assigning the right to use a subsoil plot (in whole or in part) to another person	Conclusion of an appropriate assignment agreement and issuance of a license by the relevant state authority in the name of the entity to whom the right to use a subsoil plot is assigned (in whole or in part)	State Committee for Geology and Mineral Resources, Ministry of Economy, Ministry of Finance, State Committee on Ecology and Environmental Protection, JSC "Uzbekneftegaz"

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63 License for the right to use a subsoil plot Use of a subsoil plot exploration, experir	5 5
precious metals, m precious metals, us formations, constru underground struct mining, formation o	a, artisanal mining of committee for Ecology and Environmental Protection see of man-made mineral action and operation of tures not related to of protected geological of gemstone samples, mains and other
subsoil associated with the extraction of minerals** study of subsoil relationships minerals by the own	work on the geological lated to the extraction of where of the license for the oil plot for minerals' State Committee for Geology and Mineral Resources
65 Decision on the approval of design and estimate documentation for carrying out geological exploration of the subsoil**	tion of subsoil
66 Water drilling permit Water drilling	State Committee for Geology and Mineral Resources
Approval of a technical design prepared by mining and processing enterprise for the extraction of minerals, including for the extraction of minerals and pilot industrial development of the deposit** Development of a particular allotment and mine processing of minerals and pilot industrial development of the deposit**	eral deposits and
68 Approval of the geological exploration project** Geological exploration	tion Inspectorate for Mining and Geological Activities Control under the State Committee for Geology and Mineral Resources

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69	Conclusion on the approval and coordination of the transfer of mine site (mine camp) from one category to another, as well as acts of transferring oil and gas wells into operation, abandonment and conservation	Transfer of mine site (mine camp) from one category to another, as well as acts of transferring oil and gas wells into operation, abandonment and conservation	
70	Mining allotment act**	Subsoil use on the basis of a license for the right to use a subsoil plot	
71	Approval of the mining development plan	Mining and development of mineral deposits, with the processing of mineral raw materials	Inspectorate for Mining and Geological Activities Control under
72	Permit for the right to conduct mining operations	Mining operations	the State Committee for Geology and Mineral Resources
73	Approval of the write-off from the user's balance sheet of subsoil, extracted and lost in the process of mining minerals reserves**	Writing off from the user's balance sheet mineral resources extracted and lost in the process of mining	
74	Coordination of a special project for the liquidation and conservation of an enterprise for the extraction of minerals or its part	Approval of a special project for the liquidation and conservation of a mining enterprise or a part thereof	
IX. In the	area of environmental protection		
75	Permit for the import or export of ozone-depleting substances, as well as products containing ozone-depleting substances	Import or export of ozone-depleting substances and products containing ozone-depleting substances	State Committee for Ecology and Environmental Protection

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X. In the a	rea of natural resources' management		
76	Permit for special water use or water consumption	Special water use or water use	State Committee for Ecology and Environmental Protection, Ministry of Water Resources, State Committee for Geology and Mineral Resources
77	Approval of a permit for special water use or water consumption	Obtaining a permit for special water use or water consumption	Ministry of Water Resources, Ministry of Health, State Committee for Geology and Mineral Resourcesm, SI "Sanoatgeokontekhnazorat"
78	Wildlife hunting permit	Wildlife hunting	State Committee for Ecology and Environmental Protection
79	Permission to remove from the natural environment wild animals included in the Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan	Removal from the natural environment in any form of wild animals included in the Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan	State Committee for Ecology and Environmental Protection, Academy of Sciences
80	Permission for the import and export of wild animals, as well as their parts, waste products, zoological collections, trophies, stuffed animals	Import and export of wild animals, as well as their parts, waste products, zoological collections, trophies, stuffed animals	
81	Permit for the import and export of animal and plant specimens included in Annexes I, II and III of the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES)	Import and export of specimens of animal species and specimens of plant species included in Annexes I, II and III of the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES)	State Committee for Ecology and Environmental Protection
82	Certificate of registration of breeding nursery for keeping and breeding wild animals, as well as zoological collections	Keeping wild animals in the nursery, as well as zoological collections	

Appendix III (14/20)

91	Permit to use of imported explosive materials	Obtaining a permit for the import of industrial explosives	
92	Permit for installation, repair, commissioning and operation of new explosive technological processes and equipment, as well as technical devices used at a hazardous production facility	Installation, repair, commissioning and operation of new explosive technological processes and equipment, as well as technical devices used at a hazardous production facility	SI "Sanoatgeokontekhnazorat"
93	Permission to perform adjustment work on electrical installations at facilities controlled by the SI "Sanoatgeokontekhnazorat"	Implementation of work on setting up relay protection devices, electrical automation, telemechanics and secondary circuits at facilities controlled by the SI "Sanoatgeokontekhnazorat"	
XII. In the	area of telecommunications		
94	Decision on the possibility of using radio electronic means and high-frequency devices on the territory of the Republic of Uzbekistan	Use of radio electronic means and high-frequency devices on the territory of the Republic of Uzbekistan	Republican Council on Radio Frequencies
95	Decision on the allocation of radio frequency bands for developed (modernized), manufactured and purchased abroad radio electronic means and high-frequency devices	Use of dedicated radio frequency bands by radio electronic means and high-frequency devices	
96	Permission for the acquisition (transfer), design and construction (installation) of radio electronic means and high-frequency devices	Acquisition (transfer), design and construction (installation) of radio electronic means and high-frequency devices	Radio frequency bodies defined by the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On the radio frequency spectrum"
97	Permission for the import of radio electronic means and high-frequency devices	Import of radio-electronic means and high-frequency devices	
98	Permit for the <i>operation</i> of radio electronic means and <i>high-frequency devices</i> ***	Operation of radio-electronic means and high-frequency devices	

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83	Permit for special use of flora objects	Special use of flora objects	State Committee on Ecology and Environmental Protection, State Committee on Forestry, khokimiyat of the relevant district (city)
84	Permission to remove from natural environment rare and endangered plant species included in the Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan	Removal from the natural environment of rare and endangered plant species included in the Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan	State Committee for Ecology and Environmental Protection, Academy of Sciences
85	Permission for the import and export of wild plants, their parts, including those listed in the Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan	Import and export of wild plants and their parts, including those listed in the Red Book of the Republic of Uzbekistan	State Committee for Ecology and Environmental Protection, Academy of Sciences
86	Permit for felling trees and shrubs, not included in the forest fund	Cutting tree and shrub plantations not included in the forest fund	Khokimiyat of the relevant district (city)
XI. In the	area of hazardous work		
87	Permit for the right to carry out blasting work or work with explosive materials	Blasting or working with explosive materials	
88	Permit for the production of the simplest granular and water-containing explosives at points located at the enterprises conducting blasting operations	Carrying out acceptance tests in production conditions in proximity to explosives	
89	Certificate for the purchase of explosive materials	Purchase of explosive materials	SI "Sanoatgeokontekhnazorat
90	Certificate for the operation of explosive materials' storage sites**	Submission for obtaining a permit for the right to carry out blasting operations or work with explosive materials	

Appendix III (16/20)

99	Decision on granting the right to distribute television and radio products of foreign media on the territory of the Republic of Uzbekistan	Distribution of TV and radio products of foreign mass media on the territory of the Republic of Uzbekistan	Interdepartmental Coordination Commission for the Improvement and Efficiency of Information Activities and Data Transfer
XIII. In the	area of manufacturing		
100	Permission for the import and production of specially introduced biologically active substances, new chemicals, food additives, biological agents and materials, polymer and plastics, perfumery and cosmetic products	Import and production of specially introduced biologically active substances, new chemicals, food additives, biological agents and materials, polymer and plastics, perfumery and cosmetic products	Ministry of Health
101	Permit to carry out works on chemical protection of equipment, pipelines, tanks and other containers	Carrying out works on chemical protection of equipment, pipelines, tanks and other containers	SI "Sanoatgeokontekhnazorat"
102	Veterinary and sanitary conclusion on the compliance of a specialized slaughter enterprise with veterinary, veterinary and sanitary rules and regulations**	Slaughter of animals at specialized slaughter enterprises	Departments of veterinary medicine and livestock development of districts (cities)
XV. In the	area of medical and pharmaceutical activities		
103	Registration certificate of a medicinal product, medical devices and medical equipment	Medical use of medicines, medical devices and medical equipment	Ministry of Health
XVI. In the	area of culture and sports		
104	Passport of a health and fitness or sports facility*	Operation of a health and fitness or sports facility	Ministry of Physical Culture and
105	Coaching permit*	Coaching in the territory of the Republic of Uzbekistan	Sports

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106	Permit to conduct research, surveys at cultural heritage sites and the production of scientific conservation and restoration work at cultural heritage sites	Conducting research, surveys at cultural heritage sites and the production of scientific conservation and restoration work at cultural heritage sites	
107	Special permission for the alienation or transfer from one person to another in the form of universal succession or in any other way of museum items and museum collections included in the National Museum Fund***	Alienation or transfer from one person to another in the form of universal legal succession or in any other way of museum items and museum collections included in the National Museum Fund	Department of Cultural Heritage under the Ministry of Culture
108	Certificate of registration of museum items and museum collections in the State Catalog of the National Museum Fund	Inclusion of museum items and museum collections in the National Museum Fund	
109	Approval of including cultural property to public auction (auctions)	Presentation of cultural property to public auction (auctions)	
110	One-time permission for organizing concert and entertainment event	Organizing concert and entertainment events	State institution "Uzbekconcert" under the Ministry of Culture and its territorial offices
XVII. In the	e area of circulation of precious metals and pre	cious stones	
111	Registration certificate to work with precious metals and precious stones***	Carrying out operations with precious metals and precious stones	State Assay Chamber of the Agency on Precious Metals under the Central Bank
XVIII. In th	e area of circulation of dangerous goods and s	ubstances	
112	Permission for the import or export, purchase, storage, transportation and sale of hunting and sporting weapons and ammunition	Import or export, acquisition, storage, transportation and sale of hunting and sporting weapons and ammunition to them	Ministry of Internal Affairs

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113	Permit for the import, purchase and storage of explosive materials, as well as their transportation by road and rail**	Import, acquisition and storage of explosive materials, as well as their transportation by road and rail by legal entities operating in the field of explosive materials' circulation	Ministry of Internal Affairs
114	Permission to open and operate firearms, shooting ranges, sports stands	Functioning of shooting ranges, firing ranges, sports stands	
115	Permit for the carriage of explosive materials by civil aviation aircraft	Transportation of explosives by civil aviation	Cabinet of Ministers
116	Permission for the transit of narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances and precursors through the territory of the Republic of Uzbekistan	Transit of narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances and precursors through the territory of the Republic of Uzbekistan	Ministry of Health
117	Certificate for import, export from the Republic of Uzbekistan of narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances and precursors	Import or export of narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances and precursors	
XIX. In oth	er areas		
118	Preliminary consent to the creation of associations of economic entities, to the merger and acquisition of economic entities	Creation of associations of business entities, merger and acquisition of business entities	State Committee for Promotion of Privatized Enterprises and Development of Competition
119	Preliminary consent to the acquisition of shares (stakes) in the authorized capital of an economic entity in cases established by law	The conclusion by a person, a group of persons of contracts or agreements on purchase and sale, exchange, donation, trust management and other transactions for the acquisition of shares (stakes) in the authorized capital of an economic entity in cases established by law	

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120	Permission for the temporary export of archival documents or their replacing copies that are in state ownership, as well as archival documents or replacing them with copies included in the non-state part of the National Archival Fund, outside the Republic of Uzbekistan	Temporary export of archival documents or copies replacing them, which are in state ownership, as well as archival documents or copies replacing them, included in the non-state part of the National Archival Fund, outside the Republic of Uzbekistan	Agency "Uzarchiv"
121	Permission to hold mass events**	Organization of mass events	Council of Ministers of the Republic of Karakalpakstan, regions, Tashkent city, khokimiyat of the districts (cities)
122	Coordination of permission for holding mass events of international and national importance**	Holding mass events of international and national importance	Cabinet of Ministers
123	The decision to transfer residential premises to the category of non-residential**	Commercial use of the premises	Khokimiyat of the district (city)
124	Certificate of registration of a printing company	Printing company operation	Agency of Information and Mass Communications
125	Permit for experimental use of plant protection products	Experimental application of plant protection products	Ministry of Agriculture, State Committee for Ecology and Environmental Protection, Ministry of Health
126	Permission to use existing facilities and structures located in the sanitary protection zone for economic purposes, in the event of a change in their profile	Usage of existing facilities and structures located in the sanitary protection zone for economic purposes, in the event of a change in their profile	Cabinet of Ministers
127	Mass media state registration certificate	Carrying out activities as a mass media	Agency of Information and Mass Communications
128	Registration certificate for domestic and imported veterinary medicinal products and feed additives	Production, sale, use and import of veterinary medicines and feed additives into the territory of the Republic of Uzbekistan	State Committee for Veterinary Medicine and Livestock Development

Appendix III (20/20)

129	X-ray equipment permission	Use of X-ray equipment	SI "Sanoatgeokontekhnazorat", Ministry of Health
130	Permit to conduct survey and testing of structures and technical devices used at a hazardous production facility	Conducting survey and testing structures and technical devices used at a hazardous production facility	
131	Permit to perform non-destructive testing at hazardous production facilities	Performance of work on non-destructive testing at hazardous production facilities	
132	Conclusion on the suitability of the container for the transport of dangerous goods	Obtaining a permit for the transportation of heavy and oversized or dangerous goods by road	SI "Sanoatgeokontekhnazorat"
133	Permission for installation, repair, commissioning and operation of gas pipelines and other gas-consuming facilities of the gas industry	Installation, repair, commissioning and operation of gas pipelines and other gas-consuming facilities of the gas	
134	Decision on registration of geodetic and cartographic works	Production of geodetic and cartographic works	Inspection of State Geodetic Surveillance under the State Committee for Land Resources, Geodesy, Cartography and State Cadastre
135	One-time permission for public broadcasting of the film	Public broadcasting of the film	NA "Uzbekkino"

Source: Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. 225 dated 15 August 2013